Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." $1.50 and postage per year in advance.

VOLUME XXXI. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1897. NUMBER 10.

...bria : Freeman
...s published Weekly at
...BURG, CAMBRIA CO., PENNA.,
...BY JAMES G. HASSON,

...culation. - - - - 1,200

Subscription Rates.

...ce.....$1.50
... paid within 3 months, 1.75
... paid within 6 months, 2.00
... paid within the year, 2.25

...ng outside of the county ... per year will be charged to ...

...ers will the above terms be de... ...ion consult their ... in advance must not ex... ...ed to the same notice as those who ... distinctly understood from ...

...ber before you stop it, if stop ... will make do otherwise.— ... is the short.

Advertising Rates.

The large and rapidly increasing circulation of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN commends it to the favorable consideration of those desiring to have their favors will be inserted at the following low rates:

1 inch, 3 times	$ 1.50
1 inch, 3 months	3.50
1 inch, 6 months	5.00
1 inch, 1 year	8.00
2 inches, 6 months	8.00
2 inches, 1 year	14.00
3 inches, 6 months	8.00
3 inches, 1 year	12.00
¼ column, 6 months	15.00
¼ column, 1 year	20.00
½ column, 6 months	25.00
½ column, 1 year	40.00
1 column, 6 months	40.00
1 column, 1 year	75.00

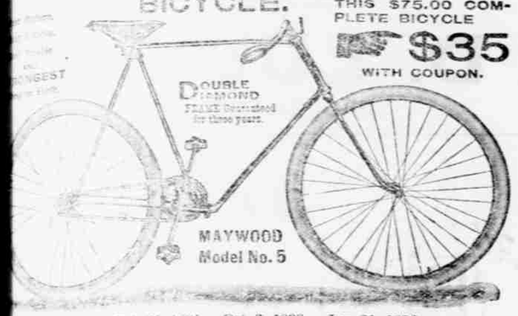
Business items, first insertion, 10c. per line subsequent insertions, 5c. per line.
Administrator's and Executor's Notices...$2.50
Auditor's Notices.....2.00
Stray and similar Notices.....2.00
☞ Resolutions or proceedings of any corporation or society and communications designed to call attention to any matter of limited or individual interest must be paid for as advertisements.
Book and Job Printing of all kinds neatly and expeditiously executed at the lowest prices. And don't you forget it.

A TRAINING IN CLEANLINESS IS A "FORTUNE." COMPLETE YOUR EDUCATION WITH

SAPOLIO

...ne Indestructible "Maywood" BICYCLE.

THIS $75.00 COMPLETE BICYCLE $35 WITH COUPON.



PATENTS ... Feb. 24, 1891 ... Oct. 3, 1893 ... Jan. 21, 1896

...d and simplest bicycle ever made. Adapted for all kinds of ... material that is solid, tough and wiry; simple in construction, ... has few parts, is of such wiry construction that its parts ... follow nothing to crush in at every contact; a frame ... that readjusting parts serve as its connecting parts; a one-piece ... always rigidly and positive reliable and rapid transportation. ... for three years. Made of the world ... of metal for its weight known; joined together with ... manner that it is impossible to break or any part work ... and durable. Has the greatest combination of ingenuity ... a frame without brazing, joints and tubing, as is known ... fracture at brazen joints, and tubes when they are buckled ... wheels warranted wood rims, piano wire tangent spokes ... pattern. TIRES—"Arlington" Hose pipe or Morgan ... some other first-class pneumatic tire. BEARINGS—Ball ... rear axle, steering head and pedals. CUPS AND ... specially tempered and hardened. CHAINS—High grade ... case-hardened one piece rank, fully adjustable. REACH—Shortest, 38 inches; longest, 46 inches. GEARS—... reversible; fork crown made from gun-barrel steel. HANDLE ... easily adjusted to any position desired; raw's horn turned ... Brown's Patent, or some other first-class make. SEATS—... bearing. FINISH—Enameled in black, with all bright parts ... with tool bag, pump, wrench and oiler. Weight, according to ... 27 to 31 pounds.

Special Wholesale Price. Never before sold ... "Maywood" Bicycle, we ... special coupon offer, giving every ... a first-class wheel at the ... in receipt of $5.00 and coupon ... above illustration. Sold only ... Money refunded if not as ... and examination. We will ship ... examination on $5.00 and coupon ... a guarantee of good faith. ... with each Bicycle. This is a ... cannot afford to let the oppor... Address all orders to

CASH BUYERS' UNION,
163 West Van Buren Street, Box 2006, CHICAGO, ILL.

Coupon No. 2066
GOOD FOR
$5.00
IF SENT WITH ORDER FOR
No. 5 Maywood ...Bicycle...

...Y CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.

...said to consumers for $1 years, ... the dealer's profit. We are the ... largest manufacturers in Amer... Vehicles and Harness this way—ship ... examination before any money is ... to buy. Sold by mail for 2 years. Why pay an agent $50 ... Write your own order. ... We take all risk of damage in ...

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Spring Wagons, $31 to $50. Guaranteed ... Surreys, $65 to $100 ... Top Buggies, ... to $45. Phætons, $66 ... to $90. Farm Wagons, Wagonettes, ... Delivery Wagons and Road ... Carts. HORSES FOR SEX, HORSES & CHILDREN.

No. 281, Surrey. $75

No. 77, Road Wagon. $26

$23.50 Single, $6 to $20. Double Buggy, $18–$25. Farm, $16 to $25.50.

No. 1, Farm Harness.

$55

Elkhart Bicycle, 28-in wheels ... pneumatic tires, ... wood rims, drop forgings ...

RIDING SADDLES and FLY NETS. ... cost, off for each ... order. Send 4c. in ... postage for 112-page catalogue.

Address W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

...VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE...

Mustard Seed and Plant Catalogue, Contains all that's New and Good, Always Reliable.

THE GUIDE and Your Choice

One packet either Wonderful Branching Aster, New Japan Morning Glory or Pansy Choice mixed for 15c

Two packets 25c., three packets 30c. Full retail price 45 cts.

Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine which tells how to Grow Plants, Flowers and Vegetables, and is up to ... subjects, for 3 months; the Guide and One packet of Seeds (named above) for 25 cents.

Every Reader Sending an Order as above will receive a Coupon good for 50 cents' worth of Seeds.

When sending mention where you saw this adv. and we will send a packet of Choice Flower Seeds free.

JAMES VICK'S SONS, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

VICK'S ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY MAGAZINE

...RTER'S ...TTLE ...IVER ...ILLS.

CURE

SICK

HEAD

ACHE

...ese little Liver Pills are ... all the troubles incident ... such as Dizziness, Nausea, ... Distress after ... While their most ... is shown in curing ... Carter's Little Liver Pills are ... regulate the liver and prevent ... but after all sick head ... they would not be will... But after all sick head ... pills cure it while ...

...ose to those who ... and those ... pills valu... will not be wil... after all sick head ... here is where ... pills cure it while ...

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and ... of two pills makes a dose. ... and do not gripe or ... action please all who ... Sold ... for $1. Sold ... by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

JOHN F. STRATTON'S

Celebrated Band Instruments and DRUMS, FIFES, Colors and Band Supplies.

JOHN F. STRATTON, 811, 813, 815, 817 E. 9th St., N.Y.

FOR ARTISTIC

JOB PRINTING

TRY THE FREEMAN.

THE FARQUHAR

PATENT VARIABLE FRICTION FEED
Best Set Works in the World.

Saw Mill & Engine

Received the Medal and Highest Award at the World's Columbian Exposition.

Warranted the best made. Shingle Mills, Machinery and Standard Agricultural Implements of Best Quality at lowest prices. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

A. B. FARQUHAR CO., Ltd., YORK, PENNA.

WANTED AGENTS

to represent the Most Complete Nurseries in America. Stock widely advertised fifty-four years; known and Wanted by every planter. That is why beginners always succeed with us, and experienced Agents double their sales and income. Now is the time to start. Write ELLWANGER & BARRY, Mt. Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N.Y.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

MY OLD FRIEND IS NOT HERE.

I hark to the harsh discordant notes
Of clamorous toil and strife,
I drag my feet through the dust and heat
Of the broad highroad of life;
Till I catch not the sound of a well-known voice—
And the road is brown and sere,
And my eyesight blears with unshed tears—
For my old friend is not here.

With a backward glance and a wave of the hand,
He has wandered far away
To a land that lies under cloudless skies—
Where the sun shines all the day;
And his form is lost in the hurrying throng
That gathers from far and near,
And I miss the grace of his kindly face—
For my old friend is not here.

But I caught a glimpse of that unknown land,
As my old friend hurried through
The outer gate, where the dear ones wait
For the pilgrim who is due;
And I know that the sun shines all the day,
That the flowers bloom all the year—
I shall miss his smile through the afterwhile,
For my old friend is not here.

—S. Q. Lapius, in Ohio Farmer.

HIS MIRACLE.

BY CARL SMITH.

The section foreman's boy, red of hair and freckled of face, offered to show him the way to the church, but he declined the proffered courtesy, preferring to walk up the railroad track until he should get tired of the jaunt, when he would stop at a cattle guard and rest, and then return in time for dinner. Church going had been an unknown quantity with him in the city, where there were great cathedrals in half a dozen different parts of the town, and he hardly saw the occasion for departing from custom simply because his exile in the little country town was so uninterestingly eventless. He started with a swinging, athletic-club stride up the line of gravel, therefore, and the section foreman's boy, palpably starchy and awkward in his Sunday clothes, went hurrying down the street from the station, his red hair crimsonly signaling his approach to the little frame church while he was yet a great distance away.

Kennedy was the new telegraph operator. He was an aspiring fellow and an intelligent one, and some day he hoped to be a train dispatcher, and possibly, after reasonable lapse of time, the superintendent of telegraph. He spent the long and lonesome nights in reading on social economics, and he knew more about the history of strange and peculiar things associated with government than almost anybody whose name or fame is now suggested to mind. He was the chief telegrapher of his division of the telegraphers' labor union, which met in the city 30 miles away, and he was the man who made the best speeches on Tuesday nights, when lodge proceedings had got as far along as the "good of the order." The others of the division thought highly of him, and usually they sent him as their lodge delegate to the sessions of the international convention. He could argue splendidly and he said he was an agnostic.

As he walked up the track this Sunday morning the Sabbath feeling seemed to rise up as though to offend against his reasoning and reasonable agnosticism. Across the fields came the mellowness of a church bell, and seeming far, far, far away, its sound was the sweeter for the distance. Over to the right a farmer's wagon was creeping along the section line road as the sleek brown horses dragged the family toward the place of worship in the town. Around the curve ahead of him there rose a quiet rumbling, and, looking to see what unexpected train was bearing down upon him, he received the hail of Michael Doolan, foreman of Section 43, several miles up the parallel line of rails, who, with his men and their women and children, was whirring along in the direction of the little parish church toward which the redheaded boy had sped several minutes before. The men were on a hand car, to which a little flat had been attached, and this flat accommodated the women and children.

"I suppose it's all right for them," Kennedy murmured, as the twin cars disappeared around the other bend of the curve, "but that isn't for me. Religion is a good enough thing—an indispensable thing, indeed, but it hasn't got around to me yet, and it never will. It's a good, handy thing to have for the purpose of swearing people in courts and impressing ignorant persons whose characters require some sort of ballast of mysticism, not only for their own comfort, but for the safety of the public. Such people, without a weight or anchorage of some kind, would rattle around annoyingly and even harmfully to others. I wish I could believe as they do. Doubtless it is a comforting thing to be as they are, but—"

And he closed his statement of opinion by picking up a stone and throwing it at a rabbit.

He walked to the cattleguard, and, resting, returned, and found he had vastly miscalculated distance and time, and that it was still very early in the day. He looked about and saw the handcar on a siding, and it suggested something to him. Kennedy prided himself on being a liberal sort of person, and the thought came to him that it would be a fair and reasonable thing for him to drop into the little church, just to show that he had really no feeling against religion. He found the white-painted structure with the cross over its queer little cupola, and, entering, took the rearmost seat. The services were nearly closing. He looked forward, over the heads of half a hundred devout worshipers, at the priest in vestments, which—although Kennedy did not know it—he had brought at great labor from the city, for the parish was too poor to support a resident pastor. He noted that the worshipers seemed to consider every movement of the begowned man as to some especial import, and genuflected and crossed themselves and murmured unintelligible utterances, which he took for prayers. It was very interesting, and in his heart he wished that reason might show him how to be as happily satisfied with the priest's teachings as were these.

"If a miracle could be enacted in those old days, why should not one be performed now?" he inquired inwardly. "Oh, no. It is all opposed to sense and science. Faith?"—for he had arrived in time to hear enough of the sermon to know that the priest had discoursed on faith—"yes, by a miracle I could have faith, but—"

His self-communion was interrupted by the sound of a silvery voice coming from the gallery above his head.

"O salutaris!" the hail rose pure and sweet—such a voice as the agnostic had never before heard. "O salutaris!" and the church was filled with the wonder of a music which caused him to think that an angel sang, quite ignoring the fact that according to his philosophy no such thing as an angel could exist. He listened as one entranced, and he left the church with his very soul brimming with the joy of that heavenly soprano.

The next Sunday he walked up the track again, but only a little way. The section foreman's boy had invited him as before to accompany him, but Kennedy hesitated, and, hesitating, was not lost. Now, however, as he again looked up at the cheery hail of the happy passengers of the handcar, he hesitated again, and this hesitation sent him churchward. He took his former seat in the rear, under the odd little choir loft, and to-day a new priest talked, and, strangely enough, of the "Miracle of Faith." As though answering a question of Kennedy's the clergyman said: "Who are the believers? The greatest of all the great in learning, statecraft and material advancement. Presidents, prime ministers, men of mighty mind accept the divinity of Christ—and if these men, wise enough to be great, and great enough to be honest, accept by faith, why should you or I cry out for a miracle to be enacted for our special behoof. There are many millions of people in the world—"

Kennedy could have told him how many.

"—and what right has one man to ask God to miraculously perform for him so that he might be hadgered and forced reluctantly into accepting what worthier, more learned men and men of infinitely greater responsibility and vaster temptation gladly and gratefully take as a boon?"

"This," thought Kennedy, "sounds reasonable, but I cannot blindly accept their belief on unsupported, unwitnessed sentiment." And as he thought upon it the voice of the soprano rose in glorification. It was what he had waited for. It filled him with great happiness. The undeserved miracle was beginning of performance.

Every Sunday after this he came in after the others and took his back seat. Her voice had sunk him almost into the acceptance toward which the reasoning of the priest was powerless to persuade. He seemed to partake of the feeling of the singer. He exulted with her in the Latin praise of the Redeemer. He learned the words, and they rose almost to his lips as she sung. What a woman she must be! What a heart of purity to well up in such witness of the might of Christian love and Christian mercy! He had never seen her, for he was an agnostic, and he could not yield the stubbornness of his unbelief to ask about her or to even wait in the church to watch her. He came into church late and he left early. He was an agnostic, and she—

But was he?

One day after the services were concluded he advanced past the half-hundred humble worshipers, and greeting the priest, said: "Father, I want to come into the church." His heart leaped with that acknowledgment, and the little edifice seemed filled with the glory of the Shepherd of the lost sheep. Suddenly, from the organ loft, which now for the first time was visible to his eyes, came the swelling sound of that heavenly voice in some song of praise.

He looked for the singer. It was the section foreman's boy.

And this was his miracle.—Chicago Record.

A Strange Power.

It is a curious thing, the power which some human beings have over animals. There is in Lowell a boy, differing in no respect from his companions, who has this power in a marked degree. Every stray dog or cat in the neighborhood knows him and loves to be in his company. A vicious horse which the stablemen can with difficulty handle will stand like a lamb while he harnesses him. The doves fly around him, and in the woods the wild birds apparently regard him as a friend and ally. The most remarkable exhibition of his power, which has long been known and commented on by his friends, was given the other day. A large and vicious rat was captured in the stable in one of those traps which permit of easy ingress and no egress. The men who were looking at the animal were afraid to go near the trap, the animal showed such terror, but the boy, when he beheld the imprisoned creature, fearlessly put out his finger and stroked its head, the rat manifesting as much pleasure as would a cat or a dog. Several days have passed since then, and the stablemen are still afraid of their capture, but he has grown so tame and familiar with the boy as to allow him to take him out and put him back in the trap, will come at his whistle, and manifests every appearance of joy at his presence. There seems to be no question that the boy could train that rat to perform almost any feat within the power of such an animal.—Lowell (Mass.) Star.

Painless Surgery.

The greatest boon ever given to humanity through human agency is surgical anaesthesia. There is not a minute, day or night, in the year when it is not saving some human creature from torture. There is not a minute when it is not giving mental comfort to thousands who know that they must undergo operations, but that this benign gift will make the ordeal painless. Anaesthesia has banished pain from surgery, and has taken away the dread of pain, that was almost as hard to bear as the pain itself. It has made easy operations that could not be done because the hurt was more than human fortitude could endure, and thus it has lengthened life. The fiftieth anniversary of the first public demonstration of surgical anaesthesia was recently celebrated in Boston. Physicians and surgeons made much of the occasion, as became the representatives of a humane and beneficent profession. To have been permitted to give this boon to the world is sufficient to immortalize the name of the giver, Dr. William Thomas Green Morton.

INDIANS HATE ENGLISH.

They Refuse to Speak It After Leaving School.

The Rigid Rules Against the Use of Their Own Tongue Cause Them to Despise the White Man's Language.

For years government instructors among the Indians have been troubled by the fact that the red men, after learning English at the schools as children, invariably return to their own tongues and seem positively to hate the white man's language.

The superintendent of Indian schools, W. N. Hailman, in a report just made to the commissioner of Indian affairs, says that the Indians were actually taught to hate the English tongue, because of the rigid rules against the use of any Indian conversation by pupils. Until lately the great majority of Indian teachers have labored under the delusion that they can hasten the acquisition of the English language on the part of the pupils by compulsory measures, visiting more or less severe penalties upon the unfortunate children who were caught in the use of the Indian speech.

The unreasonableness of such proceedings, which are always punished with more or less serious failure, appears when it is considered that an idiom that is forced upon a child by means of penalties and other appeals to fear is necessarily hateful to him. Then, in his own heart, he turns away from it and uses it only under more or less pronounced protests. This becomes quite manifest as soon as the children are removed from the restraint of the school, when, for instance, they return to their parents for a visit or more or less permanently after graduation, and when, on meeting their former teachers, they will either refuse to speak English altogether or answer with shame-faced reluctance.

Prof. Hailman says: "There is no doubt in my mind that the unreasonableness of the offensive warfare made in the Indian schools against Indian vernacular is largely to blame for the apparent stubbornness with which older Indians refuse to learn English or to use the little knowledge thereof which they may possess. If it is argued that with liberty to use the Indian vernacular the Indian children will engage in conversation, possibly improper, which the teacher can neither understand nor control, the fault lies not with the child's knowledge and use of his own idiom, but with the teacher's ignorance of the same, and the remedy will be found not in the repressive measures, which must, because of their unreasonableness, fail of their purpose, but in the determined effort on the teachers' part to acquire a knowledge of the child's idiom.

"Probably the traditional hostile attitude of certain schools to the Indian vernacular is responsible for the fact that in a number of instances teachers and other school employes continue at the same school, working with the same tribe of Indians, without acquiring any appreciable knowledge of the language spoken at the homes of their children. This ignorance frequently extends to the customs, habits of life, and the historical development of the tribe in question. They seem to treat the Indians as outcasts, and the cute me of their work corresponds with this attitude."—Chicago Tribune.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

The blood flows almost as freely through the bones as through the flesh of very young children, but as age comes on, the blood vessels in the bones are almost filled by the disposition of matter.

Mr. W. H. Dall, returning from his examination of the coal fields of Alaska, has brought back with him to Washington pieces of fat of a mammoth preserved in ice, this being the first discovery of a mammoth in the flesh on the American continent.

If by any means a bird attained the lightness of a balloon it could not fly. A balloon drifts with every gust; steering is impossible, the wind chooses its course. The bird balloon, as light as the wind and as strong as iron, is a figment of the imagination.

Among the recent discoveries made by means of the Roentgen rays reported from Berlin are several relating to disease of the heart. It has also been observed in cases of asthma that the right half of the diaphragm stops work during the attack, and the left half is compelled to bear all the exertion.

A gigantic cuttlefish, new to science, was taken by the prince of Monaco near the Azores, from the stomach of a sperm whale. Two specimens were found, each about two meters in length. The stomach of the whale also contained another cuttle, the skin of which incrossed the photographic or luminous bodies. Mingled with the partly-digested cuttles were teeth and pens of other individuals.

A Legend o' Lombardy.

An old Lombard legend tells the story of a chieftain who asked the hand of a neighbor's daughter. Upon its being refused him he declared war, killed the chief who had declined the honor of being his father-in-law, and married the girl after all. Not satisfied with this much, he had the skull of his wife's father mounted in gold as a drinking cup, and one day, while under the influence of wine, ordered his spouse to appear before the assembled guests at his house and drink to his health out of the horrible bowl. She did so, but ever after was her husband's secret but most deadly enemy. She joined in a conspiracy which eventually resulted in the king her husband's assassination.

Glad They Weren't Clerical.

A well-known Worcester clergyman tells a story at his own expense. In his young days he was tramping through the White mountains with a companion, who was also a clergyman. One day they mounted the driver's seat of a stage coach. The driver was an interesting character, loaded with good stories. The three speedily became friendly, and it was with reluctance that they parted at the end of the journey. "I'm glad ter hev met yer, fellers," said the driver, in farewell. "Yer see, I heven't seen a man this summer, exceptin' ministers."

EPISODE OF OLD TEXAS.

The Government Set Up by Count St. Denis in 1714.

A Romantic Fragment of Southwestern History—The Count's Meeting with the Man He Thought He Had Slain.

There is much well-authenticated material for the historian in the minds of the old veterans of the border that will soon pass beyond the reach of all writers. Few people know anything of the very first settlements in Texas, and, doubtless, many will be astonished to learn that the business of creating republics in that country commenced nearly 200 years ago. There were filibusters who dreamed of carving out for themselves an empire in the great southwest long before even Aaron Burr was born. Others in the ranks of the most careful readers of history will possibly be surprised to learn that the old San Antonio road, which is one of the best-known landmarks in the southwest, was laid off and carefully mapped just 182 years ago. It was at one time regarded as the longest highway in the world. It was longer than any of the old Roman roads—longer than the great military road that led from the gates of the Eternal City to Constantinople and the Asiatic provinces. The San Antonio road proper ran from San Augustine to San Antonio, and the long road extending south of the Alamo mission across the Rio Grande to the City of Mexico, a distance of more than 1,000 miles, was also called the San Antonio road. It was originally laid off 100 feet wide. It is a road yet. This great road, over which Spanish viceroys and richly laden caravans traveled—over which countless thousands crowded their way to battle fields for more than 100 years, was laid off by men who were talking of republican institutions before the idea of Jefferson or the triumphs of Washington had ever entered the minds of the wildest dreamers.

Spain and France both claimed the country. France based her claims on the discoveries of La Salle. This great explorer, in searching for the mouth of the Mississippi, sailed too far west, and finally landed on the shores of Matagorda bay. Here he built a fort, and called it Fort St. Louis, in honor of Louis XIV. of France. Realizing that he had made a mistake, La Salle accompanied by his followers, attempted to march across the country, hoping to reach a French fort on the Arkansas river, where he had instructed De Tonti to keep a small body of soldiers. He lost his life through the treachery of his own comrades, and it is supposed that his bones repose somewhere on the shores of the Neches river. Exaggerated reports concerning the rich country west of the Mississippi river, which bordered on the Gulf of Mexico, reached France. The soil was said to be the richest in the world, the climate was salubrious, like that of southern Spain, the mountains were full of gold and silver, and the rivers ran over golden sand. Among the hundreds of adventurous and warlike spirits that surrounded the throne of Louis XIV. none listened to these stories with more eagerness than Count St. Denis. He was a brave, energetic, and handsome youth, who had inherited a great name and many heavily mortgaged estates. The opportunity which he eagerly sought, to draw his sword and make an effort to fill his purse on the plains of the Rio Grande, soon presented itself.

The bare cold facts of the story of this young man's adventures read so much like the dreams of a romancer that they would be rejected by all historians if they were not supported by indubitable records. Count St. Denis and a young Frenchman of equal rank of the name of Belisle were both violently in love with the same young lady. Their rivalry ended in a quarrel which led to a duel. The antagonists met and fought a terrible battle with swords, which terminated, as St. Denis supposed, in the death of his rival. He at once fled from France, and after a series of narrow escapes from arrest and death he finally landed in America and joined the great Louisiana company. His countrymen received him with open arms, and immediately offered him employment. All Spanish territory at that time north of the Rio Grande was ruled by a governor appointed by the viceroy of Mexico. The Louisiana company was anxious to possess the country, and the authorities sent Count St. Denis at the head of a little army of less than 100 men to plant the flag of France upon the domes of the Spanish forts and missions. He marched through a region of country that literally swarmed with hostile savages and established himself in northern Texas without ever firing a shot. He must have been an extraordinary young man, possessing many of the traits of a leader, not the least among which were his masterly accomplishments as a diplomat, for he not only made an alliance offensive and defensive with the powerful, warlike Natchez, but he soon won the friendship of the Spanish settlers who lived in the territory. Intoxicated with his success, he boldly cut loose from the Louisiana company and set up a government of his own. This was in the year 1714, and it was the very first attempt to establish an independent government ever made on the North American continent.

It was a curious kind of a government. St. Denis was at the head of it under the modest title of governor, and by the provisions of the constitution, which he drafted himself, he possessed in his limited realm just about as much power as the autocrat of all the Russias. Leaving a trusted subaltern in command, St. Denis set out for the City of Mexico on a mission that has never been thoroughly understood. He either hoped through his shrewd powers of diplomacy to get the Spanish viceroy to recognize his government, or, failing in this, he expected to turn everything over to Spain and get himself appointed governor of the territory. When he arrived at the Presido San Juan, near the Rio Grande, the governor received and entertained him in a most hospitable manner. The polished address and courtly military bearing of the bold young adventurer almost instantly won the head of the old governor, and at the same time the heart of his beautiful daughter. It was a case of mutual love at first sight. St. Denis almost forgot the empire that he had been dreaming of, while enjoying the hospitality of Senor Villeseeas and basking in the smiles of Donna Maria.

There was another suitor for the hand of this young lady, and this was no less a personage than Gov. Anaya, of Coahuila. This official no sooner heard of St. Denis and his attentions to Donna Maria than he ordered his arrest. St. Denis was loaded with chains and thrown into the fortress of Monoclava. Donna Maria continued to assure the young man of her devotion and of the friendship of her father. After St. Denis had been confined a month or more his powerful rival appeared one fine day at the door of his cell, followed by a file of his guards, and told St. Denis that if he would instantly surrender all claims to the hand of Donna Maria that he would release him and give him letters that would assist him in the prosecution of his plans in the City of Mexico. St. Denis, with flashing eyes, scorned the offer, and his reply was worthy of one of the old knights of chivalry.

"Tyrant, you may load me with chains, but so long as Donna Maria honors me with her love and confidence, so long shall that love and confidence be guarded as my most sacred treasures. You may take from me my life, senor, but you cannot take from me my honor."

The tyrant ordered St. Denis to be treated as a common criminal, but when months had passed and the brave young Frenchman showed no signs of yielding, the wretch sent a courier bearing this cruel message to Donna Maria: "Marry me, and St. Denis shall be released; refuse, and your lover shall surely die." The fearless young girl declined the tyrant's offer in emphatic terms, and at once applied to the viceroy in the City of Mexico, telling him the story of their love. The viceroy was moved by the piteous appeals of the beautiful girl, and he released St. Denis. As soon as St. Denis was liberated he married Donna Maria and resumed his journey to the City of Mexico. Here his pleasing address won all hearts. The viceroy offered him a position under the Spanish government and gave him full authority to punish his enemy. St. Denis showed that magnanimity was numbered with his many other fine traits of character, for he refused to make any trouble for the man who had so cruelly wronged him.

It is not known as to what kind of authority was granted to him by the Spanish officials in Mexico. He built a fort at Nacogdoches and laid off a city. He ordered the lands surveyed, and granted titles to the settlers. He established trading posts at various points in the interior and rapidly accumulated a large fortune. He possessed the happy faculty of making a friend of every man who came in contact with him. He was called the "just chief by the Indians, and his fame for fair dealing was well established with all the tribes within reach of his capital. While in the height of his power two Indians one day came to his house and told him that they had seen a white man with a tribe of coast Indians who held him as a prisoner. St. Denis at once offered them a large sum of money if they would go and rescue the white man and bring him to Nacogdoches. The Indians went away, and in a few weeks they reappeared at St. Denis' house with a naked, half-starved human being who was besmeared with dirt and painted like an Indian. St. Denis ordered a bath for the poor shivering creature, and sent a suit of his own clothes to the bathroom. When the man had been washed and clothed he appeared before his benefactor. St. Denis no sooner looked at him than he was struck dumb with amazement. The man was Belisle, whom St. Denis thought he killed with his sword in Paris. Belisle was equally as much astonished. They were Frenchmen, and they instantly embraced each other and buried all past differences. Belisle's story was a short one, but full of sufferings. He had recovered from the wounds inflicted by the sword of St. Denis, and not long afterward he joined a colony of adventurers who sailed to join the Louisiana company at the mouth of the Mississippi. Like La Salle, they lost their way, and sailed too far west. Belisle, with two comrades, went ashore on the coast of Texas to enjoy a hunt. They got lost, and the ship sailed away and left them. After wandering through the forests for many days Belisle's two comrades perished from hunger. Belisle fell in with some coast Indians, who treated him very cruelly. They striped him of his clothing, and would have tortured him to death with fire had not an old squaw interfered in his favor. He had been a prisoner with the Indians for a long time. St. Denis gave Belisle an office in his government, and put him in the way of making money.

St. Denis was slain in a battle with the Indians on the frontier of his country, and after his death the affairs of the colony fell into disorder. At the time of St. Denis' death there were about 300 white people who claimed the protection of his government, and they were nearly all in prosperous circumstances. Many of them had accumulated fortunes trading with the Indians, and St. Denis himself was said to have had in his possession more than $100,000 in gold. Had he lived a few years longer he would have anticipated the work of Austin and Houston, and firmly established a government in Texas that Mexico could not have overthrown 100 years before the battle of San Jacinto was fought.—Globe-Democrat.

Creamed Oysters.

For one quart of oysters use one pint of cream. Put the cream over the fire in a double boiler, stirring in a tablespoonful of flour while boiling; season with salt, cayenne and black pepper with a tablespoonful of onion or celery juice and a lump of butter. Let the oysters come to a boil in their own liquor; drain and turn into the cream. Have slices of hot-buttered toast ready and pour the oysters on them.—N. Y. Sun.

Americans Should Visit It.

It is said that of the 4,000 visitors to the Yellowstone National park during the last three years not more than 100 were Americans. If the park was in Europe it would probably be visited by 50,000 Americans a year.

SPONGE CULTURE.

A Proposal to Carry It On by Artificial Means.

Reckless Fishing Threatening to Exterminate the Natural Supply of the Great Producing Centers.

Several causes have recently combined to reduce the supply of sponges in the American market. The paralysis of all industry in Cuba in consequence of the civil war now prevailing there is one of them. The West Indies, Bahamas and Florida are the principal centers of production in this part of the world. Reckless fishing, which threatens to exterminate the sponges, much as similar proceedings do the seals off the coast of Alaska, is another factor in the situation. These facts lend peculiar interest to the proposition recently made to the United States government, through its consular agent at Mitylene, by a Greek named Charalampos Chorphios, to establish the business of artificially cultivating sponges somewhere on the Florida coast, if he can get a concession. A great deal has been done in the past, under the auspices of the national and state fishery commissions, toward restocking American lakes and rivers with trout, bass, shad and salmon, with small fry hatched and nurtured under human management. Artificial means, too, have much to do with the culture of the oyster and the maintenance of the supply of that bivalve. But the reasonableness of the project of Mr. Chrophios does not rest alone on these precedents. Ichyological experts in Washington are said to have shown confidence in its practicability. They say that by taking proper measures the Florida sponge fisheries could be brought to a higher state of productiveness in a few years. The men already engaged in the industry might not, however, relish this interference in behalf of the public.

The tough, soft, elastic, fibrous moss which is to be had at the druggist's, under the name of sponge, is really the skeleton which once supported a whole colony of jelly-like creatures which have built up that structure. These propagate, naturally, in two ways, by means of spores or eggs, and by the formation of buds which eventually split off from the mature polyp. The scientific sponge culturist proceeds on a plan which utilizes both of these methods, but is like a common practice in horticulture. He simply cuts up the tenement house of a colony into a number of pieces, employing a sharp knife or razor for the purpose, and conducting the operation while the pulpy mass is still under water. He is also careful to leave a portion of the original outer surface on each fragment. Each bit may then be loaded with a small stone or other sinker to take it to the bottom again. A few of these sections fail to revive; but the great majority, after an interval of two or three months, begin to thrive and eventually grow to a considerable size.

There are hundreds of distinct species of sponges, but scarcely a dozen are suited to man's use. It is asserted that those which are obtained from Mediterranean waters are the finest in the world; yet the delicate "sheep's wool" and "velvet" sponges of Florida are wonders of softness and beauty. And if a system of artificial culture should come into vogue these choice varieties could be produced almost as abundantly as the coarser grades are now.—N. Y. Tribune.

FRILLS OF FASHION.

Mauve and brown are one of the popular contrasts in millinery.

Torchon and valenciennes patterns combined are the new laces for trimming undergarments.

Blouse waists of velvet or velveteen, with a narrow metal belt, are the correct bodice for skating costumes.

Watches have gradually diminished in size until now the very latest bit of enamel, set round with diamonds, is no larger than a man's signet ring.

One secret of success in dress is to find out the colors which are most becoming and never wander away from these, no matter what the fashion is.

Mahogany-colored hair is the latest fad, and the transition period between dark brown and this coveted shade of red is very interesting to the keen observer.

Satin ribbon two inches wide, plaited on the inside of the skirt at the bottom, is the bulayeuse which fashion favors just at present. It is more durable than the pinked silk ruffle.

Fine bock muslin in all the pretty light tints is used for evening waists for the young girls, and it is made over cheap silk or satin, trimmed with lace and ribbons and worn with light-colored or black silk skirts.

Muff chains of gold with diamonds set at intervals, so that they are open on both sides, are one of the novelties in jewelry. Rubies, sapphires, emeralds and amethysts are also distributed in the same manner.

CRUSOE'S ISLAND DISAPPEARS.

Reported Sinking of Juan Fernandez Land by Volcanic Action.

A few weeks ago a vessel putting in at Lisbon after a trip around Cape Horn, reported the destruction by volcanic action of the Juan Fernandez island, famous as the scene of "Robinson Crusoe." The master claimed to have seen the catastrophe from the deck of his vessel. The report was not given credence at the time by scientific men, and many denials were printed in papers and magazines. But Capt. Powells, of the British ship James Kerr, asserts that the story is generally believed by seafaring men all over the world. The James Kerr has recently arrived from Newcastle, N. S. W., where she was laid up four months on account of the coal mine strike. Capt. Powells met a very large number of master mariners there, and says that the destruction of the island was a matter of common gossip among them. The captain himself has not passed within sight of the island since 1889, when he secured a photograph of it from the deck of his ship. He says that some of the captains who arrived in Newcastle while he was there verified the report, that the island was missing.

mbria : Freeman
is published Weekly at
BENSG, CAMBRIA CO., PENNA.,
H JAMES G. HASSON,

culation, - - - - 1,200

Subscription Rates.

year, (not in advance).....$1.50
year, (not paid within 3 months).....1.75
year, (not paid within 6 months).....2.00
year, (not paid within the year).....2.25

ertising outside of the county
ptional) per year will be charged to

ers will the above terms be de-
ers who don't consult their
ers who desire advance must not ex-
ers receive the same treatment as those who
ers is distinctly understood from

paper before you stop it, if stop
ou desire it otherwise.—
ime is too short.

Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." $1.50 and postage per year in advance.

VOLUME XXXI. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1897. NUMBER 10.

Advertising Rates.

The large and rapidly increasing circulation of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN commends it to the favorable consideration of advertisers whose favors will be inserted at the following low rates:

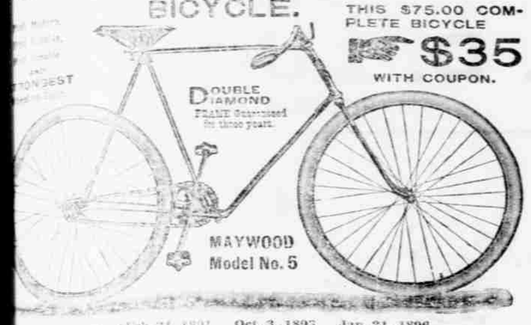
1 inch, 3 times	$ 1.50
1 inch, 3 months	2.50
1 inch, 6 months	3.50
1 inch, 1 year	5.00
2 inches, 6 months	6.00
2 inches, 1 year	10.00
3 inches, 6 months	8.00
3 inches, 1 year	12.00
¼ column, 6 months	15.00
½ column, 6 months	20.00
½ column, 1 year	35.00
1 column, 6 months	40.00
1 column, 1 year	70.00

Business items, first insertion, 10c. per line subsequent insertions, 5c. per line.
Administrator's and Executor's Notices.....$2.50
Auditor's Notices.....2.50
Stray and similar Notices.....2.00
☞Resolutions or proceedings of any corporation or society and communications designed to call attention to any matter of limited or individual interest must be paid for as advertisements.
Book and Job Printing of all kinds neatly and expeditiously executed at the lowest prices. And don't you forget it.

A TRAINING IN CLEANLINESS IS A FORTUNE." COMPLETE YOUR EDUCATION WITH

SAPOLIO

The Indestructible "Maywood" BICYCLE.



THIS $75.00 COMPLETE BICYCLE $35 WITH COUPON.

PATENTS { Feb. 24, 1891 / Jan. 17, 1893 } Oct. 3, 1893 / Jan 1, 1895 / Jan. 21, 1896 / Others Pending

...and standard bicycle ever made. Adapted for all kinds of ...material that is solid, tough and wiry; simple in construction, ...has few parts; is of such wiry construction that its parts ...no hollow tubing to crush or get out of adjustment; a frame ...all the parts serve as its connecting parts; a one-piece ...always ready to give reliable and rapid transportation. ...guaranteed for three years. Made of ⅝-inch cold ...strongest metal for the weight known; joined together with ...lugs in such a manner that it is impossible to break or get out of ...and durability; the greatest combination of ingenuity ...a frame without brazed joints and tubing, as you know ...frequently, with loose joints, and tubes which they are locked ...⅝-inch; warranted wood rims, piano wire tangent spokes ...large hub pattern. TIRES—"Arlington" hose pipe or Mor... ...some other first-class pneumatic tire. BEARINGS—Ball ...cups, cones, dust-cycle, steering head and pedals. CUPS AND ...case-hardened and tempered and hardened. CHAINS—High grade ...CRANKS—Our celebrated one-piece crank, fully pro... REACH—Shortest, 28 inches; longest, 31 inches. GEARS ... SADDLE, P. & F. Gilliam, or some other first-class make. PEDALS—Ball bearing. FINISH—Enameled in black, with all bright parts ...complete with tool bag, pump, wrench and oiler. Weight, 36 ...size, 37 to 39 pounds.

Our Special Wholesale Price. Never before sold ...the "Maywood" Bicycle, we ...special coupon offer, giving every ...a first-class wheel at the ... On receipt of $35.00 and coupon ...above Bicycle, securely crated. ...Money refunded if not as ... and examination. We will ship ... for $35.00 and coupon ... order as a guarantee of good faith. ...with each Bicycle. This is a ...can afford to let the oppor... Address all orders to

CASH BUYERS' UNION,
162 West Van Buren Street, Box 2606, CHICAGO, ILL.

Coupon No. 2006
GOOD FOR
$5.00
IF SENT WITH ORDER FOR
No. 5 Maywood ...Bicycle...

CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.

SAVE 50

Have sold to consumers for 21 years, ...saving them dealers' profits. We are the ...and Largest manufacturers in Amer... to sell Harness and Harness only. ...to examine before any money is ...or freight both ways if not satisfac... Buy direct and pay no agents $10 ...for $100 to $150. Top Buggies, ...$45 to $50, as fine as sold for $85. Phaetons, $66 ...Spring Wagons, Wagonettes, ...Both Wagons and Delivery Wagons and Road Carts. BICYCLES FOR MEN, WOMEN & CHILDREN.

$75

No. 781, Surrey.

$26

No. 727, Road Wagon.

$23.50

No. 1, Farm Harness.

$55

Elkhart Bicycle, 28-in. wheels ...pneumatic tires, seamless ...steel tubing, drop forgings.

Our Harness would at Manufacturer's Prices.

Single, $6 to $20
Double Buggy, $18–$25
Farm, $16 to $23.50.

RIDING SADDLES and FLY NETS. If no agent, all for cash, send for catalogue. Send 4c. in ...stamps to pay postage on 112-page catalogue.

Address W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

1897 VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE 1897

Standard Seed and Plant Catalogue, Contains all that's New and Good. Always Reliable.

THE GUIDE and Your Choice

One packet either Wonderful Branching Aster, New Japan Morning Glory or Pansy Choice mixed for 15c
Two packets 25c., three packets 30c. Full retail price 45 cts.

Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine which tells ...Plants, Flowers and Vegetables, and is up ...these subjects, for 3 months, the Guide and One package of Seeds (named above) for 25 cents.

Every Tenth Person sending an Order as above will receive a Coupon good for 50 cents' worth of Seeds.

When ordering state where you saw this adv. and we will send a packet of Choice Flower Seeds free.

JAMES VICK'S SONS, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

VICK'S ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY MAGAZINE

RTER'S
ITTLE
IVER
PILLS.

CURE

...and relieve all the troubles inci... ...a bilious state of the system, such as ...Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after ...Eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most ...remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

...yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are ...equally valuable in Constipation, curing and pre... ...this annoying complaint, while they also ...stimulate the ...liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only

HEAD

...almost priceless to those who ...suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortu... ...their goodness does not end here, and those ...who once try these little pills value ...them so highly that they will not be wil... ...without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

...is the bane of so many lives that here is where ...we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while ...others do not. Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and ...easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. ...They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or ...purge the system, but by their gentle action please all who ...use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold ...everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

JOHN F. STRATTON'S
Celebrated
Band Instruments
also
DRUMS, FIFES, ...olos and Band Supplies.
JOHN F. STRATTON,
811, 813, 815, 817 E. 9th St., N.Y.

FOR ARTISTIC

JOB PRINTING

TRY THE FREEMAN.

THE FARQUHAR

"PATENT VARIABLE FRICTION FEED
Best Set Works in the World."

Saw Mill & Engine

Received the Medal and Highest Award at the World's Columbian Exposition.

Warranted the best made. Shingle Mills, Machinery and Standard Agricultural Implements of Best Quality at lowest prices. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

A. B. FARQUHAR CO., Ltd.
YORK, PENNA.

WANTED AGENTS

to represent the Most Complete Nurseries in America. Stock widely advertised fifty-four years; known and wanted by every planter. That is why beginners always succeed with us, and experienced Agents double their sales and income. Now is the time to start. Write

ELLWANGER & BARRY,
Mt. Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N.Y.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

MY OLD FRIEND IS NOT HERE.

I hark to the harsh discordant notes
Of clamorous toil and strife,
I drag my feet through the dust and heat
Of the bread highroad of life;
But I catch not the sound of a well-known voice—
And the road is brown and sere,
And my eyesight bears with unshed tears—
For my old friend is not here.

With a backward glance and a wave of the hand,
He has wandered far away
To a land that lies under cloudless skies—
Where the sun shines all the day;
And his form is lost in the hurrying throng
That gathers from far and near,
And I miss the grace of his kindly face—
For my old friend is not here.

But I caught a glimpse of that unknown land,
As my old friend hurried through
The outer gate, where the dear ones wait
For the pilgrim who is due;
And I know that the sun shines all the day,
That the flow'rs bloom all the year—
I shall miss his smile through the afterwhile,
For my old friend is not here.

—S. Q. Laplin, in Ohio Farmer.

HIS MIRACLE.

BY CARL SMITH.

The section foreman's boy, red of hair and freckled of face, offered to show him the way to the church, but he declined the proffered courtesy, preferring to walk up the railroad track until he should get tired of the jaunt, when he would stop at a cattle guard and rest, and then return in time for dinner. Church going had been an unknown quantity with him in the city, where there were great cathedrals in half a dozen different parts of the town, and he hardly saw the occasion for departing from custom simply because his exile in the little country town was so uninterestingly eventless. He started with a swinging, athletic-club stride up the line of gravel, therefore, and the section foreman's boy, palpably starchy and awkward in his Sunday clothes, went hurrying down the street from the station, his red hair crimsonly signaling his approach to the little frame church while he was yet a great distance away.

Kennedy was the new telegraph operator. He was an aspiring fellow and an intelligent one, and some day he hoped to be a trick dispatcher, and possibly, after reasonable lapse of time, the superintendent of telegraph. He spent the long and lonesome nights in reading on social economics, and he knew more about the history of strange and peculiar things associated with government than almost anybody who's name or fame is now suggested to mind. He was the chief telegrapher of his division of the telegraphers' labor union, which met in the city 30 miles away, and he was the man who made the best speeches on Tuesday nights, when lodge proceedings had got as far along as the "good of the order." The others of the division thought highly of him, and usually they sent him as their lodge delegate to the sessions of the international convention. He could argue splendidly and he said he was an agnostic.

As he walked up the track this Sunday morning the Sabbath feeling seemed to rise up as though to offend against his reasoning and reasonable agnosticism. Across the fields came the mellowness of a church bell, and seeming far, far, far away, its sound was the sweeter for the distance. Over to the right a farmer's wagon was creeping along the section line road as the sleek brown horses dragged the family toward the place of worship in the town. Around the curve ahead of him there rose a quiet rumbling, and, looking to see what unexpected train was bearing down upon him, he received the hail of Michael Doolan, foreman of Section 43, several miles up the parallel line of rails, who, with his men and their women and children, was whirring along in the direction of the little parish church toward which the redheaded boy had sped several minutes before. The men were on a hand car, to which a little flat had been attached, and this flat accommodated the women and children.

"I suppose it's all right for them," Kennedy murmured, as the twin cars disappeared around the other bend of the curve, "but that isn't for me. Religion is a good enough thing—an indispensable thing, indeed, but it hasn't got around to me yet, and it never will. It's a good, handy thing to have for the purpose of swearing people in courts and impressing ignorant persons whose characters require some sort of ballast of mysticism, not only for their own comfort, but for the safety of the public. Such people, without a weight or anchorage of some kind, would rattle around annoyingly and even harmfully to others. I wish I could believe as they do. Doubtless it is a comforting thing to be as they are, but—"

And he closed his statement of opinion by picking up a stone and throwing it at a rabbit.

He walked to the cattleguard, and, resting, returned, and found he had vastly miscalculated distance and time, and that it was still very early in the day. He looked about and saw the handcar on a siding, and it suggested something to him. Kennedy prided himself on being a liberal sort of person, and the thought came to him that it would be a fair and reasonable thing for him to drop into the little church, just to show that he had really no feeling against religion. He found the white-painted structure with the cross over its queer little cupola, and, entering, took the rearmost seat. The services were nearly closing. He looked forward, over the heads of half a hundred devout worshipers, at the priest in vestments, which—although Kennedy did not know it—he had brought at great labor from the city, for the parish was too poor to support a resident pastor. He noted that the worshipers seemed to consider every movement of the be-crowned man as to some especial import, and genuflected and crossed themselves and murmured unintelligible utterances, which he took for prayers. It was very interesting, and in his heart he wished that reason might show him how to be as happily satisfied with the priest's teachings as were these.

"If a miracle could be enacted in these old days, why should not one be performed now?" he inquired inwardly. "Oh, no. It is all opposed to sense and science. Faith?"—for he had arrived in time to hear enough of the sermon to know that the priest had discoursed on faith—"yes, by a miracle I could have faith, but—"

His self-communion was interrupted by the sound of a silvery voice coming from the gallery above his head.

"O salutaris!" the hail rose pure and sweet—such a voice as the agnostic had never before heard. "O salutaris!" and the church was filled with the wonder of a music which caused him to think that an angel sung, quite ignoring the fact that according to his philosophy no such thing as an angel could exist. He listened as one entranced, and he left the church with his very soul brimming with the joy of that heavenly soprano.

The next Sunday he walked up the track again, but only a little way. The section foreman's boy had invited him as before to accompany him, but Kennedy hesitated, and, hesitating, was not lost. Now, however, as he again looked up at the cheery hail of the happy passengers of the handcar, he hesitated again, and this hesitation sent him churchward. He took his former seat in the rear, under the odd little choir loft, and to-day a new priest talked, and, strangely enough, of the "Miracle of Faith." As though answering a question of Kennedy's the clergyman said: "Who are the believers? The greatest of all the great in learning, statecraft and material advancement. Presidents, prime ministers, men of mighty mind accept the divinity of Christ—and if these men, wise enough to be great, and great enough to be honest, accept by faith, why should you or I cry out for a miracle to be enacted for our special behoof. There are many millions of people in the world—"

Kennedy could have told him how many.

"—and what right has one man to ask God to miraculously perform for him so that he might be badgered and forced reluctantly into accepting what worthier, more learned men and men of infinitely greater responsibility and vaster temptation gladly and gratefully take as a boon?"

"This," thought Kennedy, "sounds reasonable, but I cannot blindly accept their belief on unsupported, unwitnessed sentiment." And as he thought upon it the voice of the soprano rose in glorification. It was what he had waited for. It filled him with great happiness. The undeserved miracle was beginning of performance.

Every Sunday after this he came in after the others and took his back seat. Her voice had sunk him almost into the acceptance toward which the reasoning of the priest was powerless to persuade. He seemed to partake of the feeling of the singer. He exulted with her in the Latin praise of the Redeemer. He learned the words, and they rose almost to his lips as she sung. What a woman she must be! What a heart of purity to well up in such witness of the might of Christian love and Christian mercy! He had never seen her, for he was an agnostic, and he could not yield the stubborness of his unbelief to ask about her or to even wait in the church to watch her. He came into church late and he left early. He was an agnostic, and she—

But was she?

One day after the services were concluded he advanced past the half-hundred humble worshipers, and, greeting the priest, said: "Father, I want to come into the church." His heart leaped with that acknowledgment, and the little edifice seemed filled with the glory of the Shepherd of the lost sheep. Suddenly, from the organ loft, which now for the first time was visible to his eyes, came the swelling sound of that heavenly voice in some song of praise.

He looked for the singer. It was the section foreman's boy.

And this was his miracle.—Chicago Record.

A Strange Power.

It is a curious thing, the power which some human beings have over animals. There is in Lowell a boy, differing in no respect from his companions, who has this power in a marked degree. Every stray dog or cat in the neighborhood knows him and loves to be in his company. A vicious horse which the stablemen can with difficulty handle will stand like a lamb while he harnesses him. The doves fly around him, and in the woods the wild birds apparently regard him as a friend and ally. The most remarkable exhibition of his power, which has long been known and commented on by his friends, was given the other day. A large and vicious rat was captured in the stable in one of those traps which permit of easy ingress and no egress. The men who were looking at the animal were afraid to go near the trap, the animal showed such terror, but the boy, when he beheld the imprisoned creature, fearlessly put out his finger and stroked its head, the rat manifesting as much pleasure as would a cat or a dog. Several days have passed since then, and the stablemen are still afraid of their capture, but he has grown so tame and familiar with the boy as to allow him to take him out and put him back in the trap, will come at his whistle, and manifests every appearance of joy at his presence. There seems to be no question that the boy could train that rat to perform almost any feat within the power of such an animal.—Lowell (Mass.) Star.

Painless Surgery.

The greatest boon ever given to humanity through human agency is surgical anaesthesia. There is not a minute, day or night, in the year when it is not saving some human creature from torture. There is not a minute when it is not giving mental comfort to thousands who know that they must undergo operations, but that this benign gift will make the ordeal painless. Anaesthesia has banished pain from surgery, and has taken away the dread of pain, that was almost as hard to bear as the pain itself. It has made easy operations that could not be done because the hurt was more than human fortitude could endure, and thus it has lengthened life. The fiftieth anniversary of the first public demonstration of surgical anaesthesia was recently celebrated in Boston. Physicians and surgeons made much of the occasion, as became the representatives of a humane and beneficent profession. To have been permitted to give this boon to the world is sufficient to immortalize the name of the giver, Dr. William Thomas Green Morton.

INDIANS HATE ENGLISH.

They Refuse to Speak It After Leaving School.

The Rigid Rules Against the Use of Their Own Tongue Cause Them to Despise the White Man's Language.

For years government instructors among the Indians have been troubled by the fact that the red men, after learning English at the schools as children, invariably return to their own tongues and seem positively to hate the white man's language.

The superintendent of Indian schools, W. N. Hailman, in a report just made to the commissioner of Indian affairs, says that the Indians were actually taught to hate the English tongue, because of the rigid rules against the use of any Indian conversation by pupils. Until lately the great majority of Indian teachers have labored under the delusion that they can hasten the acquisition of the English language on the part of the pupils by compulsory measures, visiting more or less severe penalties upon the unfortunate children who were caught in the use of the Indian speech.

The unreasonableness of such proceedings, which are always punished with more or less serious failure, appears when it is considered that an idiom that is forced upon a child by means of penalties and other appeals to fear is necessarily hateful to him. Then, in his own heart, he turns away from it and uses it only under more or less pronounced protests. This becomes quite manifest as soon as the children are removed from the restraint of the school, when, for instance, they return to their parents for a visit or more or less permanently after graduation, and when, on meeting their former teachers, they will either refuse to speak English altogether or answer with shame-faced reluctance.

Prof. Hailman says: "There is no doubt in my mind that the unreasonableness of the offensive warfare made in the Indian schools against Indian vernacular is largely to blame for the apparent stubbornness with which older Indians refuse to learn English or to use the little knowledge thereof which they may possess. If it is argued that with liberty to use the Indian vernacular the Indian children will engage in conversation, possibly improper, which the teacher can neither understand nor control, the fault lies not with the child's knowledge and use of his own idiom, but with the teacher's ignorance of the same, and the remedy will be found not in the repressive measures, which must, because of their unreasonableness, fail of their purpose, but in the determined effort on the teachers' part to acquire a knowledge of the child's idiom.

"Probably the traditional hostile attitude of certain schools to the Indian vernacular is responsible for the fact that in a number of instances teachers and other school employes continue at the same school, working with the same tribe of Indians, without acquiring any appreciable knowledge of the language spoken at the homes of their children. This ignorance frequently extends to the customs, habits of life, and the historical development of the tribe in question. They seem to treat the Indians as outcasts, and the outcome of their work corresponds with this attitude."—Chicago Tribune.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

The blood flows almost as freely through the bones as through the flesh of very young children, but as age comes on, the blood vessels in the bones are almost filled by the disposition of matter.

Mr. W. H. Dall, returning from his examination of the coal fields of Alaska, has brought back with him to Washington pieces of fat of a mammoth preserved in ice, this being the first discovery of a mammoth in the flesh on the American continent.

If by any means a bird attained the lightness of a balloon it could not fly. A balloon drifts with every gust; steering is impossible, the wind chooses its course. The bird balloon, as light as the wind and as strong as iron, is a figment of the imagination.

Among the recent discoveries made by means of the Roentgen rays reported from Berlin are several relating to disease of the heart. It has also been observed in cases of asthma that the right half of the diaphragm stops work during the attack, and the left half is compelled to bear all the exertion.

A gigantic cuttlefish, new to science, was taken by the prince of Monaco near the Azores, from the stomach of a sperm whale. Two specimens were found, each about two meters in length. The stomach of the whale also contained another cuttle, the skin of which inclosed the photographic or luminous bodies. Mingled with the partly-digested cuttles were teeth and pens of other individuals.

A Legend of Lombardy.

An old Lombard legend tells the story of a chieftain who asked the hand of a neighbor's daughter. Upon its being refused him he declared war, killed the chief who had declined the honor of being his father-in-law, and married the girl after all. Not satisfied with this touch, he had the skull of his wife's father mounted in gold as a drinking cup, and one day, while under the influence of wine, ordered his spouse to appear before the assembled guests at his house and drink to his health out of the horrible bowl. She did so, but ever after was her husband's secret but most deadly enemy. She joined in a conspiracy which eventually resulted in the king her husband's assassination.

Glad They Weren't Clerical.

A well-known Worcester clergyman tells a story at his own expense. In his young days he was tramping through the White mountains with a companion, who was also a clergyman. One day they mounted the driver's seat of a stage coach. The driver was an interesting character, loaded with good stories. The three speedily became friendly, and it was with reluctance that they parted at the end of the journey. "I'm glad ter hev met yer, fellers," said the driver, in farewell. "Yer see, I hevn't seen a man this summer, exceptin' ministers."

EPISODE OF OLD TEXAS.

The Government Set Up by Count St. Denis in 1714.

A Romantic Fragment of Southwestern History—The Count's Meeting with the Man He Thought He Had Slain.

There is much well-authenticated material for the historian in the minds of the old veterans of the border that will soon pass beyond the reach of all writers. Few people know anything of the very first settlements in Texas, and, doubtless, many will be astonished to learn that the business of creating republics in that country commenced nearly 200 years ago. There were filibusters who dreamed of carving out for themselves an empire in the great southwest long before even Aaron Burr was born. Others in the ranks of the most careful readers of history will possibly be surprised to learn that the old San Antonio road, which is one of the best-known landmarks in the southwest, was laid off and carefully mapped just 182 years ago. It was at one time regarded as the longest highway in the world. It was longer than any of the old Roman roads—longer than the great military road that led from the gates of the Eternal City to Constantinople and the Asiatic provinces. The San Antonio road proper ran from San Augustine to San Antonio, and the long road extending south of the Alamo mission across the Rio Grande to the City of Mexico, a distance of more than 1,600 miles, was also called the San Antonio road. It was originally laid off 100 feet wide. It is a road yet. This great road, over which Spanish viceroys and richly laden caravans traveled—over which countless thousands crowded their way to battle fields for more than 100 years, was laid off by men who were talking of republican institutions before the idea of Jefferson or the triumphs of Washington had ever entered the minds of the wildest dreamers.

Spain and France both claimed the country. France based her claims on the discoveries of La Salle. This great explorer, in searching for the mouth of the Mississippi, sailed too far west, and finally landed on the shores of Matagorda bay. Here he built a fort, and called it Fort St. Louis, in honor of Louis XIV. of France. Realizing that he had made a mistake, La Salle accompanied by his followers, attempted to march across the country, hoping to reach a French fort on the Arkansas river, where he had instructed De Tonti to keep a small body of soldiers. He lost his life through the treachery of his own comrades, and it is supposed that his bones repose somewhere on the shores of the Neches river. Exaggerated reports concerning the rich country west of the Mississippi river, which bordered on the Gulf of Mexico, reached France. The soil was said to be the richest in the world, the climate was salubrious, like that of southern Spain, the mountains were full of gold and silver, and the rivers ran over golden sand. Among the hundreds of adventurous and warlike spirits that surrounded the throne of Louis XIV. none listened to these stories with more eagerness than Count St. Denis. He was a brave, energetic, and handsome youth, who had inherited a great name and many heavily mortgaged estates. This opportunity which he eagerly sought, to draw his sword and make an effort to fill his purse on the plains of the Rio Grande, soon presented itself.

The bare cold facts of the story of this young man's adventures read so much like the dreams of a romancer that they would be rejected by all historians if they were not supported by indubitable records. Count St. Denis and a young Frenchman of equal rank of the name of Belisle were both violently in love with the same young lady. Their rivalry ended in a quarrel which led to a duel. The antagonists met and fought a terrible battle with swords, which terminated, as St. Denis supposed, in the death of his rival. He at once fled from France, and after a series of narrow escapes from arrest and death he finally landed in America and joined the great Louisiana company. His countrymen received him with open arms, and immediately offered him employment. All Spanish territory at that time north of the Rio Grande was ruled by a governor appointed by the viceroy of Mexico. The Louisiana company was anxious to possess the country, and the authorities sent Count St. Denis at the head of a little army of less than 100 men to plant the flag of France upon the domes of the Spanish forts and missions. He marched through a region of country that literally swarmed with hostile savages and established himself in northern Texas without ever firing a shot. He must have been an extraordinary young man, possessing many of the traits of a leader, not the least among which were his masterly accomplishments as a diplomat, for he not only made an alliance offensive and defensive with the powerful, warlike Natchez, but he soon won the friendship of the Spanish settlers who lived in the territory. Intoxicated with his success, he boldly cut loose from the Louisiana company and set up a government of his own. This was in the year 1714, and it was the very first attempt to establish an independent government ever made on the North American continent.

It was a curious kind of a government. St. Denis was at the head of it under the modest title of governor, and by the provisions of the constitution, which he drafted himself, he possessed in his limited realm just about as much power as the autocrat of all the Russias. Leaving a trusted subaltern in command, St. Denis set out for the City of Mexico on a mission that has never been thoroughly understood. He either hoped through his shrewd powers of diplomacy to get the Spanish viceroy to recognize his government, or, failing in this, he expected to turn everything over to Spain and get himself appointed governor of the territory. When he arrived at the Presido San Juan, near the Rio Grande, the governor received and entertained him in a most hospitable manner. The polished address and courtly military bearing of the bold young adventurer almost instantly won the head of the old governor, and at the same time the heart of his beautiful daughter. It was a case of mutual love at first sight. St. Denis almost forgot the empire that he had been dreaming of, while enjoying the hospitality of Senor Villesecas and basking in the smiles of Donna Maria.

There was another suitor for the hand of this young lady, and this was no less a personage than Gov. Anaya, of Coahuila. This official no sooner heard of St. Denis and his attentions to Donna Maria than he ordered his arrest. St. Denis was loaded with chains and thrown into the fortress of Monoclava. Donna Maria continued to assure the young man of her devotion and of the friendship of her father. After St. Denis had been confined a month or more his powerful rival appeared one fine day at the door of his cell, followed by a file of his guards, and told St. Denis that if he would instantly surrender all claims to the hand of Donna Maria that he would release him and give him letters that would assist him in the prosecution of his plans in the City of Mexico. St. Denis, with flashing eyes, scorned the offer, and his reply was worthy of one of the old knights of chivalry.

"Tyrant, you may load me with chains, but so long as Donna Maria honors me with her love and confidence, so long shall that love and confidence be guarded as my most sacred treasures. You may take from me my life, senor, but you cannot take from me my honor."

The tyrant ordered St. Denis to be treated as a common criminal, but when months had passed and the brave young Frenchman showed no signs of yielding, the wretch sent a courier bearing this cruel message to Donna Maria: "Marry me, and St. Denis shall be released; refuse, and your lover shall surely die." The fearless young girl declined the tyrant's offer in emphatic terms, and at once applied to the viceroy in the City of Mexico, telling him the story of their love. The viceroy was moved by the piteous appeals of the beautiful girl, and he released St. Denis. As soon as St. Denis was liberated he married Donna Maria and resumed his journey to the City of Mexico. Here his pleasing address won all hearts. The viceroy offered him a position under the Spanish government and gave him full authority to punish his enemy. St. Denis showed that magnanimity was numbered with his many other fine traits of character, for he refused to make any trouble for the man who had so cruelly wronged him.

It is not known as to what kind of authority was granted to him by the Spanish officials in Mexico. He built a fort at Nacogdoches and laid off a city. He ordered the lands surveyed, and granted titles to the settlers. He established trading posts at various points in the interior and rapidly accumulated a large fortune. He possessed the happy faculty of making a friend of every man who came in contact with him. He was called the "just chief by the Indians, and his fame for fair dealing was well established with all the tribes within reach of his capital. While in the height of his power two Indians one day came to his house and told him that they had seen a white man with a tribe of coast Indians who held him as a prisoner. St. Denis at once offered them a large sum of money if they would go and rescue the white man and bring him to Nacogdoches. The Indians went away, and in a few weeks they reappeared at St. Denis' house with a naked, half-starved human being who was besmeared with dirt and painted like an Indian. St. Denis ordered a bath for the poor shivering creature, and sent a suit of his own clothes to the bathroom. When the man had been washed and clothed he appeared before his benefactor. St. Denis no sooner looked at him than he was struck dumb with amazement. The man was Belisle, whom St. Denis thought he killed with his sword in Paris. Belisle was equally as much astonished. They were Frenchmen, and they instantly embraced each other and buried all past differences. Belisle's story was a short one, but full of sufferings. He had recovered from the wounds inflicted by the sword of St. Denis, and not long afterward he joined a colony of adventurers who sailed to join the Louisiana company at the mouth of the Mississippi. Like La Salle, they lost their way, and sailed too far west. Belisle, with two comrades, went ashore on the coast of Texas to enjoy a hunt. They got lost, and the ship sailed away and left them. After wandering through the forests for many days Belisle's two comrades perished from hunger. Belisle fell in with some coast Indians, who treated him very cruelly. They striped him of his clothing, and would have tortured him to death with fire had not an old squaw interfered in his favor. He had been a prisoner with the Indians for a long time. St. Denis gave Belisle an office in his government, and put him in the way of making money.

St. Denis was slain in a battle with the Indians on the frontier of his country, and after his death the affairs of the colony fell into disorder. At the time of St. Denis' death there were about 300 white people who claimed the protection of his government, and they were nearly all in prosperous circumstances. Many of them had accumulated fortunes trading with the Indians, and St. Denis himself was said to have had in his possession more than $100,000 in gold. Had he lived a few years longer he would have anticipated the work of Austin and Houston, and firmly established a government in Texas that Mexico could not have overthrown 100 years before the battle of San Jacinto was fought.—Globe-Democrat.

Creamed Oysters.

For one quart of oysters use one pint of cream. Put the cream over the fire in a double boiler, stirring in a tablespoonful of flour while boiling; season with salt, cayenne and black pepper with a tablespoonful of onion or celery juice and a lump of butter. Let the oysters come to a boil in their own liquor; drain and turn into the cream. Have slices of hot-buttered toast ready and pour the oysters on them.—N. Y. Sun.

Americans Should Visit It.

It is said that of the 5,000 visitors to the Yellowstone National park during the last three years not more than 100 were Americans. If the park was in Europe it would probably be visited by 50,000 Americans a year.

SPONGE CULTURE.

A Proposal to Carry It On by Artificial Means.

Reckless Fishing Threatening to Exterminate the Natural Supply of the Great Producing Centers.

Several causes have recently combined to reduce the supply of sponges in the American market. The paralysis of all industry in Cuba in consequence of the civil war now prevailing there is one of them. The West Indies, Bahamas and Florida are the principal centers of production in this part of the world. Reckless fishing, which threatens to exterminate the sponges, much as similar proceedings do the seals off the coast of Alaska, is another factor in the situation. These facts lend peculiar interest to the proposition recently made to the United States government, through its consular agent at Mitylene, by a Greek named Charalampos Chorphics, to establish the business of artificially cultivating sponges somewhere on the Florida coast, if he can get a concession. A great deal has been done in the past, under the auspices of the national and state fishery commissions, toward restocking American lakes and rivers with trout, bass, shad and salmon, with small fry hatched and nurtured under human management. Artificial means, too, have much to do with the culture of the oyster and the maintenance of the supply of that bivalve. But the reasonableness of the project of Mr. Chrophios does not rest alone on these precedents. Ichyological experts in Washington are said to have shown confidence in its practicability. They say that by taking proper measures the Florida sponge fisheries could be brought to a higher state of productiveness in a few years. The men already engaged in the industry might not, however, relish this interference in behalf of the public.

The tough, soft, elastic, fibrous moss which is to be had at the druggist's, under the name of sponge, is really the skeleton which once supported a whole colony of jelly-like creatures which have built up that structure. These propagate, naturally, in two ways, by means of spores or eggs, and by the formation of buds which eventually split off from the mature polyp. The scientific sponge culturist proceeds on a plan which utilizes both of these methods, but is like a common practice in horticulture. He simply cuts up the tenement house of a colony into a number of pieces, employing a sharp knife or razor for the purpose, and conducting the operation while the pulpy mass is still under water. He is also careful to leave a portion of the original outer surface on each fragment. Each bit may then be loaded with a small stone or other sinker to take it to the bottom again. A few of these sections fail to revive; but the great majority, after an interval of two or three months, begin to thrive and eventually grow to a considerable size.

There are hundreds of distinct species of sponges, but scarcely a dozen are suited to man's use. It is asserted that those which are obtained from Mediterranean waters are the finest in the world; yet the delicate "sheep's wool" and "velvet" sponges of Florida are wonders of softness and beauty. And if a system of artificial culture should come into vogue these choice varieties could be produced almost as abundantly as the coarser grades are now.—N. Y. Tribune.

FRILLS OF FASHION.

Mauve and brown are one of the popular contrasts in millinery.

Torchon and valenciennes patterns combined are the new laces for trimming undergarments.

Blouse waists of velvet or velveteen, with a narrow metal belt, are the correct bodice for skating costumes.

Watches have gradually diminished in size until now the very latest bit of enamel, set round with diamonds, is no larger than a man's signet ring.

One secret of success in dress is to find out the colors which are most becoming and never wander away from these, no matter what the fashion is.

Mahogany-colored hair is the latest fad, and the transition period between dark brown and this coveted shade of red is very interesting to the keen observer.

Satin ribbon two inches wide, plaited on the inside of the skirt at the bottom, is the bulwyeuse which fashion favors just at present. It is more durable than the pinked silk ruffle.

Fine book muslin in all the pretty light tints is used for evening waists for the young girls, and it is made over cheap silk or satin, trimmed with lace and ribbons and worn with light-colored or black silk skirts.

Muff chains of gold with diamonds set at intervals, so that they are open on both sides, are one of the novelties in jewelry. Rubies, sapphires, emeralds and amethysts are also distributed in the same manner.

CRUSOE'S ISLAND DISAPPEARS.

Reported Sinking of Juan Fernandez Land by Volcanic Action.

A few weeks ago a vessel putting in at Lisbon after a trip around Cape Horn, reported the destruction by volcanic action of the Juan Fernandez island, famous as the scene of "Robinson Crusoe." The master claimed to have seen the catastrophe from the deck of his vessel. The report was not given credence at the time by scientific men, and many denials were printed in papers and magazines. But Capt. Powells, of the British ship James Kerr, asserts that the story is generally believed by seafaring men all over the world. The James Kerr has recently arrived from Newcastle, N. S. W., where she was laid up four months on account of the coal mine strike. Capt. Powells met a very large number of master mariners there, and says that the destruction of the island was a matter of common gossip among them. The captain himself has not passed within sight of the island since 1889, when he secured a photograph of it from the deck of his ship. He says that some of the captains who arrived in Newcastle while he was there verified the report, that the island was missing.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - - MARCH 12, 1897.

OF the appointments sent to the senate by President Cleveland, shortly before his term expired, 128 have failed of confirmation.

THE colored divine who furnished the Bible upon which President McKinley took the oath of office has filed an early application for office. Politics manages to slip into every profession.

IT has not as yet been determined by Chairman Dingley and his Republican associates of the late ways and means committee just how much protection the sugar trust is to have in the tariff adjustment. But this is a matter on which the committee will have to reckon with the senate, in which body the trust has many friends. There is not the least doubt, however, that between the senate and the house the sugar trust will receive ample protection and care.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says: All of the officers of the new cabinet have indicated a purpose to go very slowly in the change of personnel in their departments. This not very cheerfnl news to office seekers has been communicated directly to many of the aspirants who have been unable to repress their ambition, and to add to their discomfort it is intimidated in some quarters that there are to be a very few changes in office, save where the incumbent insists upon immediate retirement, for some time to come.

THE London Daily *Chronicle* publishes a dispatch from Athens saying that Greece has 60,000 troops on the frontier, and that the Turkish and Greek outposts are very close in places. For instance at Arta the Turks hold one end of a bridge and the Greeks the other. A Greek general recently while inspecting the frontier was captured by the Ottoman patrol, but was eventually rescued by the troops. The situation on the frontier, the dispatch says, is a dangerous one, and little would be required to set the country ablaze.

THE Pennsylvania legislature has been in session nine weeks, and as yet not a single bill has been sent to the governor for his approval. The senate has passed finally 48 bills and the house 25. The governor has signed a number of resolutions and vetoed two, one being a Cuban resolution, which he vetoed because he had signed a similar one. The other veto was the resolution that the new capitol should be built strictly of Pennsylvania material and by Pennsylvania labor. It is always remarked that the legislature in session is the most inefficient and lazy we have ever had. There is a powerful sight of truth in the ancient chestnut as applied to the existing body of lawmakers.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says: Postmaster-General Gary has not yet announced his policy regarding either presidential or fourth-class postmasters. Before he comes to a definite decision as to whether postmasters will be allowed to serve out their terms he will have a consultation with the president. As all presidential postmasters are commissioned for four years, little doubt is entertained at the department that they will be allowed to serve out their terms save in exceptional cases, where circumstances may warrant early changes. Fourth-class postmasters are not commissioned for four years, but are appointed to serve at the pleasure of the postmaster-general. It is not probable that the changes will begin until a new fourth assistant is appointed, at an early day.

AFTER stating, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, that the appropriations of the Fifty-fourth congress are $1,043,437,018, Chairman Cannon, of the appropriations committee, says, "the appropriations are, in my judgment, in excess of the legitimate demands of the public service." Mr. Sayres, of the minority of the same committee, makes the total appropriations of this congress $54,197,812 in excess of the Fifty-third congress; $16,632,470 over the Fifty-second congress, and $7,757,908 in excess of the Ffty-first congress.

It was the Fifty-first congress that began the "Billion Dollar Country" style of extravagance in appropriation, partly to get rid of the surplus in the treasury which had for a long time been a heavy argument against high tariff. Anything and everything that asked money got it and pensions were given a new boom. These extravagances not only cleaned out the treasury but, with other extravagances, saddled the Democratic congress with fixed charges which could not be reduced nor left unpaid. Mr. Cannon, in his remarks on the appropriations, endeavors to add to the Democratic figures he quotes in various ways, but he says nothing about expenditures compelled by previous Republican legislation.

The Republican congress has gone to utmost limit in spending the people's money and is floundering about for excuses. A billion dollars is an outrageous sum of money to be spent by one congress in an endeavor to show that a certain tariff law does not produce desired revenue. It is shameful extravagance for a more shameful purpose. with all the fixed charges created by a Republican predecessor the Democratic congress showed how economy was practical and it practiced economy. There was nothing to prevent the Ffty-fourth congress doing the same thing, that is nothing which a patriotic congress would find preventive. But the Fifty-fourth had something beside economy in view. There is a high tariff bill to be passed and the necessity for it must be made somewhat apparent. The people are being robbed to glut the rapacity of the Republican machine.

NOTWITHSTANDING the fact that libel suits have been brought against Rev. Dr. Swallow, of Harrisburg, editor of the *Pennsylvania Methodist*, by certain state officials, there is much uneasiness in official circles over the outcome. There is a growing fear that Dr. Swallow knows more than has been generally anticipated. It is rumored that private detectives had been quietly at work for some time and that Dr. Swallow only formulated and made public his allegations after he felt confident of his position and in expectation of actions for libel. Instead of recanting or showing a disposition to modify his charges, Dr. Swallow has practically repeated them as strongly, if not stronger, than before in an open letter to Governor Hastings, published last week.

Dr. Swallows' allegations,, which he said he was ready to substantiate by evidence, and which the actions for libel will require him to do, if he can, are in substance as follows: That persons have been paid money out of the state treasury who rendered no service to the state: that persons who did render service were asked to sign receipts for two, three and four times as much money as they received; that new metal furnishings have been paid for by the state and the old furnishings cleaned and made to personate the new ones; that articles furnished the soldiers' orphan schools cost the state eight fold more than reliable bidders asked; that repairs, changes and alterations in the capitol buildings, grounds, executive mansion and Grace Church (where the legislature now meets) cost the state many thousands of dollars more than they should have done, and that the money did not go to the persons furnishing the materials and labor; that there "is convincing evidence of criminal carelessness and neglect on the part of state house custodians, and, presumptive evidence of criminal intent" in the destruction by fire of the state capitol building; that valuable furniture and furnishings bought for the state are now in use in private homes without any compensation for the same having come to the state.

ON Saturday President McKinley issued a proclamation calling congress in extra session on Monday March 15th. The proclamation is as follows:

"Whereas, public interests require that the congress of the United States should be convened in extra session at 12 o'clock on the 15th day of March, 1897, to receive such communication as may be made by the executive.

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the congress of the United States to convene in extra session at the capitol in the city of Washington on the 15th day of March, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members thereof are hereby required to take notice.

"Given under my hand and the seal of the United States at Washington on the 6th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-first.

THE crop report of the department of agriculture, based on returns from three independent sets of regular correspondents, added to several thousands from mills and elevators, all carefally combined and weighed, relates principally to the distribution of principal grains. The stocks remaining on farms and the proportion of merchantable and unmerchantable grain in the hands of farmers, including amounts remaining over from previous years, are included in the estimates given.

The corn on hand is estimated aggregating 1,64,000,000 bushels against 1,072,000,000 in March, 1896. Both the proportion and the quantity in original hands at this date are unprecedented, although closely approached last year and in March, 1890. The wheat reserves in farmers' hands amount to 20 6 per cent. of the crop or 88,000,000 bushels against 123,000,000 bushels last year. Of this amount 3 per cent, is reported as coming over from previous crops. Of oats there are 313,000,000 bushels or 44.2 per cent. of the 1896 crop yet in farmers' hands.

THE house of representatives passed without amendment and with only 20 minutes to each side for "debate" the sundry civil appropriation bill, carrying $50,644,743.

Fifty millions in 40 minutes!

But extravagance is not the worst feature of the bill. It is loaded down with jobbery. Every public building and river and harbor grab that the committee dared to adopt—including more than $7,000,000 for states represented by members of the committee—was put into this bill. It was openly asserted upon the floor, and by a Republican member, that these items were tacked on to a general appropriation bill in order to avoid a veto.

Some time this country will have a president possessed of sufficient courage to veto every general appropriation bill that comes to him freighted with log rolled schemes of jobbery and plunder. Until then, apparently, the people must put up with billion dollar appropriations in the face of a $50,000,000 deficiency.

SINCE President William McKinley has unpacked his grip sack in the white house at Washington, wage reductions in Pittsburg and its vicinity have been announced as follows:

National tube works, McKeesport, employing 5,000 men. Pennsylvania tube works. Pittsburg, employing 1,000 men. Standard manufacturing company. Allegheny, employing 500 men. Keystone rolling mill, Pittsburg, employing 300 men. The reductions average 10 per cent.

Washington Letter.

Washington, February 5th, 1897.—The inauguration of the millionaire's president was pulled off in a manner gorgeous enough to be in keeping with cost of electing him, which is said to have exceeded $16,000,000. Everything was conducted on the most lavish scale, from the personal escort from Cleveland, Ohio, with their black horses, for which $10,000 was spent, to the ten thousand electric lights of variegated colors used in illuminating the costly decorations for the inaugural ball in the big court of the Pension building. It was a millionaire's event from start to finish, and the talk of the millionaire's agent, otherwise known as King Hanna, indicates that it is to be a millionaire' administration, notwithstanding the platitudes of McKinley's inaugural address Never before were there so many private railway cars in Washington at one time and never before was so much money spent at and upon an inauguration It is very evident that the millionaire's expect McKinley's administration to bring them prosperity, whatever it may do for the poor. When they invest their money they always expect, and they usually get, return in dollars and cents.

Hon. Wm. J. Bryan, who spent two days in Washington this week, divided his time between conferences with leading Democrats and social intercourse with his extensive circle of personal friends, but declined to remain for the inauguration of his successful rival, said to those who proffered him their support for 1900 that he was not thinking so much about the next presidential campaign as about the condition of the people, between now and then. He also expressed his sincere regret that the promises "McKinley Prosperity" had not come to the country. It is a remarkable fact about Mr. Bryan that his hold upon Democrats has increased since his defeat, instead of diminishing, as is usual in the case of defeated candidates of all parties.

The silver men are not surprised at the failure of the Fifty-fourth Congress to admit Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma as states, and they expect no better from the Ffty-fifth Congress, as the edict has gone forth from the Republican bosses that none of the territories shall be admitted, because it is known that they would all send silver senators. But the silver men expect to control the house that will be elected in November1898, and as they will certainly retain control of the senate, to have the territories all admitted to statehood before the opening of the campaign of 1900.

Ex-Postmaster General Wilson left the fraud charges again St. John Wedderburn & Co. and the National *Recorder*, their paper, which were filed with the post-office department a few days ago by fifty-five of Washington's leading patent lawyers, to be acted upon by his successor. The head of thefirm of Wedderburn & Co., is the man who started the Examiner Claims Bureau and the Press Claims Co., both of which, during their existence, had extensive dealings with newspaper publishers and figured in suits in court.

Senator Teller thus stated his opinion of the relations of Mr. McKinley toward the monetary conference bill, which passed with the house amendments: "If the new president has any sympathy for an international agreement, it must be judged from his votes in the house, and not from anything he has said since his nomination, for, except ing the prefunctory acceptance of platform, his every utterance has indicated that he has gone over to the gold standard, and will remain there."

Senator Tillman was the central figure in the most dramatic incident of the closing week of congress. He charged in impassioned tones that the two corporations which have a monopoly of making armor plate for the government have agents in the senate and when Senator Hawley, of Conn., protested against the charge he repeated it, and intimated very plainly that Hawley was one of the agents. There was a time when such a charge would have resulted in trouble outside of the senate chamber, but senators no longer fight with any other weapons than their tongues.

Mr. Cleveland vetoed the immigration bill, on the ground that it was a departure from our national policy that would impose hardships upon deserving people. The house passed it over the veto, but the senate did not try.

It is noteworthy that the harshest criticisms of the manifiest weakness, both from a business and political point of view, of the men in McKinley's cabinet, have come from those who are classed as Republican leaders. Of course this criticism is as yet only privately expressed, but it indicates that unless McKinley walk the chalk line he will soon find himself confronted by formidable Republican opposition.

Mr. McKinley's little bluff about not taking up the question of appointments for a month or so, intended to keep some of the office seekers away from Washington, did not work worth a cent They have turned up in swarms and are making things lively for King Hanna as well as for Mr. McKinley. The only prosperity they see ahead lies in the public trough. M.

Decapitated by a Car.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 8.—J. D. Burton, a collector for the Gebble Publishing House, of Philadelphia, was decapitated in front of his residence, 4727 Liberty avenue, by a Consolidated trolley car to day. One car was coming toward the city and another was going toward Wilkinsburg, when Burton attempted to pass in front of the cars. He was struck by one and knocked under that on the other track.

Burton's wife is sick, and her friends are afraid to make known to her the tragic death of her husband, fearing the shock may kill her.

A School Teacher's Suicide.

Reading Pa., March 9.—Miss Isabella Fulton, 38 years old, a Chicago school teacher, who came to this city a few days ago to visit her sister. a Reading school teacher, committed suicide yesterday by throwing herself in front of a train on the Pennsylvania railroad. Her body was frightfully mangled, her left hand being cut off at the wrist and her lungs torn out. Miss Fulton had been suffering with nervous prostration for some time, and came to this city to recuperate.

Arrangements Made by Carnegie.

Harrisburg, March 10.—An apparently authetic report is in circulation to the effect that Carnegie has entered into an agreement with the Pennsylvania Stell company with soft steel billets a dollar a ton less than it costs to make the same at Steelton, and that in consideration of this all Carnegie rails for water shipnent are to be rolled by the Pennsslvania Steel company plant at Sparrow's Point, Md., A $20,000 orderfor rails will be transferred from Steelton to Sparrow" Point.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Only the Reporters Were Scared.

Washington March 4.—Just as the carriage containing Mr. Cleveland and Major McKinley, as they were on their way to the capitol, turned the corner of Fifteenth street into Pennsylvania avenue, at the southeastern end of the treasury building a halt occurred, and while it lasted one of the four spirited horses that drew the white house victoria, quivering with excitement at the music and the shouts, slipped on the asphalt and fell in a heap after an exciting performance on his hind legs This tended to excite the other beasts and for a minute or two the mishap gave evidence of serious results. Half a dozen policemen and aids rushed to the assistance of the fallen animal and helped him to his feet, while other caught the bridles of the remaining three to keep mettlesome beasts from running away Coachman Beckett wrapped the reins around his gloved hand and sat cool and collected on his seat, while the active brewer leaped from the footman's perch to lend assistance to the policemen and the rest. President Cleveland and the president-elect were laughing together at the time, neither appeared in the least startled and continued their conversation when the fallen wheel horse had regained his feet.

Father's Futile Heroism.

Millville, N. J., March 7.—The little village of Bivalve is in mourning to day over the shocking death of a 4 year-old daughter of Elihu Reed and the destruction of his home by fire last night. Mr Reed's three children were playing around a table when accidentally knocked over a lamp Within a minute the whole building was in flames. The father was lying on a sofa and quickly jumping up he carried two of the children to the yard, but when he rushed back for little Bertha the whole building was crackling and the little child, whose screams could be heard, perished in the fire. When she screamed "Papa," Reed, with a burned face and hands, rushed in the burning building. but by the quick assistance of neighbors he, too, was saved. Wringing their hands, father and mother nearly went wild with grief. Little Bertha was one of the favorite children in the village and was considered very bright for her age. The blackened bones of the little one were found in the ruins this morning.

Uncle Sam Outwitted

Carabelle, Fla., March 8.—It is learned to-night on good authority that the Cubans got ahead of Uncle Sam after all and that a big load of arms and ammunition escaped the watchful eyes of the cruisers, getting off under their very noses. The story is that a vessel was loaded with baled cotton, the arms being concealed in some of the bales, which were hollow, and under them. The vessel was stopped in the gulf by a cruiser, but the cargo was so innocent looking she was allowed to proceed.

It is is said that over 1,000 rifles, 750 sabres or machetes, 100,000 rounds ammunition, six cans of dynamite and a large supply of medicines were in the cargo. Cubans here are laughing heartily over the joke played on Uncle Sam, but they will not give any further details nor allow name of vessel to be used.

Wild Man Arrested.

Cumberland. Md., March 7.—Reuben Whitmore, a wild man, has been arrested in Rocky Rrdge mountain, some miles east of this city, where he was found living in a dilapidated shanty, with a dozen or more chickens as his companions. On several joccasions he has frightened people almost to death.

He had an old blanket, torn in shreds wrapped about his person, while his hair hung down his back in matted locks at least two feet long. He was known as "Buffalo Bill," and was once a respected citizen. He has some property coming to him through the death of a relative, and a jury will be empaneled and an effort made to send him to some public institution.

Indian Witches Killed.

Guthrie, Okla., March 7.—Lucy Factor, accused of witchcraft, has been murdered at Stonewall, I. T. several days ago. Mrs. Mary Gilchrist, daughter of Julian Collins, of that place, died. Witchcraft was given as the cause of death, and the Factor woman was named as the witch who had cast the evil spells.

Edward Gilchrist, husband of the dead woman, and a friend went to Lucy Factor's home and shot her to death. All the parties are Indians. Gilchrist and his companion were arrested by the tribal authorities, but were speedily released, not even being bound over for trial.

To Obliterate a Town.

Clinton, Mass., March 9.—Preparations for the unusual proceeding of obliterating an entire town are nearly completed by the Metropolitan water commissioner, to whom has been granted the atthority to root out the town of Wesl Roylston, which lies in the midst of a tract of land to be vsed in the construction of the mammoth Nashua river basin, which is to supply the city of Boston and its suburbs with water. A railroad, several churches, cemeteries and factories, bosides stores, residences and buildings of other descriptions will be either removed or torn down.

Pittsburg's Fattest Woman.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 9.—Mrs., Ruth Hollar, who weighed 400 ponnds, died at her home in Allegheny, to-day, of fatty degeneration of the heart. Within the last three years Mrs. Holler had increased in weight from scarcely 100 pounds to over 400 pounds. During the past six months she has lived in the second-story of her home, being unable, on acconnt of her enormous size, to get either up or down stairs. She was only about four feet five inches in height.

A Welcome Usher of '97.

The beginning of the new year will have a welcome usher in the shape of a fresh Almanac, descriptive of the origin, nature and uses of the national tonic and alternative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Combined with the descriptive matter will be found calendar and astronomical calculations absolutely reliable for correctness, statistics, illustrations, verses carefully selected, and other mental food highly profitable and entertaining. On this pamphlet, published and printed annually by The Hostetter Company, of Pittsburg, 60 hands are employed in the mechanical department alone. Eleven months are devoted to its preparation. It is procurable free, of druggists and country dealers everywhere, and is printed in English, German, French, Spanish, Welsh, Norwegian, Holland, Swedish and Bohemian.

PROTEST FROM GREECE

The Powers Made a Consul Leave Crete.

RUSSIA COERCING THE NATION.

Fighting Between the Insurgents and Mussulmans Ceases—The Cretans Getting Out of Range of the War Vessels. Massacre Confirmed.

ATHENS, March 10.—The government has formally protested to the powers against the expulsion of the Greek consul from Crete.

The Turkish garrison has repulsed an attack on Hierapetra by 2,000 Christians, who occupied strategic points near the town.

The Greek torpedo flotilla, under the command of Prince George, has been

FATHER MALECOS.
A Noted Cretan Leader.

ordered to join the eastern squadron of the Greek fleet.

It is reported that the Turkish minister has asked to be recalled, as he fears his life is in danger.

Dr. Temple, archbishop of Canterbury, has sent a dispatch to The Metropolitan of Athens, in which he says that the Established Church of England is praying earnestly to Almighty God to give the Cretans liberty. justice and peace.

The reserves continue to arrive from the provinces and the greatest enthusiasm is dispayed.

LONDON, March 10.—The Athens correspondent of The Times understands that a Greek squadron is blockading several Turkish vessels in the Ambracian gulf.

The Athens correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says: The kernel of the situation is the fact, inexplicable to everybody here, that Russia is pursuing Greece with terrible vindictiveness.

It is stated in official circles that the renewal of fighting between the insurgents and the Turks in the island of Crete will compel the powers to immediately take measures to expel the Greeks from that island and to land foreign troops there.

CANEA, Island of Crete, March 10.—The Greek vice consul and his staff and all the Greek newspaper correspondents, in obedience to Admiral Canevaro, have embarked here for Greece.

The fighting between the insurgents and the cordon of Turkish troops drawn around Akrotiri has ceased, and the insurgents are now removing their camp with a view to avoiding a naval bombardment.

It has been ascertained by the foreign consuls at Candia that the report, formerly denied, of the massacre of 400 persons in villages in the Sitia district, is correct.

LEXOW'S REPORT ON TRUSTS.

A Line of Action Suggested—Immunity For Witnesses Wanted.

ALBANY, March 10.—The report of the joint committee on trusts, which held several sessions in New York city last month, has been submitted to the legislature. It notes the fact that a decision of Judge Swayne on the federal constitution forbids action on the part of an individual state to absolutely repress trusts, but the committee express the belief that the attorney general can, by bringing action before a supreme court judge, in some respects remedy existing evils. A bill, which accompanies the report, grants immunity for witnesses who incriminate themselves and gives the supreme court the subpoena power.

A bill may be introduced to stop the factor system as it is used by the sugar trust.

Senator McCarren files a minority report, exonerating the sugar trust and saying that the trust has made possible lower prices for that commodity.

THREE VICTIMS OF A FIRE.

Three Floors of a Flat Building Gutted In Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Three floors of a five-story flat building at Auburn and Canton street, Brooklyn, have been gutted by fire.

Mrs. Annie Duncan, on the fourth floor, jumped from a window with her infant.

In the descent the infant slipped from her grasp and fell into the gutter, being instantly killed. The mother struck a coping on the first floor and then fell to the street. Her skull was fractured and a leg and arm broken. She died afterward.

Charles Goddard, 40 years old, a consumptive, while trying to escape was overcome by the smoke and suffocated.

DEMOCRATIC HOUSE LEADER.

A Spirited Fight Going on For the Honor.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—There is quite a spirited contest going on among the house Democrats over the nomination for speaker in the Democratic caucus, because the position gives the successful man the leadership of the minority, a place on the committee on rules and possibly ways and means.

There is now a three-cornered fight for the place, McMillin and Richardson of Tennessee and Bailey of Texas being the candidates. It was also said that Bland of Missouri would be a candidate, but if he is the fact is not known by the Democratic leaders. The present outlook is that Bailey is in the lead.

—A mine cave-in under the town of Wyoming, Pa., wrecked a number of buildings.

—An explosion of gas in a Boston subway caused the death of 9 persons and the injury of a dozen more.

B. & B.

All the business we get, we want to come to come to us by preference—and we're ready to show you our reasons for expecting such preference.

Write for samples of the following—they'll show it:

Irish Dimities, white grounds with colored stripes or figures, 6 1-4c. to 12 1-2c.

Fine French Organdies, 25c., 30c., 35c

American Organdies, 12 1-2c., 15c., 20c., 25c.

New Etamines—open work effects—25c.—white grounds with colored stripes and checks—good enough weight to make up without linings—just the thing for children's nice dresses.

Tissues, Zephyrines, Gazines, 25c.—handsome new fabrics—light colors, navy blues and blacks, stripes and checks, splendid for shirt waists or entire gowns.

40 inch striped and figured Lawns, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c. a yard.

New Wash Goods, 5c. to $1 25.

We're ready to show you as many more reasons as you want—samples and prices of New Suitings, 75c. to $3 50—American all-wool Dress Goods, 25c., 35c., 40c.—New Silks and Black Goods, or other piece goods.

Then when you do buy here, you'll know yourself it's because of a preference that benefits you and your pocketbook—and we'll know that we got your business by meriting it, as we're determined we shall. Samples free, if you write.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

For Your Protection.—Catarrah "Cures" or Tonics for Catarrah in liquid form to be taken internally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrah is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrah will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breadth, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to ally inflammation and heal the membrane. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowleged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

nov 10 94 ly.

R. L. JOHNSTON, M. J. BUCK, A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.

Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,

JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

Owens & Makin,

BUTCHERS,

All kinds of the Best Meat from selected stock kept at their Daily Meat Market on High Street, Ebensburg.

Give us a call.

sep4.96

1794. 1895.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

THE KEELEY CURE

Is a special boon to business men who, having drifted unconsciously into the drink habit and awaken to find the disease of alcoholism fastened upon them, rendering them unfit to manage affairs requiring a clear brain. A four weeks' course of treatment at the

PITTSBURG KEELEY INSTITUTE,

No. 4246 Fifth Avenue,

restores to them all their powers, mental and physical, destroys the abnormal appetite, and restores them to the condition they were in before they indulged in stimulants. This has been done in more than 1600 cases treated here, and among them some of your own neighbors, to whom we can refer with confidence as to the absolute safety and efficiency of the Keeley Cure. The fullest and most searching investigation is invited. Send for pamphlet giving full information.

aug 2 94.

CANCER and Tumors CURED; no knife; book free. Drs. GRATIGNY & BUSH, 168 Elm St. Cincinnati, O.

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE

Having made some extensive improvements in the

OLD SHENKLE MILL

we are now prepared to turn out FIRST-CLASS WORK on Short Notice. Soliciting a portion of your patronage, I remain

S. D. LUDWIG,

PROPRIETOR.

When You Visit

ALTOONA

CALL AT

JOHN McCONNELL'S CLOTHING STORE,

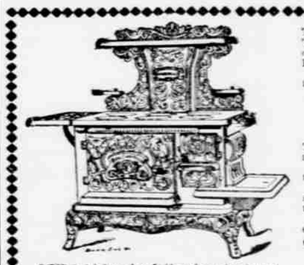
1300 ELEVENTH AVENUE,

where you will find the largest, finest and best selected stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods to be found in the city.

Cambria County people who have been dealing with us in the past will find the same reliable goods that we have always been selling and at the lowest prices to be found in the city.

JOHN M'CONNELL,

1300 Eleventh Avenue, Altoona, Pa.



THERE IS NOTHING

That enters into the home that adds more to the comfort, healthfulness and happiness than a Kitchen Stove.

The most careful attention is given to every mixture of the

CINDERELLA STOVES & RANGES

They are constructed to meet every requirement and nothing is left undone to make them perfect. They are the result of the best experience, material and workmanship.

You cannot find many cooking appliances that so closely meets every want or the housewife as the CINDERELLA.

Noted for their durability, cleanliness and economy.

GOOD BAKERS, PERFECT ROASTERS

Sold with that understanding.

Sold by the following dealers:

EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrick. HASTINGS—I. L. Binder. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LILLY—F. C. George. SOUTH FORK—N. S. George & Son. Others to follow.

Let Us Reason a Little.

If your horse casts a shoe, you get a horse shoer to reset it.

If you need a perplexing legal question solved, you go to a lawyer.

If you fall ill you have a Doctor to tell you what to take.

It is their Experience and Skill You Pay For.

Then why make an exception in the purchase of your Drugs? If you have their recipe or a prescription to fill, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Drugs, Patent Medicines, or anything to purchase that a store devoted to Drugs may keep, don't be foolish to confound quality with quantity and get an inferior article.

WE HAVE THE BEST.

DAVISON'S - DRUG - STORE

A Great Magazine Offer.

3 FOR 1

3 FOR 1

The regular subscription price of "DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE," "JUDGE'S LIBRARY," AND "FUNNY PICTURES" is $3.00. We will send all three to you for one year for $2.00 or 6 mos. for $1.

"DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE" is by far the best family magazine publishing; there is none of our monthlies in which the beautiful and the useful, pleasure and profit, fashion and literature are so fully presented as in Demorest's. There is, in fact, no publication pretending to a similar scope and purpose which can compare with it. Every number contains a free pattern coupon.

"JUDGE'S LIBRARY" is a monthly magazine of fun, filled with illustrations of cature and replete with wit and humor. Its contributors are the best of American wits and illustrators.

"FUNNY PICTURES" is another humorous monthly; there is a laugh in every line of it. All three of these magazines are handsomely gotten up. You should not miss this chance to secure them.

Cut here and return Coupon properly filled out.

Demorest Publishing Co., 110 Fifth Avenue, New York.

For the enclosed $2.00 please send send DEMOREST'S FAMILY MAGAZINE, JUDGE'S LIBRARY (a magazine of fun,) and FUNNY PICTURES for one year as per your offer.

Name _____

Post-office _____

Date _____ State _____

The New York Sun.

The first of American Newspapers, CHARLES A. DANA Editor.

The American Constitution, the American Idea, the American Spirit, These first, last, and all the time, forever.

Daily, by mail, - - - - $6 a year.

Daily and Sunday, by mail, - $8 a year.

The SUNDAY SUN

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the World.

Price 5c. a copy, By mail, $2 a year.

Address THE SUN, New York.

THE FREEMAN and the Semi-Weekly Pittsburg Post at only $2.00 a year. All the news.

S. L. REED. MATTHEW'S REED.

REED & READE,

Attorneys at Law,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

Office on Centre street.

KITTELL & LITTLE,

Attorneys at Law,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Office in Opera House.

T. W. DICK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

EBENSBURG, PENN'A

Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc.

J. F. McKENRICK,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

EBENSBURG, - - PA

Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

EBENSBURG, PENN'A.

Office in Opera House, Center street.

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm; staple goods; quick sale. SAMPLE FREE. Good opportunity. Gen. E. [illegible], 849 Broadway, N. Y.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - - MARCH 12, 1897.

Of the appointments sent to the senate by President Cleveland, shortly before his term expired, 128 have failed of confirmation.

THE colored divine who furnished the Bible upon which President McKinley took the oath of office has filed an early application for office. Politics manages to slip into every profession.

IT has not as yet been determined by Chairman Dingley and his Republican associates of the late ways and means committee just how much protection the sugar trust is to have in the tariff adjustment:. But this is a matter on which the committee will have to reckon with the senate, in which body the trust has many friends. There is not the least doubt, however, that between the senate and the house the sugar trust will receive ample protection and care.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says: All of the officers of the new cabinet have indicated a purpose to go very slowly in the change of personnel in their depart ments. This not very cheerfnl news to office seekers has been communicated directly to many of the aspirants who have been unable to repress their ambition, and to add to their discomfort it is intimidated in some quarters that there are to be a very few changes in office, save where the incumbent insists upon immediate retirement, for some time to come.

THE London Daily *Chrouicle* publishes a dispatch from Athens saying that Greece has 60,000 troops on the frontier, and that the Turkish and Greek outposts are very close in places. For instance at Arta the Turks hold one end of a bridge and the Greeks the other. A Greek general recently while inspecting the frontier was captured by the Ottoman patrol, but was eventually rescued by the troops. The situation on the frontier, the dispatch says, is a danger ous one, and little would be required to set the country ablaze.

THE Pennsylvania legislature has been in session nine weeks, and as yet not a single bill has been sent to the governor for his approval. The senate has passed finally 48 bills and the house 25. The governor has signed a number of resolutions and vetoed two, one being a Cuban resolution, which he vetoed because he had signed a similar one. The other veto was the resolution that the new capitol should be built strictly of Pennsylvania material and by Pennsylvania labor. It is always remarked that the legislature in session is the most inefficient and lazy we have ever had. There is a powerful sight of truth in the ancient chestnut as applied to the existing body of lawmakers.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says: Postmaster-General Gary has not yet announced his policy regarding either presidential or fourth-class postmasters. Be fore he comes to a definite decision as to whether postmasters will be allowed to serve out their terms he will have a consultation with the president. As all presidential postmasters are commissioned for four years, little doubt is entertained at the department that they will be allowed to serve out their terms save in exceptional cases, where circumstances may warrant early changes. Fourth-class postmasters are not commissioned for four years, but are appointed to serve at the pleasure of the postmaster-general. It is not probable that the changes will begin until a new fourth assistant is appointed, at an early day.

AFTER stating, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, that the appropriations of the Fifty-fourth congress are $1,043,437,018, Chairman Cannon, of the appropriations committee, says, "the appropriations are, in my judgment, in excess of the legitimate demands of the public service." Mr. Sayres, of the minority of the same committee, makes the total appropriations of this congress $54,197,-812 in excess of the Fifty-third congress; $16,632,470 over the Fifty-second congress, and $7,757,908 in excess of the Ffty-first congress.

It was the Fifty-first congress that began the "Billion Dollar Country" style of extravagance in appropriation, partly to get rid of the surplus in the treasury which had for a long time been a heavy argument against high tariff. Anything and everything that asked money got it and pensions were given a new boom. These extravagances not only cleaned out the treasury but, with other extravagances, saddled the Democratic congress with fixed charges which could not be reduced nor left unpaid. Mr. Cannon, in his remarks on the appropriations, endeavors to add to the Democratic figures he quotes in various ways, but he says nothing about expenditures compelled by previous Republican legislation.

The Republican congress has gone to utmost limit in spending the people's money and is floundering about for excuses. A billion dollars is an outrageous sum of money to be spent by one congress in an endeavor to show that a certain tariff law does not produce desired revenue. It is shameful extravagance for a more shameful purpose. with all the fixed charges created by a Republican predecessor the Democratic congress showed how economy was practical and it practiced economy. There was n o hing to prevent the Ffty-fourth congress doing the same thing, that is nothing which a patriotic congress would find preventive. But the Fifty-fourth had something beside economy in view. There is a high tariff bill to be passed and the necessity for it must be made somewhat apparent. The people are being robbed to glut the rapacity of the Republican machine.

NOTWITHSTANDING the fact that libel suits have been brought against Rev. Dr. Swallow, of Harrisburg, editor of the *Pennsylvania Methodist*, by certain state officials, there is much uneasiness in official circles over the outcome. There is a growing fear that Dr. Swallow knows more than has been generally anticipated. It is rumored that private detectives had been quietly at work for some time and that Dr. Swallow only formulated and made public his allegations after he felt confident of his position and in expectation of actions for libel. Instead of recanting or showing a disposition to modify his charges, Dr. Swallow has practically repeated them as strongly, if not stronger, than before in an open letter to Governor Hastings, published last week.

Dr. Swallows' allegations,, which he said he was ready to substantiate by evidence, and which the actions for libel will require him to do, if he can, are in substance as follows: That persons have been paid money out of the state treasury who rendered no service to the state: that persons who did render service were asked to sign receipts for two, three and four times as much money as they received; that new metal furnishings have been paid for by the state and the old furnishings cleaned and made to personate the new ones; that articles furnished the soldiers' orphan schools cost the state eight fold more than reliable bidders asked; that repairs, changes and alterations in the capitol buildings, grounds, executive mansion and Grace Church (where the legislature now meets) cost the state many thousands of dollars more than they should have done, and that the money did not go to the persons furnishing the materials and labor; that there "is convincing evidence of criminal carelessness and neglect on the part of state house custodians, and, presumptive evidence of criminal intent" in the destruction by fire of the state capitol building; that valuable furniture and furnishings bought for the state are now in use in private homes without any compensation for the same having come to the state.

ON Saturday President McKinley issued a proclamation calling congress in extra session on Monday March 15th. The proclamation is as follows:

"Whereas, public interests require that the congress of the United States should be convened in extra session at 12 o'clock on the 15th day of March, 1897, to receive such communication as may be made by the executive.

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the congress of the United States to convene in extra session at the capitol in the city of Washington on the 15th day of March, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members thereof are hereby required to take notice.

"Given under my hand and the seal of the United States at Washington on the 6th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-first.

THE crop report of the department of agriculture, based on returns from three independent sets of regular correspondents, added to several thousands from mills and elevators, all carefally combined and weighed, relates principally to the distribution of principal grains. The stocks remaining on farms and the proportion of merchantable and unmerchantable grain in the hands of farmers, including amounts remaining over from previous years, are included in the estimates given.

The corn on hand is estimated aggregating 1,64,000,000 bushels against 1,-072,000,000 in March, 1896. Both the proportion and the quantity in original hands at this date are unprecedented, although closely approached last year and in March, 1890. The wheat reserves in farmers' hands amount to 20 6 per cent. of the crop or 88,000,000 bushels against 123,000,000 bushels last year. Of this amount 3 per cent, is reported as coming over from previous crops. Of oats there are 313,000,000 bushels or 44.2 per cent. of the 1896 crop yet in farmers' hands.

THE house of representatives passed without amendment and with only 20 minutes to each side for "debate" the sundry civil appropriation bill, carrying $50,644,743.

Fifty millions in 40 minutes!

But extravagance is not the worst feature of the bill. It is loaded down with jobbery. Every public building and river and harbor grab that the committee dared to adopt—including more than $7,000,000 for states represented by members of the committee—was put into this bill. It was openly asserted upon the floor, and by a Republican member, that these items were tacked on to a general appropriation bill in order to avoid a veto.

Some time this country will have a president possessed of sufficient courage to veto every general appropriation bill that comes to him freighted with log rolled schemes of jobbery and plunder. Until then, apparently, the people must put up with billion dollar appropriations in the face of a $50,000,000 deficiency.

SINCE President William McKinley has unpacked his grip sack in the white house at Washington, wage reductions in Pittsburg and its vicinity have been announced as follows:

National tube works, McKeesport, employing 5,000 men. Pennsylvania tube works. Pittsburg, employing 1,000 men. Standard manufacturing company. Allegheny, employing 500 men. Keystone rolling mill, Pittsburg, employing 300 men. The reductions average 10 per cent.

Washington Letter.

Washington, February 5th, 1897.—The inauguration of the millionaire's president was pulled off in a manner gorgeous enough to be in keeping with cost of electing him, which is said to have exceeded $16,000,000. Everything was conducted on the most lavish scale. from the personal escort f om Cleveland, Ohio, with their black horses, for which $10,000 was spent, to the ten thousand electric lights of variegated colors used in illuminating the costly decorations for the inaugural ball in the big court of the Pension building. It was a millionaire's event from start to finish, and the talk of the millionaire's agent, otherwise known as King Hanna, indicates that it is to be a millionaire' administration, notwithstanding the platitudes of McKinley's inaugural address Never before were there so many private railway cars in Washington at one time and never before was so much money spent at and upon an inauguraion. It is very evident that the millionaire's expect McKinley's administration to bring them prosperity, whatever it may do for the poor. When they invest their money they always expect, and they usually get, return in dollars and cents.

Hon. Wm. J. Bryan, who spent two days in Washington this week, divided his time between conferences with leading Democrats and social intercourse with his extensive circle of personal friends, but declined to remain for the ina guration of his successful rival, said to those who proffered him their support for 1900 that he was not thinking so much about the next presidential campaign as about the condition of the people, between now and then. He also expressed his sincere regret that the promises "McKinley Prosperity" had not come to the country. It is a remarkable fact about Mr. Bryan that his hold upon Democrats has increased since his defeat, instead of diminishing, as is usual in the case of defeated candidates of all parties.

The silver men are not surprised at the failure of the Fifty-fourth Congress to admit Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma as states, and they expect no better from the Ffty-fifth Congress, as the edict has gone forth from the Republican bosses that none of the territories shall be admitted, because it is known that they would all send silver senators. But the silver men expect to control the house that will be elected in November 1898, and as they will certainly retain control of the senate, to have the territories all admitted to statehood before the opening of the campaign of 1900.

Ex-Postmaster General Wilson left the fraud charges again St. John Wedderburn & Co. and the National *Recorder*, their paper, which were filed with the post-office department a few days ago by fifty-five of Washington's leading patent lawyers, to be acted upon by his successor. The head of the firm of Wedderburn & Co., is the man who started the Examiner Claims Bureau and the Press Claims Co., both of which, during their existence, had extensive dealings with newspaper publishers and figured in suits in court.

Senator Teller thus stated his opinion of the relations of Mr. McKinley toward the monetary conference bill. which passed with the house amendments: "If the new president has any sympathy for an international agreement, it must be judged from his votes in the house, and not from anything he has said since his nomination, for, excepting the prefunctory acceptance of platform, his every utterance has indicated that he has gone over to the gold standard, and will remain there."

Senator Tillman was the central figure in the most dramatic incident of the closing week of congress. He charged in impassioned tones that the two corporations which have a monopoly of making armor plate for the government have agents in the senate and when Senator Hawley, of Conn., protested against the charge he repeated it, and intimated very plainly that Hawley was one of the agents. There was a time when such a charge would have resulted in trouble outside of the senate chamber, but senators no longer fight with any other weapons than their tongues.

Mr, Cleveland vetoed the immigration bill, on the ground that it was a departure from our national policy that would impose hardships upon deserving people. The house passed it over the veto, but the senate did not try.

It is noteworthy that the harshest criticisms of the manifest weakness, both from a business and political point of view, of the men in McKinley's cabinet, have come from those who are classed as Republican leaders. Of course this criticism is as yet only privately expressed, but it indicates that unless McKinley walk the chalk line he will soon find himself confronted by formidable Republican opposition.

Mr. McKinley's little bluff about not taking up the question of appointments for a month or so, intended to keep some of the office seekers away from Washington, did not work worth a cent They have turned up in swarms and are making things lively for King Hanna as well as for Mr. McKinley. The only prosperity they see ahead lies in the public trough. M.

Decapitated by a Car.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 8.—J. D. Burton, a collector for the Gebble Publishing House, of Philadelphia, was decapitated in front of his residence, 4727 Liberty avenue, by a Consolidated trolley car to day. One car was coming toward the city and another was going toward Wilkinsburg, when Burton attempted to pass in front of the cars. He was struck by one and knocked under that on the other track.

Burton's wife is sick, and her friends are afraid to make known to her the tragic death of her husband, fearing the shock may kill her.

A School Teacher's Suicide.

Reading Pa., March 9.—Miss Isabella Fulton, 38 years old, a Chicago school teacher, who came to this city a few days ago to visit her sister. a Reading school teacher, committed suicide yesterday by throwing herself in front of a train on the Pennsylvania railroad. Her body was frightfully mangled, her left hand being cut off at the wrist and her lungs torn out. Miss Fulton bad been suffering with nervous prostration for some time, and came to this city to recuperate.

Arrangements Made by Carnegie.

Harrisburg, March 10.—An apparently authetic report is in circulation to the effect that Carnegie has entered into an agreement with the Pennsylvania Stell company with soft steel billets a dollar a ton less than it costs to make the same at Steelton, and that in consideration of this all Carnegie rails for water shipnent are to be rolled by the Pennsylvania Steel company plant at Sparrow's Point, Md., A $20,000 order for rails will be transferred from Steelton to Sparrow's Point.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Only the Reporters Were Scared.

Washington March 4.—Just as the carriage containing Mr. Cleveland and Major McKinley, as they were on their way to the capitol, turned the corner of Fifteenth street into Pennsylvania avenue, at the southeastern end of the treasury building a halt occurred, and while it lasted one of the four spirited horses that drew the white house victoria, quivering with excitement at the music and the shouts, slipped on the asphalt and fell in a heap after an exciting performance on his hind legs This tended to excite the other beasts and for a minute or two the mishap gave evidence of serious results. Half a dozen policemen and aids rushed to the assistance of the fallen animal and helped him to his feet, while other caught the bridles of the remaining three to keep mettlesome beasts from running away Coachman Beckett wrapped the reins around his gloved hand and sat cool and collected on his seat, while the active brewer leaped from the footman's perch to lend assistance to the policemen and the rest. President Cleveland and the president-elect were laughing together at the time, neither appeared in the least startled and continued their conversation when the fallen wheel horse had regained his feet.

Father's Futile Heroism.

Millville, N. J., March 7.—The little village of Bivalve is in mourning to day over the shocking death of a 4 year-old daughter of Elihu Reed and the destruction of his home by fire last night. Mr Reed's three child ren were playing around a table when accidentally knocked over a lamp Within a minute the whole building was in flames. The father was lying on a sofa and quickly jumping up he carried two of the chil dren to the yard, but when he rushed back for little Bertha the whole building was crackling and the little child, whose screams could be heard, perished in the fire. When she screamed "Papa," Reed, with a burned face and hands, rushed in the burning building, but by the quick assistance of neighbors he, too, was saved. Wringing their hands, father and mother nearly went wild with grief. Little Bertha was one of the favorite children in the village and was considered very bright for her age. The blackened bones of the little one were found in the ruins this morning.

Uncle Sam Outwitted

Carabelle, Fla., March 8.—It is learned to-night on good authority that the Cubans got ahead of Uncle Sam after all and that a big load of arms and ammunition escaped the watchful eyes of the cruisers, getting off under their very noses The story is that a vessel was loaded with baled cotton, the arms being concealed in some of the bales, which were hollow, and under them. The vessel was stopped in the gulf by a cruiser, but the cargo was so innocent looking she was allowed to proceed.

It is is said that over 1,000 rifles, 750 sabres or machetes, 100,000 rounds ammunition, six cans of dynamite and a large supply of medicines were in the cargo. Cubans here are laughing heartily over the joke played on Uncle Sam, but they will not give any further details nor allow name of vessel to be used.

Wild Man Arrested.

Cumberland. Md., March 7.—Reuben Whitmore, a wild man, has been arrested in Rocky Rrdge mountain, some miles east of this city, where he was found living in a dilapidated shanty, with a dozen or more chickens as his companions. On several jocasions he has frightened people almost to death.

He had an old blanket, torn in shreds wrapped about his person, while his hair hung down his back in matted locks at least two feet long. He was known as "Buffalo Bill," and was once a respected citizen. He has some property coming to him through the death of a relative, and a jury will be empaneled and an effort made to send him to some public institution.

Indian Witches Killed.

Guthrie, Okla., March 7.—Lucy Factor, accused of witchcraft, has been murdered at Stonewall, I. T. several days ago. Mrs. Mary Gilchrist, daughter of Julian Collins, of that place, died. Witchcraft was given as the cause of death, and the Factor woman was named as the witch who had cast the evil spells.

Edward Gilchrist, husband of the dead woman, and a friend went to Lucy Factor's home and shot her to death. All the parties are Indians. Gilchrist and his companion were arrested by the tribal authorities, but were speedily released, not even being bound over for trial.

To Obliterate a Town.

Clinton, Mass., March 9.—Preparations for the unusual proceeding of obliterating an entire town are nearly completed by the Metropolitan water commissioner, to whom has been granted the athority to root out the town of Wesl Roylston, which lies in the midst of a tract of land to be vsed in the construction of the mammoth Nashua river basin, which is to supply the city of Boston and its suburbs with water. A railroad, several churches, cemeteries and factories, bosides stores, residences and buildings of other descriptions will be either removed or torn down.

Pittsburg's Fattest Woman.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 9.—Mrs., Ruth Hollar, who weighed 400 ponnds, died at her home in Allegheny, to-day, of fatty degeneration of the heart. Within the last three years Mrs. Holler had increased in weight from scarcely 100 pounds to over 400 pounds. During the past six months she has lived in the second-story of her home, being unable, on accounnt of her enormous size, to get either up or down stairs. She was only about four feet five inches in height.

A Welcome Usher of '97.

The beginning of the new year will have a welcome usher in the shape of a fresh Almanac, descriptive of the origin, nature and uses of the national tonic and alternative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Combined with the descriptive matter will be found calendar and astronomical calculations absolutely reliable for correctness, statistics, illustrations, verses carefully selected, and other mental food highly profitable and entertaining. On this pamphlet, published and printed annually by The Hostetter Company, of Pittsburg, 60 hands are employed in the mechanical department alone. Eleven months are devoted to its preparation. It is procurable free, of druggists and country dealers everywhere, and is printed in English, German, French, Spanish, Welsh, Norwegian, Holland, Swedish and Bohemian.

PROTEST FROM GREECE

The Powers Made a Consul Leave Crete.

RUSSIA COERCING THE NATION.

Fighting Between the Insurgents and Mussulmans Ceases—The Cretans Getting Out of Range of the War Vessels. Massacre Confirmed.

ATHENS, March 10.—The government has formally protested to the powers against the expulsion of the Greek consul from Crete.

The Turkish garrison has repulsed an attack on Hierapetra by 2,000 Christians, who occupied strategic points near the town.

The Greek torpedo flotilla, under the command of Prince George, has been

FATHER MALECOS.
A Noted Cretan Leader.

ordered to join the eastern squadron of the Greek fleet.

It is reported that the Turkish minister has asked to be recalled, as he fears his life is in danger.

Dr. Temple, archbishop of Canterbury, has sent a dispatch to The Metropolitan of Athens, in which he says that the Established Church of England is praying earnestly to Almighty God to give the Cretans liberty, justice and peace.

The reserves continue to arrive from the provinces and the greatest enthusiasm is dispayed.

LONDON, March 10.—The Athens correspondent of The Times understands that a Greek squadron is blockading several Turkish vessels in the Ambracian gulf.

The Athens correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says: The kernel of the situation is the fact, inexplicable to everybody here, that Russia is pursuing Greece with terrible vindictiveness.

It is stated in official circles that the renewal of fighting between the insurgents and the Turks in the island of Crete will compel the powers to immediately take measures to expel the Greeks from that island and to land foreign troops there.

CANEA, Island of Crete, March 10.—The Greek vice consul and his staff and all the Greek newspaper correspondents, in obedience to Admiral Canevaro, have embarked here for Greece.

The fighting between the insurgents and the cordon of Turkish troops drawn around Akrotiri has ceased, and the insurgents are now removing their camp with a view to avoiding a naval bombardment.

It has been ascertained by the foreign consuls at Candia that the report, formerly denied, of the massacre of 400 persons in villages in the Sitia district, is correct.

LEXOW'S REPORT ON TRUSTS.

A Line of Action Suggested—Immunity For Witnesses Wanted.

ALBANY, March 10.—The report of the joint committee on trusts, which held several sessions in New York city last month, has been submitted to the legislature. It notes the fact that a decision of Judge Swayne on the federal constitution forbids action on the part of an individual state to absolutely repress trusts, but the committee express the belief that the attorney general can, by bringing action before a supreme court judge, in some respects remedy existing evils. A bill, which accompanies the report, grants immunity for witnesses who incriminate themselves and gives the supreme court the subpœna power.

A bill may be introdued to stop the factor system as it is used by the sugar trust.

Senator McCarren files a minority report, exonerating the sugar trust and saying that the trust has made possible lower prices for that commodity.

THREE VICTIMS OF A FIRE.

Three Floors of a Flat Building Gutted In Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Three floors of a five-story flat building at Auburn and Canton street, Brooklyn, have been gutted by fire.

Mrs. Annie Duncan, on the fourth floor, jumped from a window with her infant.

In the descent the infant slipped from her grasp and fell into the gutter, being instantly killed. The mother struck a coping on the first floor and then fell to the street. Her skull was fractured and a leg and arm broken. She died afterward.

Charles Goddard, 40 years old, a consumptive, while trying to escape was overcome by the smoke and suffocated.

DEMOCRATIC HOUSE LEADER.

A Spirited Fight Going on For the Honor.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—There is quite a spirited contest going on among the house Democrats over the nomination for speaker in the Democratic caucus, because the position gives the successful man the leadership of the minority, a place on the committee on rules and possibly ways and means.

There is now a three-cornered fight for the place, McMillin and Richardson of Tennessee and Bailey of Texas being the candidates. It was also said that Bland of Missouri would be a candidate, but if he is the fact is not known by the Democratic leaders. The present outlook is that Bailey is in the lead.

—A mine cave-in under the town of Wyoming, Pa., wrecked a number of buildings.

—An explosion of gas in a Boston subway caused the death of 9 persons and the injury of a dozen more.

B. & B.

All the business we get, we want to come to come to us by preference—and we're ready to show you our reasons for expecting such preference.

Write for samples of the following—they'll show it:

Irish Dimities, white grounds with colored stripes or figures, 6 1-4c. to 12 1-2c.

Fine French Organdies, 25c., 30c., 35c

American Organdies, 12 1-2c., 15c., 20c., 25c.

New Etamines—open work effects—25c.—white grounds with colored stripes and checks—good enough weight to make up without linings—just the thing for children's nice dresses.

Tissues, Zephyrines, Gazines, 25c.—handsome new f brics—light colors, navy blues and blacks, stripes and checks, splendid for shirt waists or entire gowns.

40 inch striped and figured Lawns, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c. a yard.

New Wash Goods, 5c. to $1 25.

We're ready to show you as many more reasons as you want—samples and prices of New Suitings, 75c. to $3 50—American all-wool Dress Goods, 25c., 35c., 40c.—New Silks and Black Goods, or other piece goods.

Then when you do buy here, you'll know yourself it's because of a preference that benefits you and your pocketbook—and we'll know that we got your business by meriting it, as we're determined we shall.

Samples free, if you write.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

For Your Protection.—Catarrah "Cures" or Tonics for Catarrah in liquid form to be taken internally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrah is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrah will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breadth, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to ally inflammation and heal the membrane. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowleged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

nov 10 94 1y.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.

Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,

JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

Owens & Makin,

BUTCHERS,

All kinds of the Best Meat from selected stock kept at their Daily Meat Market on High Street, Ebensburg.

Give as a call.

sep4.96

1794. 1895.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

THE KEELEY CURE

Is a special boon to business men who, having drifted unconsciously into the drink habit and awaken to find the disease of alcoholism fastened upon them, rendering them unfit to manage affairs requiring a clear brain. A four weeks' course of treatment at the

PITTSBURG KEELEY INSTITUTE,

No. 4246 Fifth Avenue,

restores to them all their powers, mental and physical, destroys the abnormal appetite, and restores them to the condition they were in before they indulged in stimulants. This has been done in more than 1600 cases treated here, and among them some of your own neighbors, to whom we can refer with confidence as to the absolute safety and efficiency of the Keeley Cure. The fullest and most searching investigation is invited. Send for pamphlet giving full information.

aug 2 94.

CANCER and tumors CURED. No Knife. book free. Drs. GRATIGNY & BOYD, 165 Elm St. Cincinnati, O

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE

Having made some extensive improvements in the

OLD SHENKLE MILL

we are now prepared to turn out FIRST-CLASS WORK on Short Notice. Soliciting a portion of your patronage, I remain

S. D. LUDWIG,

PROPRIETOR.

When You Visit

ALTOONA

CALL AT

JOHN McCONNELL'S CLOTHING STORE,

1300 ELEVENTH AVENUE,

where you will find the largest, finest and best selected stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods to be found in the city.

Cambria County people who have been dealing with us in the past will find the same reliable goods that we have always been selling and at the lowest prices to be found in the city.

JOHN M'CONNELL,

1300 Eleventh Avenue, Altoona, Pa.

THERE IS NOTHING

That enters into the home that adds more to the comfort, healthfulness and happiness than the Kitchen Stove.

The most careful attention is given to manufacture of the

CINDERELLA STOVES & RANGES

They are constructed to meet every requirement, and nothing is left undone to make them perfect.

They are the result of the best experience, material and workmanship.

You cannot find many cooking appliances that so closely meets every want of the housewife as the CINDERELLA.

Noted for their durability, cleanliness and economy.

GOOD BAKERS, PERFECT ROASTERS

Sold with that understanding.

Sold by the following dealers:

EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrick. HASTINGS—I. L. Binder. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LILLY—F. C. George. SOUTH FORK—N. S. George & Son. feb10:6

Let Us Reason a Little.

If your horse casts a shoe, you get a horse shoer to reset it.
If you need a perplexing legal question solved, you go to a lawyer.
If you fall ill you have a Doctor to tell you what to take.

It is their Experience and Skill You Pay For.

Then why make an exception in the purchase of your Drugs? If you have a family recipe or a prescription to fill, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Dyes, Patent Medicines, or anything to purchase that a store devoted to Drugs may keep, beware of folly to confound quality with quantity and get an inferior article.

WE HAVE THE BEST.

DAVISON'S - DRUG - STORE

A Great Magazine Offer.

3 FOR 1

3 FOR 1

The regular subscription price of
"DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE,"
"JUDGE'S LIBRARY," AND
"FUNNY PICTURES" is $3.00.

We will send all three to you for one year for $2.00 or 6 mos. for $1

"DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE" is by far the best family magazine published; there is none of our monthlies in which the beautiful and the useful, pleasure and profit, fashion and literature are so fully presented as in Demorest's. There is, in fact, no publication pretending to a similar scope and purpose which can compare with it. Every number contains a free pattern coupon.

"JUDGE'S LIBRARY" is a monthly magazine of fun, filled with illustrations by the cature and replete with wit and humor. Its contributors are the best of American wits and illustrators.

"FUNNY PICTURES" is another humorous monthly; there is a laugh in every line of it All three of these magazines are handsomely gotten up. You should not miss this chance to secure them.

Cut here and return Coupon properly filled out.

Demorest Publishing Co., 110 Fifth Avenue, New York.

For the enclosed $2 00 please send send DEMOREST'S FAMILY MAGAZINE, JUDGE'S LIBRARY (a magazine of fun,) and FUNNY PICTURES for one year as per your offer.

Name _____

Post-office _____

Date _____ State _____

The New York Sun.

The first of American Newspapers, CHARLES A. DANA Editor.

The American Consiitution, the American Idea, the American Spirit, These first, last, and all the time, forever.

Daily, by mail, - - - - - $6 a year.

Daily and Sunday, by mail, - $8 a year.

The SUNDAY SUN

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the World.

Price 5c. a copy, By mail, $2 a year.

Address THE SUN, New York.

THE FREEMAN and the Semi-Weekly Pittsburg Post at only $2.00 a year. All the news.

S. L. REED. MATTHEW REED

REED & READE,

Attorneys at Law,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

Office on Centre street.

KITTELL & LITTLE,

Attorneys at Law,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Office in Opera House.

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PA.

Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc.

J. F. McKENRICK, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, EBENSBURG, PA.

Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PA.

Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PA.

Office in Opera House, Centre street.

AGENTS WANTED for an old reliable firm to sell goods by sample. SALARY AND EXPENSES paid each week. SAMPLE FREE. Address, quick, sale. SAMPLE FREE. Address, quick, sale. SAMPLE FREE. Address, quick, sale

...mbria Freeman.

...ENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

...DAY. - - - - MARCH 12, 1897.

...LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

...lobins have arrived.

...ge will soon give place to spring

...s have dropped to twelve cents per

...ard of oak timber left Fallen Tim... Monday for Lock Haven.

...J. Burns, of Cresson, was visit... in Ebensburg on Tuesday.

...Betty Dumm, of Barr township, ...ew hours in town on Thursday.

...W. Meisel, of Carroll township, ...ine to Ebensburg on Wednesday.

...Raphael Hite, of Carroll town... a visitor to Ebensburg on Tues...

...Andrew Ling, of Allegheny town... a visitor to Ebensburg on Mon...

...John Banan, of Allegheny town... a visitor to Ebensburg on Wed...

...Lewis E. Kaylor, of Allegheny ...as a visitor to Ebensburg on ...

...Second Monday in April has been ...ed time for holding the next argu...

...wild geese were flying northward ...rely an indication, the weather ...ance of approaching spring.

...Alfred Benny, of the Mountain ...is rebuilding his walls with new ...and otherwise improving that well-...

...The Bank of Johnston Buck & Co., ...Ebensburg post office were moved ...day into rooms in the new Barker ...

...John Brawley, an old citizen of ...is seriously ill with a paralytic ...on the right side. He is reported to ...improving.

...The legislature assembly (88) giving special ...to the children of soldiers of the ...has been declared unconstitution... by Judge Ewing of Pittsburg.

...Thomas Cowan, aged fourteen, son of ...Mr. Patrick Cowan, of Tunnel... died at his home in that place on Wed...day last week after a two days' ill...

...Under the county commissioners ...Mr. Addie Owens, of the East ...Ebensburg, as janitor at the court ...is appointment to take effect on ...April.

...Mrs. A. McGough, of Hollidaysburg, ...with a trolley car on the Logan ...line road on Wednesday even... Baker's station and injured so ...that he died while being conveyed ...Altoona hospital. He was about 45 ...

...The building occupied by Messrs. ...Robinson & Son, marble and gran... dealers in Centre street has been torn ...to give place to a new and more con... ...enience for that enterprising ...firm is temporarily doing busi... ...of the adjoining buildings.

...The cantata "Joseph" will be played ...and sung in this place, for-night ...and to-morrow night. March ...The cantata is full of pret... ...singing and should be well ...The chart of seats is now ...at James' drug store.

...Harry Wilson, of this place, who for ...a year has been traveling in the ...South-west, returned home on ...Friday. He has been clear across ...the continent and from Tacoma, Wasing... ...to the Pacific coast to Mexico. He ...and enjoyed the trip immensely.

...Before going to press we received ...from N. B. Swank, of Johnstown, ...a dealer in all kinds of agri... ...implements, buggies, wagons, ...bicycles, etc., which came too late ...for this issue, but which will ap... ...next week. At the meantime all who ...are contemplating the purchase of any... ...of the above will do well to give him a ...call.

...Mr. Bell, of Blair county, has filed ...a bill in which he holds that con... ...stables are entitled to mileage, but no fees ...for their quarterly returns to court. ...Should the general fee bill act of ...1895 be held as does allowing such ...mileage. The decision means an ...outlay of hundreds of dollars to the ...various constables' prospective ...bills will be correspondingly re...

...Editor Freeman, upon looking over ...his exchanges is lead to observe: ...That mayors are shoveling dirt ...while athletes are preaching the ...gospel, lawyers are carrying the ...paper, practicing law who ought to ...be horses surgeons who ought to ...be in the penitentiary. There are men in the penitentiary ...who are holding positions of ...honor and trust, while others who ought to be ...in the penitentiary.

...A tree was recently cut at a lum... ...near Brockwayville which was a ...giant of the forest. The tree, ...when felled, was 15 feet in circum... ...ference at the butt, and nearly six feet in ...diameter at the top. Twenty-four good saw logs ...were cut, which scaled 4,800 feet board ...measure, the market ...value of which was $100, and the wood will yield ...a number of cords of timber.

...A farmer whose home is in Al... had a narrow escape from being ...killed by the Pennsylvania railroad at ...Gallitzin Monday morning. He is em... ...ployed there and was helping to ...clear away the wreck when he met with the ac... ...cident. He had just coupled two cars ...together on the track. His one leg is ...broken and the other at the ...knee and he was taken to the Johnstown ...hospital.

...Mrs. Graham, a wealthy farmer, ...was found dying in their ...home near Chalybeate, Westmoreland ...county, Wednesday morning, in pools of ...blood. She was conscious, but un... ...able to talk, are expected to die. ...It is said that three assailants were ...in the house boasting about the ...money, and who were after money. ...Officers are searching the surrounding ...country for the criminals.

...For the first time in many years ...a divorce has been granted in Indiana coun... ...ty, outside of the county seat. The new ...divorce is Campbell is the lucky ...man. There were five applications, as ...follows: J. W. Clements, Indiana House; ...Gerhart, American House; Wil... ...son, Clarion House, and H. E. ...Kime, of Glen Campbell, ...were granted all the applications ...at the American House.

...A fire occurred at 11 o'clock on ...Saturday morning in the Berwind-White ...coal plant at Dubois. About 100 men were ...at work at the time, but all got out ex... ...cept. The shaft where the men worked ...is deep, and great precautions had ...been taken to prevent explosions. All the ...miners were rescued in the after... ...noon, four were badly hurt—Hugh ...Gallagher, John Graham, Gomer Hopkins ...and Joe Furman. Their burns are about ...the head and face, but are not serious. ...Others are not injured. Work was re... ...sumed this afternoon.

—Frank Smith an Altoona man, went suddenly insane on religion last Friday and made things decidedly lively for his neighbors. He was arrested and put under restraint and his mental condition will be inquired into by a commission appointed for that purpose.

—The hunter who drags his gun through a hedge muzzle foremost; the wayfarer who pulls his rifle from the back part of his wagon with the dangerous end toward him; the idiot who "did not know it was loaded;" the woman who locks her children in the house while she goes to visit a neighbor, and the man who thaws a stick of dynamite in the kitchen oven, are doing their part almost daily toward removing the surplus population.

—Hugh Smith was arrested and lodged in jail in New Bloomfield, Perry county, on Saturday, on the charge of killing Malinda Snyder, in Liberty valley, twenty-eight years ago. Smith is 76 years old, has a family of grown up children, and been a respected farmer, once well to do, now poor. The charge was made by a neighbor with whom he had a quarrel, he did not deny it, and was given over to a constable.

—The Hollidaysburg correspondent of the Altoona *Times* has this to say in regard to the resumption of the Gaysport blast furnace: "Mr. Thomas Nokes, who cares for and guards the Cambria Iron company's property in Gaysport, denies having any knowledge of the starting of the Gaysport furnace, and says that if Superintendent Vaught, of Johnstown, was here on any errand of that kind he did not see him.

—A charter was issued by the state department last week to the Scalp Level Railroad company to build a line to connect with the South Fork railroad at Lovett station and extend to Scalp Level, Somerset county a distance of ten miles. The company is capitalized at $100,000. F. S. Lewis, of Philadelphia, is president; directors, E. J. Strain, B. H. Taylor, G. W. Young, C. D. Stanger, W. J. Davis, Philadelphia; W. K. Stager, Palmyra, N. J.

—A fire broke out at Mapleton, a small town eight miles east of Huntingdon, Pa., on Monday night, and so threatening were the flames that the Huntingdon fire department was called on for assistance, it being feared the whole town would be wiped out. A dwelling and storeroom occupied by J. L. Hetrick, general merchant together with everything they contained, were entirely destroyed, as was also the dwelling of M. L. Rex. Several other places were badly damaged.

—Newton Kramer Musser, a railroad brakeman, while at work in the Gautier yard at Johnstown, on Tuesday evening, attempted to get on a moving car and by the breaking of the brake wheel, was thrown under the wheels, which passed over both his legs. He was taken to the Cambria hospital where the surgeons amputated one above and the other below the knee. He died, however, three hours afterward. He was born in Centre county and was forty-one years of age. He leaves a wife but no children.

—On Thursday, April 1st., 1897, Miss Joanna Durbin, surviving executrix of the last will and testament of Augustine Durbin, deceased, will offer for sale at her residence in Munster township, 3 cows, 6 heifers, 1 large farm wagon, 1 spring wagon, 2 sleds, harrows, plows, cultivators, hay rake, mowing machine, oats corn, rye, straw, hay, beds and bedding, carpets, chairs, stoves, dishes and other articles of household and kitchen furniture. Also at the same time and place a farm containing 200 acres more or less, see "ad" in another column.

—Rumor says that work on the Pennsylvania Midland railroad, which was begun five years ago, is to be resumed and that the road is to be completed from Bedford to McKee's. The grading between these two points is about completed, and, though the road has no rolling stock, it could easily be finished and equipped with the aid of some outside capital. It is said that there is a possibility of a deal with the Pennsylvania railroad whereby the road will be made an outlet for traffic, the greater portion of which now goes over the Huntingdon and Broad Top lines.

—Mr. Martin Flick, residing in Allegheny township, one-half mile west of Loretto, on the road leading to Kaylor's Station, will offer at public sale at his residence on Saturday, March 20th, 1897, at one o'clock, P. M., 2 horses, 2 fresh cows, 1 yearling bull, 1 road wagon, 1 spring wagon, 1 sled, 1 mowing machine, 2 windmills, 1 hay rake, 1 plow, 1 shovel plow, 1 cultivator, 1 harrow, 1 double set heavy h rness, 1 single set of light harnes, 1 grind stone, chains, whiffle trees, hay by the ton, oa's, corn and buckwheat by the bushel, also a lot of household furniture and many other articles too numerous to mention.

—The largest herd of cattle which the law has ever ordered slaughtered in the history of the world was killed some days ago. They were from Wyoming county, and were taken to the fertilizing establishment at Butcbach's Landing on the Susquehanha river. They belonged to Louis and John P. Piollet, of Wysox, the former being a member of the legislature from Bradford county. The herd numbered one hundred and sixty-eight cows of the finest looking Durhams, and all were pronounced afflicted with tuberculosis by the state veterinarian, and part of them, on being slaughtered, revealed that the diagnosis was right. The loss to the owners will be about $10,000.

Communication.

Ashville, Pa., March 8th, 1897.

DEAR FREEMAN:—An era of prosperity will soon strike this place. For one of the heavy weights of Ashville was to Washington to see the inauguration and returned bringing a carpetsack full of "confidence" interspersed with a little "prosperity" home with him; he says, however, that he was not after any foreign mission, but to give President McKinley some advice as to how he should run the presidential office, all of which the president was thankful for and told him whenever he visited Washington he would always find the latch string on the outside. P.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, March 12, 1897:

William Garland, Portage, and Levena Mallett, Puritan.

Cosimo Giampuotto and Teresa Di Matteo, Washington township.

Clark Edwards and N. Ella Brown, Blacklick township.

George H. Severens and Maria Taylor, Ehrenfeld.

Charles H. Smethurst and Theodosia Taylor, Ehrenfeld.

Theodore Seigh, Lower Yoder, and Alice Hill, West Taylor township.

John Edward VanScoyoc and Mary Lizzie Hoffman, Mountaindale.

Taken Back Home.

Seargeant Peters went to Johnstown Sunday night in search of an 18-year-old girl who fled from her home in this city and entered a bawdy house in the Flood City. Kit Wilson, a friend of the girl, advised her of the seargeant's arrival and told the girl to skip, which she did. The fugitive was overhauled at Conemaugh and placed under arrest by Chief Frazer, of Johnstown. Sergeant Peters brought the Altoona girl back to this city yesterday and turned her over to her parents, who are well known and respectable residents of the east side. The girl, who is aged 18 years, says she was enticed away from her work in this city by Johnstown women.—*Altoona Tribune.*

Court Proceedings.

In addition to the cases already reported in the FREEMAN the following cases were disposed of in court last week:

Commonwealth vs. Clark Davis and Harry White, larceny. Jury find Harry White guilty and Clark Davis not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. William Kepple, larceny. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Ulysses A. Long and Sohn J. Beltzner, larceny by bailee. Jury find defendants not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Neff, larceny by bailee. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Steve Kopsha, larceny. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Orvin Davis, malicious mischief. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. George W. Shiffler, larceny. Grand jury return not a true bill.

Commonwealth vs. F. S. Malloy, misdemeanor in office. Grand jury return not a true bill and the prosecutor, Henry Eash, pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Eash, perjury. Grand jury return not a true bill and the prosecutor, F. S. Maloy to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Blair Leamer, assault and battery with intent to commit rape, and assault and battery; Bertha Dressley prosecutrix. Grand jury return not a true bill and the county to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Mrs. Ann Louther, receiving stolen goods. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Mrs. Margaret Peden, nuisance—keeping a vicious dog. Jury find defendant not guilty and the county pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Thomas McGillen, assault and battery. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $5, costs and sixty days in county jail.

Commonwealth vs. Pierce Lacy, surety. Sentenced to pay a fine of $5, costs and to enter into reconizance in the sum of $500, to keep the peace.

Commonwealth vs. Asa Knepper, assault and battery and disturbing a religious meeting. Jury find defendant guilty of assault and battery and not guilty of disturbing a religious meeting.

Before their discharge on Friday the grand jury made the following report:

To the Hon. A. V. Barker, President Judge of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county.

We, the members of the grand jury of March sessions, 1897, respectfully report that we, having examined the county home, report as follows: We have found the house very clean and in as sanitary condition, as the crowded condition would permit. We indorse the addition to the almshouse and improvements to water works, as previously recommended by the grand jury of December term, 1896.

We recommend the renovation of the rooms and offices of the court house, and do respectfully submit that we find floors in most cases ill kept and uncleanly. We would recommend good steel shutters to be provided for the windows in the prothonotary's and register and recorder's departments for the protection of the documents, etc.

We recommend a bath tub to be placed in the jail, the present accommodations being inadequate. We strongly recommend the repair and repointing of the walls of the jail, and especially the outer walls, which are in a state of decay and not sufficient guart against escaping prisoners; and we further recommend that steps be taken to supply additional and proper ventilation for the main corridor of the prison, as, in our opinion, the present supply of pure air is insufficient.

Otherwise we find this public building in good condition, being cleanly and well kept. JOHN H. EVANS, Foreman.

SECOND WEEK.

After the calling of the court on Monday morning at 10 o'clock, Judge Barker imposed sentences on the parties convicted as follows:

Stephe Kopsha, convicted of larceny, $20 fine, costs and 5 months in county jail.

John Bullit, rape, $20 fine, costs and 6 months in jail.

Harry White, larceny, sent to the Huntingdon reformatory.

Mrs. Ann Louther, receiving stolen goods, $20 fine, costs and three months in jail. Sentence suspended on second charge.

Charles Hetzel, forgery, $100 fine, costs and two years and six months in Western penitentiary.

Commonwealth vs. Ludwig Newhouse, non-support. Defendant ordered to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Frank Patton, surety. Defendant sentenced to pay the costs and enter into reconizance to keep the peace.

Commonwealth vs. Harry Baker, surety. Defendant discharged.

Commonwealth vs. William Swan and Robert Ford, surety. Defendants sentenced to pay the costs and leave the county.

Commonwealth vs. John A. Williams, desertion. Defendant ordered to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Dr. M. H. Davis, desertion. Defendant ordered to pay the costs and the case held for further consideration.

Commonwealth vs. Edward E. Leverggood and Isaac J. Harris, assault and battery. Jury find defendants not guilty and divide the costs equally among Isaac J. Harris, John T. Harris, Ed. O. Fisher and Ed. E. Leyergood.

Commonwealth vs Richard Cobaugh, embezzlement, two indictments. Jury find defendant guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $20, costs and two months in jail on one indictment and sentence suspended on the second.

Commonwealth vs. F. S. Maloy, extortion. Jury find defendant not guilty but that he pay the costs.

CIVIL LIST.

James Packet vs. Charles A. Simms & Co. Settled as per paper filed.

J. G. Lloyd vs. Sarah Amanda McFadden, John McFadden and Charles McFadden, Jr., executors of Charles McFadden.

Good Roads.

Bicyclers are naturally interested in the subject of good roads, as their light vehicles are sensitive to imperfections over which a more stoutly built carriage would pass with little or no notice, and in various states they are trying to influence legislation on the subject. In Pennsylvania the League of American Wheelmen has taken up the subject and has given official endorsement to the McQuown bill, otherwise known as the Hamilton Good Roads bill, which provides for the maintenance and repair of roads by township supervisors, under the auspices of the Secretary of Agriculture. The association considers this bill well calculated to secure the object aimed at, and as this is the opinion of men who have studied it from a practical standpoint, instead of a political one, it is entitled to much weight.

Safe Cracked at Lilly.

About 3 o'clock on Tuesday morning burglars effected an entrance to the store of Joseph Rainey, in Lilly, by removing a pane of glass from a front window. After getting in they rolled the safe into the wareroom and broke it open by a charge of dynamite.

The safe contained five hundred dollars in gold which the burglars secured and then took a hasty departure. Several people living close by, who were aroused by the explosion, saw two men leaving the premises, but, by the time they could dress and get out, the burglars had gotten out of sight.

Real Estate Transfers.

C. L. Strausbaugh et ux. to Patrick Kelly, Jackson; consideration, $400.

Assignee of D. G. Myers et ux. to Rev. Thomas McEnrue, $14.

John W. Miller et ux. to John Blickenderfer, Blacklick, $300.

National Loan & Investment company to D. D. Blauch, Johnstown, $1,300.

Edward O'Brien et ux. et al. to Mary Degorden, Lilly, $400.

D. D. Blauch et ux. to Joseph Goler, Johnstown, $1,400.

W. J. Donnelly et al. to Martha J. Smith, Patton, $650.

Martha J. Smith et vir to Joseph E. Parnell et al., Patton, $700.

National Loan & Investment company to R. E. Creswell, Roxbury, $500.

George H. Paine et ux. to R. E. Creswell, Upper Yoder, $500.

Edward Reighard et ux. to Agnes M. Pringle, East Conemaugh, $500.

David E. Martz to John J. Haughawont, Dale, $1,000.

E. Will Greene et ux. to A. E. Patton, trustee, Patton, $1.

A. E. Patton, trustee, to Rev. N. O. Patterson, Patton, $200.

John W. Burtnett et ux. to Andrew Steward, Croyle, $700.

Elizabeth Devine et vir to Johnstown Building & Loan association, Johnstown, $1,300.

Catharine McGuire et vir to Vincent Malloy, Chest Springs, $60.

Susan M. Queen et vir et al. to John H. Morley, Stonycreek, $300.

John Jordan et ux. to John Schwing et ux., Johnstown, $250.

Treasurer of Cambria county to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Ashville, $15.

Treasurer of Cambria county to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Gallitzin borough, $16.

John Noren et ux. to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Hastings, $600.

S. B. Haupt et ux. to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Ashville, $800.

Charles M. Taggart et ux. to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Hastings, $600.

Harvey Roland et ux. to Felix Gneguen, Hastings, $300.

Ananias Myers et ux. to Lemor L. Myers, Upper Yoder, $550.

James Dunn et ux. to Joseph H. Moyers, Lilly, $775.

Alexander Coyer to Theodore Coyer, Conemaugh, $1.

Ephraim Wissinger et ux. to Alice Kyle, East Conemaugh, $350.

Robert A. Parsons et ux. to M. L. Smith, Johnstown, $750.

Ellen Hopfer et vir to Sarah E. Morgan, Portage borough, $150.

John C. Martin et ux. to Pennsylvania Railroad company, Portage borough and township, $1,325.

Mary A. Stull et vir to Theodore Coyer, Cambria county, $1.

Assignee of Lorenzo D. Stull to Theodore Coyer, Richland and Adams, $1,855.

Clara Rodgers to Justus Bowman, Moxham, $400.

Standard Building & Loan association to Samuel W. Vaughn, Coopersdale, $250.

Thomas A Dodson et ux. to Celestine Myers, Washington, $60.

Administrator of Levi Edwards to Henry J. Schmidt, Lower Yoder, $280.

Administrator of Levi Edwards to Henry J. Schmidt, Lower Yoder, $200.

Assignee of Joseph Bengele et ux. to Joseph Bengele, Gallitzin borough, $1.

J. C. Stineman et ux. to Mount Hope United Evangelical church, Adams, $1.

Sarah A. Ellenberger et ux. to Peter Gillman, Adams, $13.

Joseph A. Coons et ux. to Lucy Stephens, Allegheny, $60.

John Golde to Katharine Golde et al., Johnstown, $1.

Charles Anna to Francis Campbell, Patton, $100.

Jennie Barron to John T. Felix, Morrellville, $300.

Margaret P. McConaughy et al. to Miles A. Varner, Lower Yoder, $1.

Cambria Iron company to John A. Augur, East Conemaugh, $350.

Patrick F. Toole et ux. et al. to Joseph Campbell, Portage borough, $150.

Philomena Simendinger et al. to Joseph Campbell, Portage borough, $150.

Executor of Janet Whannell to James Moore, Johnstown, $1,800.

Abraham A. Bougher to David J. Bougher, Barr, $150.

Barbara Cathcart et vir to David Griffith, Susquehanna, $125.

Prefer Pennsylvania.

On Thursday of last week the Pittsburg *Times* had the following: Nathaniel Collier, his wife and two sons, John and James, formerly residents of Bellwood, Blair county, but later of Devils Lake, N. D., were passengers east last night over the Pennsylvania railroad, bound for Kittanning Point, Mr. Collier said he had been lured west several years ago by the glowing accounts he had read of easy farming west of the Mississippi, and took up a quarter section near Devil's Lake. Things went smoothly until a blizzard struck his neighborhood, and he at once saw that there were drawbacks to farming in that country as well as in the east. By sticking to it and plenty of hard work, he and his boys improved his farm and had become somewhat reconciled to blizzards, until the past winter, when the snow fell on October 28th and remained with them until they left. During the winter they lost 187 head of cattle and all their small stock. During the past month a man came along who who wanted a cheap farm and the Colliers took him in. They say the happiest moment of their lives was when they took the last look at the Devil's Lake farm and turned their faces towards their old buckwheat farm in the Allegheny mountains.

Orphans' Court Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an alias order of the Orphan's Court of Cambria county, to me directed I will expose to public sale at the premises in the township of Munster, on

THURSDAY, APRIL 1ST, 1897.

AT TEN O'CLOCK, A. M.

the following described real estate, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Township of Munster, in the County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining land of James S. Durbin, deceased, Thomas Seranant, John Latterner, heirs of Joseph Glass, deceased, Matthew Farabaugh, estate of Francis Eberly, deceased, Francis Itell, Samuel Noel, Philip Farren, and estate of Cornelius Dever, deceased, containing

200 ACRES

more or less, and having thereon erected a large FRAME HOUSE, 60 feet in length by 30 feet in width, containing 11 rooms, a BANK BARN 80 feet in length by 30 feet in width, an ice house a slaughter house, a store house and granary, and all necessary outbuildings.

Excepting and reserving therefrom, however, all the coal, together with mining rights and privileges which have already been sold to W. W. Ansbry.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third at the confirmation of sale, three months in one year from the confirmation of sale, with interest, and two months in two years from the confirmation of sale, with interest; the remaining one-ninth of the purchase money to remain a lien during the lifetime of Elizabeth J. Durbin, widow of James S. Surbin, deceased, the interest from the time of confirmation of the sale to be paid to her annually, and at her death said one-ninth of the purchase money to be paid to the heirs and legal representatives of said James S. Durbin, deceased. Deferred payments to be secured by judgment bond and mortage of the purchaser. JOANNA DURBIN,

Surviving executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Augustine Durbin, deceased.

Miscellaneous Notices.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The Central Hotel, at Loretto, Cambria county, Pa. Easy terms. Address MRS. ELLA B. McDONALD. Jany. 8 tf.

WANTED.—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. mch22

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county. Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch2tl.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the Key Building, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in March, $2,000.00. THOS. DAVIS,

LESTER LARIMER, Secretary. President.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McBreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon. Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct1tf

JOS. HORNE & CO.

GETTING ALONG

towards house-cleaning and moving time. There will be new Rugs and Curtains and Draperies to buy and perhaps new Furniture.

YOU MAKE A MISTAKE

which will cost you money if you fail to get our prices on anything the house needs. We have

GOOD WINDOW SHADES

which we sell complete with spring roller and brackets at 35 cents each.

It is a good firm material, oil-finished and opaque.

SASH CURTAIN MATERIALS in light and dainty fabrics at 5 cents a yard.

Excellent SASH CURTAIN MUSLIN at 12½ cents a yard, worth a good deal more.

The finest line of LACE CURTAINS at $2.00 a pair ever seen in this region and from that at all prices up to as high as you care to go.

We sell

FURNITURE

also, including a splendid line of IRON AND BRASS BEDS at very low prices.

We have a splendid CHILD'S CRIB which we call the "Dreamland" made of iron and heavily white enameled, not a splinter of wood in it, which we sell at $5.00 with a woven wire spring bottom.

Our new catalogue will give descriptions and pictures of everything.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET,

PITTSBURG.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that P. F. Kirby, et ux., by deed of voluntary assignment dated January 23, 1897, and of record in Cambria county, in Deed Book Volume 109, page 189, conveyed to the undersigned assignee all their property in trust for the benefit of the creditors of P. F. Kirby. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

A. W. BUCK,

Assignee of P. F. Kirby, et.

Ebensburg, Pa., February 4, 1897. 12 6t.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Henry Ager et ux., by deed of voluntary assignment dated February 22, 1897, assigned and transferred to the undersigned all his property, real and personal, in trust for the benefit of creditors. All persons owing said estate will please make payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY KRUMENACKER,

Assignee of Henry, et ux

Nicktown, Pa., February 23, 1897. 29 6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Register of Wills in and for Cambria county has granted letters testamentary on the estate of George Rossiein, late of Loretto borough, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, to the undersigned. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

Executor of the Last Will and Testament of George Rossiein, deceased.

Loretto, Pa., February 22, 1897. 29 6t X.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary in the estate of Daniel Dumm, Sr., late of Carroll township, have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills in and for Cambria county. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL BUCK,

Executor of the last will and testament of Daniel Dumm, Sr., deceased.

Loretto, Pa., Feb. 4th, 1897. 12 6t.

ELY'S

CREAM BALM **CATARRH**

Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

It Will Cure COLD IN HEAD

A particle is applied into each nostrel and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York. nov.10.96.1y

TO MAKE MONEY

and enjoy it, one must first have good health.

LAXATEA

cleanses the system, aids digestion, cures constipation and sick headache. Pleasant to take, does not gripe. For sale by all your druggists, 10c and 25c. Samples free. Manufactured by THE JOHN H. HULL CO., Warren, Pa.. 3 12 97

Mountain House

Shaving Parlor,

Main Street, Near Post Office

☞The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Centre street, near the post office where barbering in all its branchess will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean.

Your patronage solicited.

F. X. FEES.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Do You Want Employment

At home or traveling with GOOD PAY? If so, write to us for particulars, giving age and occupation. You can work all or part time, and the work is LIGHT AND EASY. Address,

EHE HAWKS NURSERY COMPANY,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Mar 12 97 4m.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF CARROLL township for the fiscal year ending March 8 h, 1897:

MICHAEL DISHART, Supervisor.

	Dr.	Cr.
To whole amount of work duplicate	$ 860 65	
By amount of cash received on work tax		$ 163 22
By amount of exoneration		3 74
By amount worked out by taxables		698 69
	$ 860 65	$ 860 65
To whole amount of cash duplicate	$ 214 93	
To amount of cash received on work tax	163 22	
To amount received from license	57 00	
To amount received from Seated and Unseated Land	20 80	
To amount in hands at last settlement	15 71	
	$ 471 66	
By amount of exoneration		$ 93
By amount paid Dishart Bros. for team hire and labor		64 25
By amount paid for labor and shoveling snow		42 29
By amount paid for plank and timber for bridges		36 71
By amount paid for team hire		6 00
By amount paid James G. Hasson, publishing statement for 1895		5 00
By amount paid John S. Foley, publishing statement for 1894 and 1895		10 00
By amount paid Wm. Davis, attorney's fees		5 00
By amount paid P. J. Dietrick for hardware, etc		11 11
By amount paid for smithing and repairs to grader		6 20
By amount paid Wm. J. Dutton for hammers		1 00
By amount paid F. O. Luther for water trough		3 07
By amount paid to Thomas T. Kirkpatrick		35 00
By amount paid for damages to fields		6 00
By amount paid for 107 days services as Supervisor at $1.50 a day		160 50
By amount for collecting $214 93 at 5 per cent		10 74
By amount for disbursing $471 66 at 2 per cent		9 42
By amount paid Auditors and clerk service		24 75
By amount paid Mrs. Chrys. Luther for house rent		1 50
By amount paid Celestine Farabaugh, next Treasurer		22 09
		$ 471 66

THOMAS T. KIRKPATRICK, Supervisor.

	Dr.	Cr.
To whole amount of work duplicate	$1,054 20	
By amount of cash received on work tax		$ 230 02
By amount of exoneration		1 64
By amount worked out by taxables		822 54
		$1,054 20
To whole amount of cash duplicate	$ 263 13	
To amount of cash received on work tax	230 02	
To amount received from M. Dishart	35 00	
To amount due from 1894 with terest	102 16	
	$ 630 31	
By amount of exoneration		$ 41
By amount paid for road order		90
By amount paid for labor and shoveling snow		75 45
By amount paid for smithing and repairs to grader		9 09
By amount paid for plank and timber for bridges		38 25
By amount paid James Mellon, dynamite		2 50
By amount paid Patton Supply Co. for tile		2 93
By amount paid for hardware, etc		27 43
By amount paid Wm. O. Schroth for oaths		2 00
By amount paid for team hire and hammer handles		1 66
By amount paid for 149 days service at $1.50 per day		223 50
By amount paid Thos T. Kirk for team hire and labor		209 00
By amount paid James Neil for attorney's fees		5 00
By amount paid Thos. T. Kirk, use of plow		1 00
By amount paid for collecting $263.13 at 5 per cent		13 15
By amount paid for disbursing $623 00 at 2 per cent		12 46
By amount paid to Chares Feighner, next Treasurer		5 98
		$ 630 31

We, the undersigned Auditors, do certify that the foregoing statement is true and correct.

JOHN A. HOOVER, } Auditors.
ALBERT BOSLET, }

Attest, U. W. MEISEL, Clerk. 3 12 3t.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils,

Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,

PITTSBURG DEPT.,

PITTSBURG, PA.

oct18.89ly.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 16, 1896.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	6 30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 23 a m
Main Line Express, daily	10 59 a m
Altoona Accom., week days	1 00 p m
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only	1 07 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 11 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 37 a m
Way Passenger, daily	2 09 p m
Mail Train, daily	3 36 p m
Pittsburg Express, daily	3 58 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 28 p. m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 34 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From Hastings and the North	7 36 a m
From Cresson	10 00 a m
From Vintondale	2 35 p m
From Cresson	5 05 p m
From Cresson	5 56 p m
From Vintondale	7 20 p m
From Cresson	9 10 p m

TRAINS LEAVE.

For Cresson	7 39 a m
For Hastings and the North	10 03 a m
For Vintondale	10 15 a m
For Cresson	2 35 p m
For Vintondale	5 05 p m
For Hastings and the north	5 59 p m
For Cresson	7 20 p m

For rates, maps, etc., call on agent or address THOS. E. WATT, P. A. W. D., 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

DEALER IN

STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES,

Roofing and Spouting.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS.

Tread Powers, Threshers and Separators, Iron and Wood Pumps, Fence Wire, Etc., Etc.,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

SOME SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR MARCH!

We have some lines of goods that we are going to

CLOSE OUT,

and in order to do so we have made some very low prices in Dress Goods, Underwear, Shoes, etc., we invite all who want to save some money and get some good bargains to call and see goods and prices.

We can't tell you much about them here, but the prices will speak for themselves. Come early before the best are picked up.

BARKER BROS.,

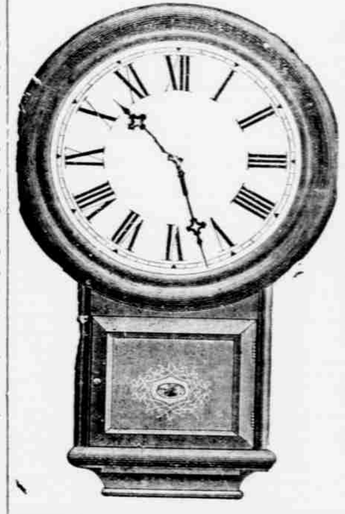
EBENSBURG, PA.

CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



WATCHES, CLOCKS,

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

—AND—

OPTICAL GOODS.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE

CELEBRATED ROCKFORD WATCHES.

Columbia and Fredonia Watches

In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.

☞My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere

☞All work guaranteed.

CARL RIVINIUS.

REDUCTION SALE!

For the next 30 days we will s

ambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

DAY - - - - - MARCH 12, 1897.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

...ations have arrived.

...ow will soon give place to spring

...ave dropped to twelve cents per

...ill of oak timber left Fallen Tim... Saturday for Lock Haven.

...C. J. Horne, of Cresson, was visiting... in Ebensburg on Tuesday.

...Henry Dumm, of Barr township, ...ew horses in town on Thursday.

...W. Messel, of Carroll township, ...ade to Ebensburg on Wednesday.

...Rafael Hite, of Carroll township, ...as a visitor to Ebensburg on Tues...

...Andrew Illig, of Allegheny township, ...as a visitor to Ebensburg on Mon...

...John Baran, of Allegheny township, ...as a visitor to Ebensburg on Wed...

...Louis E. Kaylor, of Allegheny ...as a visitor to Ebensburg on ...

...Court Monday in April has been ...ed time for holding the next argu...

...Wild geese were flying northward ...ast, an indication, the weather ...ge of approaching spring.

...Work is being, of the Mountain ...ouse, adding to its walls with new ...and otherwise improving that well-...

...The bank of Johnston Buck & Co., ...Ebensburg, post office were moved ...their rooms in the new Barker ...

...John Bradley, an old citizen of ...Carrolltown, is seriously ill with a paralytic ...stroke on the right side. He is reported to ...be improving.

...The house of assembly has passed a bill giving special ...rights to the children of soldiers of the ...late war who have been declared unconstitution... by the Supreme Court of Pittsburg.

...Thomas Farrell, aged fourteen, son of ...Mr. Patrick Farrell, of Tunnelhill, ...died at that place on Wed... last week after a two days' ill...

...On Monday the county commissioners ...appointed Mr. Addie Graves, of the East ...Ebensburg, as janitor at the court ...house, his appointment to take effect on the ...1st of April.

...Mr. A. McGough, of Hollidaysburg, ...was run by a trolley car on the Logan ...electric road on Wednesday evening ...last week near Baker's station and injured so ...that he died while being conveyed ...to Altoona hospital. He was about 45 ...years of age.

...The tombstone recently purchased by Messrs. ...Jackson & Son, marble and granite ...dealers in Centre street, has been torn ...down preparatory to a new and more commodious ...structure for that enterprising ...firm, the business temporarily doing business ...in one of the adjoining buildings.

...The drama "Joseph" will be played ...by home talent in this place, to-night ...(Friday) and to-morrow night. March ...is the month. The cantata is full of pretty ...songs and should be well ...rendered. The chart of seats is now ...open at Jones' drug store.

...Mr. Wilbur, of this place, who for ...some time has been traveling in the ...South west, returned home on ...Saturday evening. He has been clear across ...the continent and from Tacoma, Washington ...to the Pacific coast to Mexico. He ...has enjoyed the trip immensely.

...While going to press we received ...a call from N. B. Swank, of Johnstown, ...the leading dealer in all kinds of agricultural ...implements, buggies, wagons, ...sleighs, etc., which came too late ...for a notice last week, which will appear next week. If the meantime all who ...contemplate the purchase of any... in his line will do well to give him a ...call.

...Jacob Bell, of Blair county, has filed ...a petition in which he holds that constables ...are entitled to mileage, but no fees ...for their quarterly returns to court. ...He claims that the general fee bill act of ...1893 is the law of less allowing such ...items. The decision means an ...outlay of hundreds of dollars to the ...various constables' prospective ...bills will be correspondingly re...

...Speaking upon looking over ...exchanges, we tend to observe: ...Editors are shoveling dirt ...while athletes are preaching the ...gospel, writers are carrying the ...pen practicing law who ought to ...be lawyers, surgeons who ought to ...be in the penitentiary. There are men in the penitentiary who ought to be holding positions of ...trust, and office who might to be ...in the penitentiary.

...A tree was recently cut at a lumber ...camp near Brockwayville which was a ...giant of the forest. The tree, ...we learned, was 15 feet in circumference at the butt, and nearly six feet in ...diameter. Twenty four good saw logs ...were obtained, making 5,500 feet board ...measure. At a thousand, the market ...price per foot, the tree will yeild ...a handsome sum of money.

...The house where home is in Altoona had a narrow escape from being ...burned by the Pennsylvania railroad at ...an early hour Monday morning. He is employed as a brakeman and was helping to ...make up a train when he met with the accident that just crushed two cars ...together in the yards. His one leg is ...crushed at the knee and the other at the ...ankle. He was taken to the Johnstown ...hospital for treatment.

...Mr. Jos. Graham, a wealthy farmer, ...and his wife were found dying in their ...home near Crabtree, Westmoreland ...county, Wednesday morning, in pools of ...blood. The wife was unconscious, but un... Mr. Keith are expected to die. ...It is said that their assailants were ...men who have been loafing about the ...place and who were after money. ...Officers are searching the surrounding ...country for the criminals.

...For the first time in many years ...a divorce has been granted in Indiana county ...to the county seat. The new ...judge, Glen Campbell is the lucky ...man. There were five applications, as ...follows: J. W. Clements, Indiana House; ...Barbare, American House; Wil... Clawson, Clawson House, and H. E. ...Bell, R. Keime, of Glen Campbell. ...Judge White granted all the applications ...out of the American House.

...An explosion occurred at 11 o'clock on ...last Saturday morning in the Berwind-White ...coal mine at Windber. About 100 men were ...in the mine at the time, but all got out except ...two. The shaft where the men worked ...is very deep, and great precautions had ...been taken to prevent explosions. All the ...miners were rescued in the after ...noon, but four were badly hurt—Hugh ...Graham, Gomer Hopkins ...and John Graham. Their burns are about ...the face and face, but are not serious. ...Others are not injured. Work was resumed this afternoon.

—Frank Smith an Altoona man, went suddenly insane on religion last Friday and made things decidedly lively for his neighbors. He was arrested and put under restraint and his mental condition will be inquired into by a commission appointed for that purpose.

—The hunter who drags his gun through a hedge muzzle foremost; the wayfarer who pulls his rifle from the back part of his wagon with the dangerous end toward him; the idiot who "did not know it was loaded;" the woman who locks her children in the house while she goes to visit a neighbor, and the man who thaws a stick of dynamite in the kitchen oven, are doing their part almost daily toward removing the surplus population.

—Hugh Smith was arrested and lodged in jail in New Bloomfield, Perry county, on Saturday, on the charge of killing Malinda Snyder, in Liberty valley, twenty-eight years ago. Smith is 76 years old, has a family of grown up children, and been a respected farmer, once well to do, now poor. The charge was made by a neighbor with whom he had a quarrel, he did not deny it, and was given over to a constable.

—The Hollidaysburg correspondent of the Altoona *Times* has this to say in regard to the resumption of the Gaysport blast furnace: "Mr. Thomas Nokes, who cares for and guards the Cambria Iron company's property in Gaysport, denies having any knowledge of the starting of the Gaysport furnace, and says that if Superintendent Vaught, of Johnstown, was here on any errand of that kind he did not see him.

—A charter was issued by the state department last week to the Scalp Level Railroad company to build a line to connect with the South Fork railroad at Lovett station and extend to Scalp Level, Somerset county a distance of ten miles. The company is capitalized at $400,000. F. S. Lewis, of Philadelphia, is president; directors, E. J. Strain, B. H. Taylor, G. W. Young, C. D. Stanger, W. J. Davis, Philadelphia; W. K. Stager, Palmyra, N. J.

—A fire broke out at Mapleton, a small town eight miles east of Huntingdon, Pa., on Monday night, and so threatening were the flames that the Huntingdon fire department was called on for assistance, it being feared the whole town would be wiped out. A dwelling and storeroom occupied by J. L. Hetrick, general merchant together with everything they contained, were entirely destroyed, as was also the dwelling of M. L. Rex. Several other places were badly damaged.

—Newton Kramer Musser, a railroad brakeman, while at work in the Gautler yard at Johnstown, on Tuesday evening, attempted to get on a moving car and by the breaking of the brake wheel, was thrown under the wheels, which passed over both his legs. He was taken to the Cambria hospital where the surgeons amputated one above and the other below the knee. He died, however, three hours afterward. He was born in Centre county and was forty-one years of age. He leaves a wife but no children.

—On Thursday, April 1st., 1897, Miss Joanna Durbin, surviving executrix of the last will and testament of Augustine Durbin, deceased, will offer for sale at her residence in Munster township, 3 cows, 6 heifers, 1 large farm wagon, 1 spring wagon, 2 sleds, harrows, plows, cultivators, hay rake, mowing machine, oats corn, rye, straw, hay, beds and bedding, carpets, chairs, stoves, dishes and other articles of household and kitchen furniture. Also at the same time and place a farm containing 200 acres more or less. see "ad" in another column.

—Rumor says that work on the Pennsylvania Midland railroad, which was begun five years ago, is to be resumed and that the road is to be completed from Bedford to McKee's. The grading between these two points is about completed, and, though the road has no rolling stock, it could easily be finished and equipped with the aid of some outside capital. It is said that there is a possibility of a deal with the Pennsylvania railroad whereby the road will be made an outlet for traffic, the greater portion of which now goes over the Huntingdon and Broad Top lines.

—Mr. Martin Flick, residing in Allegheny township, one-half mile west of Loretto, on the road leading to Kaylor's Station, will offer at public sale at his residence on Saturday, March 20th, 1897, at one o'clock, P. M., 2 horses, 2 fresh cows, 1 yearling bull, 1 road wagon, 1 spring wagon, 1 sled, 1 mowing machine, 2 windmills, 1 hay rake, 1 plow, 1 shovel plow, 1 cultivator, 1 harrow, 1 double set heavy h rness, 1 single set of light harnes, 1 grind stone, chains, whiffle trees, hay by the ton, oats, corn and buckwheat by the bushel, also a lot of household furniture and many other articles too numerous to mention.

—The largest herd of cattle which the law has ever ordered slaughtered in the history of the world was killed some days ago. They were from Wyoming county, and were taken to the fertilizing establishment at Butcbach's Landing on the Susquehanna river. They belonged to Louis and John P. Piollet, of Wysox, the former being a member of the legislature from Bradford county. The herd numbered one hundred and sixty-eight cows of the finest looking Durhams, and all were pronounced afflicted with tuberculosis by the state veterinarian, and part of them, on being slaughtered, revealed that the diagnosis was right. The loss to the owners will be about $10,000.

Communication.

Ashville, Pa., March 8th, 1897.

DEAR FREEMAN:—An era of prosperity will soon strike this place. For one of the heavy weights of Ashville was to Washington to see the inauguration and returned bringing a carpetsack full of "confidence" interspersed with a little "prosperity" home with him; he says, however, that he was not after any foreign mission, but to give President McKinley some advice as to how he should run the presidential office, all of which the president was thankful for and told him whenever he visited Washington he would always find the latch string on the outside. P.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, March 12, 1897:

William Garland, Portage, and Levena Mallett, Puritan.

Cosimo Giamputto and Teresa Di Matteo, Washington township.

Clark Edwards and N. Ella Brown, Blacklick township.

George H. Sevcrens and Maria Taylor, Ehrenfeld.

Charles H. Smethurst and Theodosia Taylor, Ehrenfeld.

Theodore Seigh, Lower Yoder, and Alice Hill, West Taylor township.

John Edward VanScoyoc and Mary Lizzie Hoffman, Mountaindale.

Taken Back Home.

Seargeant Peters went to Johnstown Sunday night in search of an 18-year-old girl who fled from her home in this city and entered a bawdy house in the Flood City. Kit Wilson, a friend of the girl, advised her of the seargeant's arrival and told the girl to skip, which she did. The fugitive was overhauled at Conemaugh and placed under arrest by Chief Frazer, of Johnstown. Sergeant Peters brought the Altoona girl back to this city yesterday and turned her over to her parents, who are well known and respectable residents of the east side. The girl, who is aged 18 years, says she was enticed away from her work in this city by Johnstown women.—*Altoona Tribune.*

Court Proceedings.

In addition to the cases already reported in the FREEMAN the following cases were disposed of in court last week:

Commonwealth vs. Clark Davis and Harry White, larceny. Jury find Harry White guilty and Clark Davis not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. William Kepple, larceny. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Ulysses A. Long and John J. Beltzner, larceny by bailee. Jury find defendants not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Neff, larceny by bailee. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Steve Kopsha, larceny. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Orvin Davis, malicious mischief. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. George W. Shiffler, larceny. Grand jury return not a true bill.

Commonwealth vs. F. S. Malloy, misdemeanor in office. Grand jury return not a true bill and the prosecutor, Henry Eash, pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Eash, perjury. Grand jury return not a true bill and the prosecutor, F. S. Maloy to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Blair Leamer, assault and battery with intent to commit rape, and assault and battery; Bertha Dressley prosecutrix. Grand jury return not a true bill and the county to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Mrs. Ann Louther, receiving stolen goods. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Mrs. Margaret Peden, nuisance—keeping a viscious dog. Jury find defendant not guilty and the county pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Thomas McGillen, assault and battery. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $5, costs and sixty days in county jail.

Commonwealth vs. Pierce Lacy, surety. Sentenced to pay a fine of $5, costs and to enter into reconizance in the sum of $300, to keep the peace.

Commonwealth vs. Asa Knepper, assault and battery and disturbing a religious meeting. Jury find defendant guilty of assault and battery and not guilty of disturbing a religious meeting.

Before their discharge on Friday the grand jury made the following report:

To the Hon. A. V. Barker, President Judge of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county.

We, the members of the grand jury of March sessions, 1897, respectfully report that we, having examined the county home, report as follows: We have found the house very clean and in as sanitary condition, as the crowded condition would permit. We indorse the addition to the almshouse and improvements to water works, as previously recommended by the grand jury of December term, 1896.

We recommend the renovation of the rooms and offices of the court house, and do respectfully submit that we find floors in most cases ill kept and uncleanly. We would recommend good steel shutters to be provided for the windows in the prothonotary's and register and recorder's departments for the protection of the documents, etc.

We recommend a bath tub to be placed in the jail, the present accommodations being inadequate. We strongly recommend the repair and repointing of the walls of the jail, and especially the outer walls, which are in a state of decay and not sufficient guart against escaping prisoners; and we further recommend that steps be taken to supply additional and proper ventilation for the main corridor of the prison, as, in our opinion, the present supply of pure air is insufficient.

Otherwise we find this public building in good condition, being cleanly and well kept. JOHN H. EVANS, Foreman.

SECOND WEEK.

After the calling of the court on Monday morning at 10 o'clock, Judge Barker imposed sentences on the parties convicted as follows:

Stephe Kopsha, convicted of larceny, $20 fine, costs and 5 months in county jail.

John Bullis, rape, $20 fine, costs and 6 months in jail.

Harry White, larceny, sent to the Huntingdon reformatory.

Mrs. Ann Louther, receiving stolen goods, $20 fine, costs and three months in jail. Sentence suspended on second charge.

Charles Hetzel, forgery, $100 fine, costs and two years and six months in Western penitentiary.

Commonwealth vs. Ludwig Newhouse, non-support. Defendant ordered to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Frank Patton, surety. Defendant sentenced to pay the costs and enter into reconizance to keep the peace.

Commonwealth vs. Harry Baker, surety. Defendant discharged.

Commonwealth vs. William Swan and Robert Ford, surety. Defendants sentenced to pay the costs and leave the county.

Commonwealth vs. John A. Williams, desertion. Defendant ordered to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Dr. M. H. Davis, desertion. Defendant ordered to pay the costs and the case held for further consideration.

Commonwealth vs. Edward E. Levergood and Isaac J. Harris, assault and battery. Jury find defendants not guilty and divide the costs equally among Isaac J. Harris, John T. Harris, Ed. O. Fisher and Ed. E. Levergood.

Commonwealth vs Richard Cobaugh, embezzlement, two indictments. Jury find defendant guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $20, costs and two months in jail on one indictment and sentence suspended on the second.

Commonwealth vs. F. S. Maloy, extortion. Jury find defendant not guilty but that he pay the costs.

CIVIL LIST.

James Packet vs. Charles A. Simms & Co. Settled as per paper filed.

J. G. Lloyd vs. Sarah Amanda McFadden, John McFadden and Charles McFadden, Jr., executors of Charles McFadden.

Good Roads.

Bicyclers are naturally interested in the subject of good roads, as their light vehicles are sensitive to imperfections over which a more stoutly built carriage would pass with little or no notice, and in various states they are trying to influence legislation on the subject. In Pennsylvania the League of American Wheelmen has taken up the subject and has given official endorsement to the McQuown bill, otherwise known as the Hamilton Good Roads bill, which provides for the maintenance and repair of roads by township supervisors, under the auspices of the Secretary of Agriculture. The association considers this bill well calculated to secure the object aimed at, and as this is the opinion of men who have studied it from a practical standpoint, instead of a political one, it is entitled to much weight.

Safe Cracked at Lilly.

About 3 o'clock on Tuesday morning burglars effected an entrance to the store of Joseph Rainey, in Lilly, by removing a pane of glass from a front window. After getting in they rolled the safe into the wareroom and broke it open by a charge of dynamite.

The safe contained five hundred dollars in gold which the burglars secured and then took a hasty departure. Several people living close by, who were aroused by the explosion, saw two men leaving the premises, but, by the time they could dress and get out, the burglars had gotten out of sight.

Real Estate Transfers.

C. L. Strausbaugh et ux. to Patrick Kelly, Jackson; consideration, $400.

Assignee of D. G. Myers et ux. to Rev. Thomas McEnrue, $14.

John W. Miller et ux. to John Blickenderfer, Blacklick, $300.

National Loan & Investment company to D. D. Blauch, Johnstown, $1,300.

Edward O'Brien et ux. et al. to Mary Degorden, Lilly, $490.

D. D. Blauch et ux. to Joseph Goler, Johnstown, $1,400.

W. J. Donnelly et al. to Martha J. Smith, Patton, $650.

Martha J. Smith et vir to Joseph E. Parnell et al., Patton, $700.

National Loan & Investment company to R. E. Creswell, Roxbury, $500.

George H. Paine et ux. to R. E. Creswell, Upper Yoder, $500.

Edward Reighard et ux. to Agnes M. Pringle, East Conemaugh, $500.

David E. Martz to John J. Haughawont, Dale, $1,000.

E. Will Greene et ux. to A. E. Patton, trustee, Patton, $1.

A. E. Patton, trustee, to Rev. N. O. Patterson, Patton, $200.

John W. Burtnett et ux. to Andrew Steward, Croyle, $700.

Elizabeth Devine et vir to Johnstown Building & Loan association, Johnstown, $1,300.

Catharine McGuire et vir to Vincent Malloy, Chest Springs, $90.

Susan M. Queen et vir et al. to John H. Morley, Stonycreek, $300.

John Jordan et ux. to John Schwing et ux., Johnstown, $250.

Treasurer of Cambria county to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Ashville, $15.

Treasurer of Cambria county to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Gallitzin borough, $16.

John Noren et ux. to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Hastings, $600.

S. B. Haupt et ux. to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Ashville, $800.

Charles M. Taggart et ux. to Excelsior Building & Loan association, Hastings, $400.

Harvey Roland et ux. to Felix Gnegnen, Hastings, $300.

Anarias Myers et ux. to Lemor. L. Myers, Upper Yoder, $550.

James Dunn et ux. to Joseph H. Moyers, Lilly, $775.

Alexander Cover to Theodore Cover, Conemaugh, $1.

Ephraim Wissinger et ux. to Alice Kyle, East Conemaugh, $350.

Robert A. Parsons et ux. to M. L. Smith, Johnstown, $750.

Ellen Hopfer et vir to Sarah E. Morgan, Portage borough, $150.

John C. Martin et ux. to Pennsylvania Railroad company, Portage borough and township, $1,325.

Mary A. Stull et vir to Theodore Cover, Cambria county, $1.

Assignee of Lorenzo D. Stull to Theodore Cover, Richland and Adams, $1,855.

Clara Rodgers to Justus Bowman, Moxham, $400.

Standard Building & Loan association to Samuel W. Vaughn, Coopersdale, $250.

Thomas A. Dodson et ux. to Celestine Myers, Washington, $60.

Administrator of Levi Edwards to Henry J. Schmidt, Lower Yoder, $280.

Administrator of Levi Edwards to Henry J. Schmidt, Lower Yoder, $300.

Assignee of Joseph Bengele et ux. to Joseph Bengele, Gallitzin borough, $1.

J. C. Stineman et ux. to Mount Hope United Evangelical church, Adams, $1.

Sarah A. Ellenberger et ux. to Peter Gillman, Adams, $13.

Joseph A. Coons et ux. to Lucy Stephens, Allegheny, $90.

John Golde to Katharine Golde et al., Johnstown, $1.

Charles Anna to Francis Campbell, Patton, $100.

Jennie Barron to John T. Felix, Morrellville, $300.

Margaret P. McConaughy et al. to Miles A. Varner, Lower Yoder, $1.

Cambria Iron company to John A. Augur, East Conemaugh, $350.

Patrick F. Toole et ux. et al. to Joseph Campbell, Portage borough, $150.

Philomena Simendinger et al. to Joseph Campbell, Portage borough, $150.

Executor of Janet Whannell to James Moore, Johnstown, $1,800.

Abraham A. Bougher to David J. Bougher, Barr, $150.

Barbara Cathcart et vir to David Griffith, Susquehanna, $125.

Prefer Pennsylvania.

On Thursday of last week the Pittsburg *Times* had the following: Nathaniel Collier, his wife and two sons, John and James, formerly residents of Bellwood, Blair county, but later of Devils Lake, N. D., were passengers east last night over the Pennsylvania railroad, bound for Kittanning Point. Mr. Collier said he had been lured west several years ago by the glowing accounts he had read of easy farming west of the Mississippi, and took up a quarter section near Devil's Lake. Things went smoothly until a blizzard struck his neighborhood, and he at once saw that there were drawbacks to farming in that country as well as in the east. By sticking to it and plenty of hard work, he and his boys improved his farm and had become somewhat reconciled to blizzards, until the past winter, when the snow fell on October 28th and remained with them until they left. During the winter they lost 187 head of cattle and all their small stock. During the past month a man came along who who wanted a cheap farm and the Colliers took him in. They say the happiest moment of their lives was when they took the last look at the Devil's Lake farm and turned their faces towards their old buckwheat farm in the Allegheny mountains.

Orphans' Court Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an alias order of she Orphan's Court of Cambria county, to me directed I will expose to public sale at the premises in the township of Munster, on

THURSDAY, APRIL 1ST, 1897.

AT TEN O'CLOCK, A. M.

the following described real estate, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Township of Munster, in the County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining land of James S. Durbin, deceased, Thomas Sergeant, John Latterner, heirs of Jacob Glass, deceased, Matthew Farabaugh, estate of Francis Eberly, deceased, Francis Itell, Samuel Noel, Philip Farren, and estate of Cornelius Dever, deceased, containing

200 ACRES

more or less, and having thereon erected a large FRAME HOUSE, 60 feet in length by 30 feet in width, containing 11 rooms, a BANK BARN 80 feet in length by 30 feet in width, an ice house a slaughter house, a store house and granary, and all necessary outbuildings.

Excepting and reserving therefrom, however, all the coal, together with mining rights and privileges which have already been sold to W. W. Ansley.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third at the confirmation of sale, three months in one year from the confirmation of sale, with interest, and two-thirds in two years from the confirmation of sale, with interest; the remaining one-ninth of the purchase money to remain a lien during the lifetime of Elizabeth J. Durbin, widow of James S. Surbin, deceased, the interest from the time of confirmation of the sale to be paid to her annually, and at her death said one-ninth of the purchase money to be paid to the heirs and legal representatives of said James S. Durbin, deceased. Deferred payments to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser. JOANNA DURBIN,

Surviving executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Augustine Durbin, deceased.

Miscellaneous Notices.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The Central Hotel, at Loretto, Cambria county, Pa. Easy terms. Address MRS. ELLA B. McDONALD. Jany. 8 tf.

WANTED.—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. mch22

WANTED.—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch25t.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the Key Building, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in March, $2,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, President.

LESTER LAKMER, Secretary.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McBreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon. Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct15tf

JOS. HORNE & CO.

GETTING ALONG

towards house-cleaning and moving time. There will be new Rugs and Curtains and Draperies to buy and perhaps new Furniture.

YOU MAKE A MISTAKE

which will cost you money if you fail to get our prices on anything the house needs. We have

GOOD WINDOW SHADES

which we sell complete with spring roller and brackets at 35 cents each.

It is a good firm material, oil-finished and opaque.

SASH CURTAIN MATERIALS in light and dainty fabrics at 5 cents a yard.

Excellent SASH CURTAIN MUSLIN at 12½ cents a yard, worth a good deal more.

The finest line of LACE CURTAINS at $2.00 a pair ever seen in this region and from that at all prices up to as high as you care to go.

We sell

FURNITURE

also, including a splendid line of IRON AND BRASS BEDS at very low prices.

We have a splendid CHILD'S CRIB which we call the "Dreamland" made of iron and heavily white enameled, not a splinter of wood in it, which we sell at $5.00 with a woven wire spring bottom.

Our new catalogue will give descriptions and pictures of everything.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that P. F. Kirby, et ux., by deed of voluntary assignment dated January 23, 1897, and of record in Cambria county, in Deed Book Volume 109, page 189, conveyed to the undersigned assignee all their property in trust for the benefit of the creditors of P. F. Kirby. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

A. W. BUCK,
Assignee of P. F. Kirby, et.
Ebensburg, Pa., February 4, 1897. 12 6t.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Henry Ager et ux., by deed of voluntary assignment dated February 22, 1897, assigned and transferred to the undersigned all his property, real and personal, in trust for the benefit of creditors. All persons owing said estate will please make payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY KRUMENACKER,
Assignee of Henry, et ux.
Nicktown, Pa., February 22, 1897. 29 6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Register of Wills in and for Cambria county has granted letters testamentary on the estate of George Rossiein, late of Loretto borough, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, to the undersigned. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

Executor of the Last Will and Testament of George Rossiein, deceased.
Loretto, Pa., February 22, 1897. 29 6t X

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary in the estate of Daniel Dumm, Sr., late of Carroll township, have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills in and for Cambria county. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL BUCK,
Executor of the last will and testament of Daniel Dumm, Sr., deceased.
Loretto, Pa., Feb. 4th, 1897. 12 6t.

ELY'S
CREAM BALM **CATARRH**

Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

It Will Cure COLD IN HEAD

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York. nov.10.94.1y

TO MAKE MONEY

and enjoy it, one must first have good health.

LAXATEA

cleanses the system, aids digestion, cures constipation and sick headache. Pleasant to take, does not gripe. For sale by all your druggists, 10c and 25c. Samples free. Manufactured by THE JOHN H. HULL CO., Warren, Pa.. 3 12 97

Mountain House

Shaving Parlor,

Main Street, Near Post Office

☞The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Centre street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean.
Your patronage solicited.

F. X. FEES.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Do You Want Employment

At home or traveling with GOOD PAY? If so, write to us for particulars, giving age and occupation. You can work all or part time, and the work is LIGHT AND EASY. Address,

EHE HAWKS NURSERY COMPANY,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Mar 12 97 4m.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF CARROLL township for the fiscal year ending March 8 h, 1897:

MICHAEL DISHART, Supervisor.

	Dr.	Cr.
To whole amount of work duplicate	$ 880 65	
By amount of cash received on work tax		$ 163 22
By amount of exonerations		3 74
By amount worked out by taxables		698 69
	$ 880 65	$ 880 65
To whole amount of cash duplicate	$ 214 93	
To amount of cash received on work tax	163 22	
To amount received from license	57 00	
To amount received from Seated and Unseated Land	20 80	
To amount in hands at last settlement	15 71	
	$ 471 66	
By amount of exoneration		$ 93
By amount paid Dishart Bros. for team hire and labor		64 25
By amount paid for labor and shoveling snow		42 29
By amount paid for plank and timber for bridges		36 71
By amount paid for team hire		6 00
By amount paid James G. Hassen, publishing statement for 1895		5 00
By amount paid John S. Foley, publishing statement for 1894 and 1896		10 00
By amount paid Wm. Davis, attorney's fees		5 00
By amount paid P. J. Dietrick for hardware, etc.		11 11
By amount paid for smithing and repairs to grader		6 29
By amount paid Wm. J. Dutton for hammers		1 00
By amount paid F. O. Luther for water trough		3 07
By amount paid to Thomas T. Kirkpatrick		35 00
By amount paid for damages to fields		6 00
By amount paid for 107 days services as Supervisor at $1.50 a day		160 50
By amount for collecting $214 93 at 5 per cent		10 74
By amount for disbursing $471 66 at 2 per cent		9 42
By amount paid Auditors and clerk service		24 75
By amount paid Mrs Chrys. Luther for house rent		1 50
By amount paid Celestine Farabaugh, next Treasurer		22 09
		$ 471 66

THOMAS T. KIRKPATRICK, Supervisor.

	Dr.	Cr.
To whole amount of work duplicate	$1,054 20	
By amount of cash received on work tax		$ 230 02
By amount of exoneration		1 64
By amount worked out by taxables		822 54
		$1,054 20
To whole amount of cash duplicate	$ 263 13	
To amount of cash received on work tax	230 02	
To amount received from M. Dishart	35 00	
To amount due from 1894 with terest	102 16	
	$ 630 31	
By amount of exoneration		$ 41
By amount paid for road order		90
By amount paid for labor and shoveling snow		75 45
By amount paid for smithing and repairs to grader		9 09
By amount paid for plank and timber for bridges		38 25
By amount paid James Mellon, dynamite		2 50
By amount paid Patton Supply Co. for tile		2 93
By amount paid for hardware, etc		27 43
By amount paid Wm. C. Schroth for oaths		2 00
By amount paid for team hire and hammer handles		1 66
By amount paid for 149 days service at $1.50 per day		223 50
By amount paid Thos. T. Kirk for team hire and labor		209 00
By amount paid James Nail for attorney's fees		5 00
By amount paid Thos. T. Kirk, use of plow		1 00
By amount paid for collecting $263 13 at 5 per cent		13 15
By amount paid for disbursing $623 00 at 2 per cent		12 46
By amount paid to Farabaugh, next Treasurer		5 98
		$ 630 31

We, the undersigned Auditors, do certify that the foregoing statement is true and correct.

JOHN A. HOOVER, } Auditors.
ALBERT BOSLET, }
Attest, C. W. MEISEL, Clerk. 3 12 3t.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils,

Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
oct18.89ly.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 16, 1896.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	6 30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 25 a m
Main Line Express, daily	10 59 a m
Altoona Accom., week days	1 00 p m
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only	1 07 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 11 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 57 a m
Way Passenger, daily	2 09 p m
Mail Train, daily	3 35 p m
Pittsburg Express, daily	3 58 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 28 p. m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 34 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From Hastings and the North	7 36 a m
From Cresson	10 00 a m
From Vintondale	2 25 p m
From Cresson	5 05 p m
From Cresson	8 56 p m
From Vintondale	7 20 p m
From Cresson	9 10 p m

TRAINS LEAVE.

For Cresson	7 39 a m
For Hastings and the North	10 03 a m
For Vintondale	10 15 a m
For Cresson	2 35 p m
For Vintondale	5 05 p m
For Hastings and the north	5 39 p m
For Cresson	7 20 p m

For rates, maps, etc., call on agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 359 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

DEALER IN

STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES,

Roofing and Spouting.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS.

Tread Powers, Threshers and Separators, Iron and Wood Pumps, Fence Wire, Etc., Etc.,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

SOME SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR MARCH!

We have some lines of goods that we are going to

CLOSE OUT,

and in order to do so we have made some very low prices in Dress Goods, Underwear, Shoes, etc., we invite all who want to save some money and get some good bargains to call and see goods and prices.

We can't tell you much about them here, but the prices will speak for themselves. Come early before the best are picked up.

BARKER BROS.,

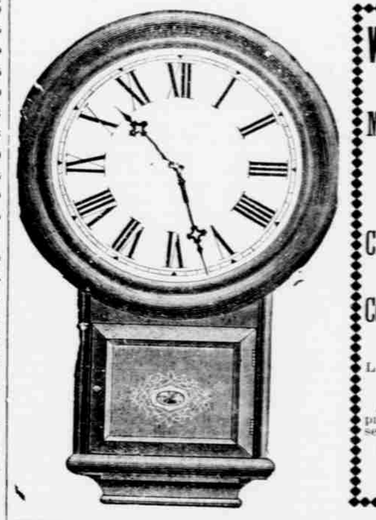
EBENSBURG, PA.

CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
—AND—
OPTICAL GOODS.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE
CELEBRATED ROCKFORD
WATCHES.

**Columbia and Fredonia Watches

CHILLING NEWS, THIS.

Cabinet Officials Will Go Slow In Making Changes.

M'KINLEY OF THE SAME MIND.

Disheartening to the Hungry Horde of Officeseekers—New Ambassadors to Be Named—Nobody Seems to Want to Be Minister to Spain—Hanna's Call.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—All of the officers of the new cabinet have indicated a purpose to go very slowly in the change of personnel in their departments. This not very cheerful news to officeseekers has been communicated directly to many of the aspirants, who have been unable to repress their ambitions, and to add to their discomfort it is intimated in some quarters that there are to be a very few changes in office, save where the incumbent insists upon immediate retirement, for some time to come. This may be an overstatement of the conservatism exhibited by the administration, but it is recalled that Mr. McKinley before his inauguration held to the view that the change of officers with all of its accompanying confusion and disarrangement of business should not be undertaken until the tariff bill is enacted. This view is brought freshly to mind by the statement made that a prominent assistant secretary in one of the executive departments has been asked to remain in his place for five months.

Huge bundles of applications for office were sent from the White House to the various departments. They comprised some 10,000 applications received at Canton by Secretary Boyle. He had been hard at work on them in advance, instead of waiting for the deluge of applications now coming in. With these 10,000 disposed of the officials were able for the first time to get abreast of the

COLONEL JOHN HAY.

He Will Be Named Ambassador to England.

incoming mail. A rough estimate by Mr. Boyle, who is in charge of the correspondence, is that 98,000 letters have been handled within recent months.

It is expected that today Mr. John Hay will be named ambassador to Great Britain and Mr. Horace Porter of New York ambassador to Paris and that there may be a few other nominations, including Mr. Powell Clayton of Arkansas, as minister to Mexico.

One of the most important missions the president will have to fill will be that of minister to Spain. In view of the Cuban insurrection this post is one demanding the exercise of great tact and skill and the indications are that Mr. McKinley will go very slowly and deliberate in changing our minister there. Few of the thousands of applications for office mention this post, which seems not to be in great demand, and it is certain that up to Sunday Mr. McKinley had no one in mind for it.

President McKinley has definitely settled upon J. H. Brigham of Ohio for assistant secretary of agriculture, and the nomination doubtless will be sent to the senate within a few days. Colonel Brigham is master of the national grange. He is a war veteran, has figured considerably in Ohio politics and is an old friend of the president.

Postmaster General Gary has had another busy day, receiving scores of visitors. Senator Mark Hanna called and had an interview, lasting scarcely more than five minutes. It was his first call on the head of the department. Senator Penrose and Representatives Huff and Hicks of Pennsylvania were among the other visitors.

The cabinet meeting lasted just an hour. Secretaries Sherman, Gage and Alger were the first to leave and Mr. Gary came from the cabinet room soon afterward. The attorney general, secretary of the navy and secretary of agriculture remained some time longer.

Secretary Bliss was absent in New York. Nothing of importance was discussed by the cabinet.

A group embracing the silver Republican senators, Teller of Colorado, Pettigrew of South Dakota and Canon of Utah, who withdrew from the St. Louis convention, called on the president. With them, also, was Senator Warren of Wyoming.

They were shown at once to the president's office and spent five or ten minutes with Mr. McKinley. It was entirely a call of courtesy and no allusion to party or politics was made. The president showed his usual cordiality, and there was no evidence in manner or word of the divisions resulting from the national convention.

Following this group came another one, comprising the entire Republican membership of the ways and means committee, headed by Chairman Dingley. They filed before the president and were cordially greeted. This, too, was a call of courtesy and no reference was made to the tariff.

It was so wet and disagreeable outside that the president decided not to take his usual afternoon walk yesterday. Last night he saw several friends by appointment for more leisurely talks than the hurry of office hours would permit.

Senator Hanna's call on the president lasted half an hour, after which Mr. McKinley went to the east room and received about 1,500 people. It was Senator Hanna's first call since the inauguration.

Other callers included Senators Shoup of Idaho, Major Dick of Ohio and Senator Foraker of Ohio. The last named had an extended talk with the president.

The president saw a delegation of army officers headed by Major General Miles, in command of the army, who extended him an invitation to attend the banquet and reunion of the Second army corps on the 16th inst. Other callers were Representative Dalzell and ex-Representative Hough of Pennsylvania, who came to second the appointment of Mr. Pitcairn of Harrisburg as consul general at Berlin, the papers having been presented by Senator Penrose.

A Reception to Stevenson.

BLOOMINGTON, Ills., March 10.—Ex-Vice President Stevenson was given a reception last evening that was a brilliant event. The attendance was large, including leading citizens of all parties. Ex-Governor Fifre made the opening address.

Robert G. Blaine Dead.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Robert G. Blaine, a brother of the late James G. Blaine, has died here. He was 65 years of age and leaves a wife and six children.

Pugs Doing Less Work.

CARSON CITY, Nev., March 10.—Both Corbett and Fitzsimmons have lightened up in their work and will continue to do so until the fight. The arena is about completed.

PEACE IN THE SENATE.

Opposition Leaders Decide on No Warring Until December.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The contest over the organization of the senate, which has been threatening for several days, will likely not take place and the present situation will be maintained. A feeling prevails after many conferences of different party leaders that the Republicans should retain the control of the committees and the Democrats of the general offices. The formal agreement to this effect may be postponed for a few days, but the preliminaries were agreed upon by the representative men of all parties and it looks now as if there would be no obstacles to the consummation of the agreement. This agreement is to be binding only during the present special session of the senate and the coming extra session of congress, it being understood that hostilities will break out again next December, when congress will convene in regular session.

The compact provides for the appointment of new senators to fill the vacancies caused by the retirement of their predecessors and that Republicans shall be appointed in the places of retiring Republicans and Democrats in the places of retiring Democrats.

This will give the Republicans the opportunity to fill all the vacant chairmanships. The most important of these are on the committees on foreign relations, naval affairs, privileges and elections and public lands. Senator Davis has already been placed at the head of the foreign committee. It is understood that Senator Shoup will succeed Mr. Davis as chairman of territories and that Senator Hansbrough will go to public lands, and it is probable that Senator Hale will take naval affairs and Senator Chandler privileges and elections. The two vacancies on the finance committee, occasioned by the retirement of Senators Sherman and Voorhees, will be filled by the appointment of a gold Republican to succeed Sherman and a silver Democrat to take Voorhees' place.

The agreement also provides for the reference of the credentials of each of senatorial appointees to the committee on privileges and elections, where, it is understood, they will not be disturbed until the regular session in December.

A CANTON MAN WANTS IT.

Miller Said to Be Pretty Sure of Patents Commissionership.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—A large number of candidates have entered the field for the commissionership of patents. Ex-Congressman Benjamin Butterworth of Ohio is being urged by most of the prominent Washington patent attorneys to fill the place which he has occupied under a previous administration, but it is not known that he would take it. Charles A. Miller of Canton, O., is a formidable candidate and some of his friends claim his father, a well-known Ohioan, who died about the time of the election, was promised the appointment for the son. John A. Weidersheim, a Philadelphia attorney, is putting up a strong fight and there are applicants scattered all through the country, including State Senator Robert M. Wilds of Illinois and H. L. Frothingham, assistant commissioner in the Harrison administration.

Ex-Congressman Ryan of Kansas and Major William Warner of Missouri are the leading aspirants for the first assistant secretaryship of the interior.

It can be stated that no selection has yet been determined upon for commissioner of pensions. Major Theodore L. Poole, ex-congressman from the Syracuse district in New York and the possessor of a splendid war record, and ex-Representative Pickler of South Dakota are leading candidates. Ex-Congressman Binger Herrman of Oregon is said to be a certainty for either commissioner of the general land office or of Indian affairs.

THE FREE LIST COMPLETED.

Chairman Dingley Talks on the Prospective New Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Chairman Dingley of the ways and means committee says that he expects the new tariff bill will be ready to introduce in the house very soon after congress assembles. Speaking of the report that the law might provide that the duties assessed should go into effect immediately upon the introduction of the bill, Mr. Dingley said that it would be impossible under our constitution to make a law retroactive. Duties, he said, must be assessed according to the law on the statue books at the time goods were imported. The law could provide that goods still in bond should pay the new duty if they had not been withdrawn from bond at the time the law went into effect.

The free list schedule has been completed. Nearly all the remaining articles which had not been disposed of and which were dutiable under the McKinley law have been restored to the dutiable list at a rate somewhat less than the McKinley rates.

The pottery schedule has not yet been completed, and there is yet considerable question whether the advalorem rates of the McKinley law shall be restored or specific duties imposed.

A SHOSHONE CHIEF DYING.

His Death May Result In an Indian Outbreak.

FORT WASHAKIE, Wy., March '10.—Chief Washakie, the noted head of the Shoshone Indians, is dying.

The chief is 93 years old and has spent the most of his time this winter in the hospital at the fort. Recently he sent for Rev. John Roberts and, at his request, was baptized.

Chief Washakie has been a great friend of the whites and has on many occasions prevented his young warriors from going out on raids and fighting the soldiers. It is feared that in case of the chief's death there will be some trouble in preventing these young bucks from carrying out their long cherished desire to make war of extermination on their old enemies, the Arapahoes, who occupy the same reservation.

U. S. TROOPS ON THE MOVE.

They Will Eject Settlers From an Indian Reservation.

PRICE, Utah, March 10.—Orders for troops to remove the intruders from the Uncompahgre reservation have been received at Fort Duchesne. General Wheaton, the department commander, is anxious that there shall be no blood shed.

Captain M. W. Day with 20 troopers has left to carry out the order. There are about 300 men still on the reservation. They are settlers on land claims. All who refuse to vacate will be taken prisoners and be brought to the fort.

Trude Attacked Altgeld.

CHICAGO, March 10.—A. S. Trude has withdrawn as a candidate for the Democratic mayoralty nomination. Mr. Trude made a statement bitterly attaking Governor Altgeld for forcing the silver issue into the municipal campaign, which he said would split the party.

No Press Censorship Bill.

ALBANY, March 10.—Senator Lamy has received the press censorship bill drawn at Buffalo and expressed his disapproval of it by immediately returning it to the person who sent it to him.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $211,988,848; gold reserve, $150,845,051.

Senator Harris Better.

WASHINGTON, March 10. — Senator Harris expects to leave the city for Biloxi, Miss., next week. Mr. Harris' condition is much improved.

BOTH WANT CONTROL.

Building of Capitol May Cause Hard Feeling.

GOVERNOR WANTS TO BE BOSS.

The Members of the Legislature Also Want to Do Some of the Superintending—Senator Magee Appears In the Role of Enemy to Trusts.

HARRISBURG, March 10.—There may be some excitement later on in the legislature over the control of the building of the new capitol. The governor wants to be in control, while the legislators want to have a hand in the management.

When there was a resolution presented in the house indorsing the governor's action in relation to the proposed plan of the capitol building, the resolution was promptly referred to a committee, which showed that there is a feeling that the legislature must be consulted in all things pertaining to the new building.

After prayer the senate got down to work, but little of importance occurred, except a resolution introduced by Senator Magee, which was adopted. It says:

Whereas, It is alleged that the production of certain articles of common necessity and general use is controlled by trusts and combinations and pools; that such trusts, combinations and pools are destructive of individual enterprise and against public interest, resulting in the driving out of competition, depriving labor of employment and imposing burdens upon the consumer; and,

Whereas, All legislation heretofore had against such trusts, combinations and pools, has proved ineffective to prevent the same; therefore,

Be it resolved, That it is the sense of the general assembly of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania that provision should be made in the proposed tariff legislation whereby the president of the United States shall be empowered, whenever and so often as he shall be satisfied that the production of any article or articles is controlled by any trust, combination or pool, to suspend, by proclamation to that effect, in whole or in part at his discretion, the operations of such tariff law in so far as it shall provide for the imposition of duties upon such articles as are controlled by trusts, combinations or pools, so long as the said trust, combinations or pools shall continue to exist.

Resolved, That the senators and representatives in congress from Pennsylvania be requested to use their efforts to secure the incorporation of such a provision in the proposed tariff legislation.

Senator Grady then called up the civil service bill, which was on the calendar. The bill was then read section by section on second reading. The bill passed second reading after some jangling over proposed amendments that did not prevail.

Senator Gibson, chairman of the joint committee of the house and senate on the investigation of the fire at the capitol, handed in a partial report to the senate and house. In his report Senator Gibson says that a number of persons were called before the committee and testified, but that one witness, Dr. Swallow, refused to testify on the grounds that it might prejudice his case in court. Chairman Gibson asked for instructions from the house and senate, and wanted authority to compel Dr. Swallow to testify.

Senator Lawrence called up his bill to amend paragraph 16 of the second subdivision of the second section of an act to provide for the incorporation of certain corporations, providing for the incorporation of companies for buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kinds of goods, wares or merchandise at wholesale or retail or both.

Senator Flinn said the bill looked to him as if it was meant to give the company store another chance in this state. Mr. Grady said there was no danger of the company store being revived by the passage of the bill.

Senators Losch and Coyle (Schuylkill) spoke against the bill. They said they feared the "pluck-me-stores" would get in under this bill. Action on the bill was postponed until today.

Senator Flinn then called up the resolution for the investigation of the condition of the miners in the bituminous coal regions. Lieutenant Governor Lyon did not seem to be anxious to call up the resolution and put a motion to adjourn. Mr. Flinn made a fight to have the resolution read, but in some manner the resolution got lost, and as it could not be found the senate adjourned without acting on it.

In the house several bills were introduced by Allegheny county members, among them being the following:

By Simon, providing for the purchase of the franchises and property of certain corporations by the municipal corporation within the limits of which such franchises are exercised.

By Hosack, authorizing banks chartered under the laws of Pennsylvania to pay interest upon demand deposits.

By Tilbrook, requiring all street railway companies running cars over a grade of 4 feet to the 100 and upward to have track or rail brakes attached to the cars independent of the wheel brakes.

By Simon, a bill amending the Baker ballot law to provide that if any voter declares under oath to the judge of election that he cannot read or that by blindness or other physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot, he shall be permitted to select one or two of the election officers to aid in preparing his ballot.

After the presentation of bills Mr. Robb called up his bill authorizing the appointment of additional assessors in boroughs. The bill failed for want of a constitutional majority. The vote was 94 yeas to 73 nays.

The bill in relation to the mining of bituminous coal was taken up on third reading. It is a very long bill, and it took a long while to read it. Representative Voorhees claimed that the clerk was not reading the bill in an audible tone and succeeded in having the bill read so it could be understood. The bill passed third reading with a few minor amendments.

The bill repealing the prohibitory law in Verona was placed on the house calendar. It had been defeated several days ago. It was done so quickly that those opposed to the measure did not have time to figure out what was going on.

A communication was received from Governor Hastings announcing his approval of a concurrent resolution authorizing the publication of 15,000 copies of a bulletin on diseases of poultry by the department of agricenture for use of members of the legislature and state officers.

Mr. Woodruff (Philadelphia) reported favorably for committee the prison reform bill prepared by General Isaac J. Wister of Philadelphia.

These bills passed finally:

Relative to actions by parents and child for injury to the person wrongfully inflicted on the child; regulating the practice, bail, costs and fees on appeals to the supreme and superior courts; relative to the removal of poor persons from one district to another; relative to the abolition of independent school districts created by quarter sessions courts; authorizing school districts to aid free public libraries otherwise established.

Representative Hosack of Pittsburg was chosen chairman of the committee to investigate the office of dairy and food commissioner. Senator Coyle was elected secretary. The committee did not decide upon counsel and the employes. A meeting will be held next Tuesday.

Governor Hastings has issued a writ for a special congressional election to be held in the Twenty-fifth district on April 20 to elect a successor to the late James Davidson of Beaver.

Many representatives were disappointed when the bills paying the expenses of the Heller-Laubach senatorial contest in Northampton county in 1895 were not reached on final passage. The house was in a temper to defeat them.

The measures carry an appropriation of about $30,000, and numerous members are of the opinion that it is about time to put an end to costly contests.

The Democratic side of the house is ready for the fight. The Democrats will vote in a body against paying about $13,000 to Joseph R. Harrah of Beaver, who was sergeant-at-arms of the committee.

SCOVEL SET AT LIBERTY.

The State Department Made Strong Representations In His Favor.

HAVANA, March 10.—The Santa Clara court having jurisdiction of the charges against Sylvester Scovel, the New York World correspondent, who was arrested in the early part of February while traveling in a train between Tomas and Sancti Spiritus, has rendered a decision releasing him from custody. Mr. Scovel is now at liberty.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Consul General Lee has cabled the state department that Sylvester Scovel, the American newspaper correspondent, who has

SYLVESTER SCOVEL.

An Ohio Boy Released From a Cuban Prison.

been under arrest in Sancti Spiritus for several weeks, will be released.

This action is taken as the result of strong representations this government has made in Scovel's behalf on the ground that he was in Cuba solely in a newspaper capacity and was in no sense a combatant or abettor of the insurrection.

TO PROMOTE BIMETALLISM.

McKinley Will Instruct the Ambassadors to Do What They Can.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—It is understood that the president will not appoint members of an international conference commission or take any steps toward calling a conference until after the expiration of the special session of congress. The president has in mind a very comprehensive plan for dealing with the whole monetary question. It is understood that he will at first confine negotiations with foreign governments to the usual diplomatic agencies.

All the ambassadors and ministers to foreign governments appointed by Mr. McKinley will be given special instructions to devote particular attention to bringing about a friendly understanding on the monetary question. They are expected to assume an attitude friendly to bimetallism and to exert what influence they can toward inducing the countries to which they are accredited to give the matter serious consideration.

Senator Wolcott of Colorado Monday evening called at the White House and remained nearly all the evening. The time was devoted entirely to the subject of bimetallism and Senator Wolcott told the president the main features of his trip abroad and informed him of the condition which he found. It is understood that Mr. McKinley was an earnest listener and that he was much encouraged by the report Senator Wolcott brought back.

Colonel Jack's Trial Postponed.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., March 10.—The trial of Colonel William M. Jack, partner in the insolvent bankinghouse of Gardner, Morrow & Co., on a charge of receiving deposits knowing the institution to be insolvent, has been postponed until the June term. Twenty-five civil suits to recover $110,000 were entered by depositors against the five copartners in the bank.

A Preacher Mentally Unbalanced.

KEESVILLE, N. Y., March 10.—Dazed and physically exhausted Rev. E. J. Oldknow Mangton, the Newark pastor who has been missing for the past ten days, has arrived here. He had come from Montreal and seemed completely unbalanced, not even knowing the day or the month and having lost all knowledge of the cause or length of his absence from home.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, March 9.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 85@86c; No. 2 red, 84@85c; spring wheat, 84@85c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow car, 27@27½c; No. 2 shelled, 26½@26¾c; high mixed shelled, 25½@25¾c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 24½@25c; No. 2 do, 22½@23c; extra No. 3 white, 21@21½c; light mixed, 21½@21c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $11.75@12.00; No. 2 do, $9.5 @10.50; packing, $6.00@6.50; No. 1 feeding prairie, $7.50@8.00; wagon hay, $14.00@15.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 6½@7c per pair; live chickens, small, 5½@5½c; dressed, 10@12c per pound; live ducks, 7½@9c per pair; dressed, 15½16c per pound; live turkeys, 11@12c per pound; dressed, 14@15c; live geese, $1.00@1.25 per pair.

GAME—Pheasants, $4.50@5.00 per dozen; quail, $1.50@2.00 per dozen; rabbits, 15@20c per pair; squirrels, 10@15c; wild turkeys, $1.50; prairie hens, $6.50@7.00 per dozen; whole deer, 12½c per pound; saddles, 18@20c.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 21@22c; creamery, 20@21c; Ohio fancy creamery, 18@18½c; fancy country roll, 14@15c; low grade and cooking, 8@10c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York full cream, 12½@13c; Ohios, full cream, late make, 11@11½c; new Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11½@12c; limburger, new, 8½@9c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 11½c; Swiss, in bricks, 8-pound average, 10@11c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 10@11c; selected fancy stock, 11@12c.

PITTSBURG, March 9.

CATTLE—Supply light on Monday, 30 cars on sale; market a shade higher on heavy cattle; other grades steady. Today supply light, market slow. We quote the following prices: Prime, $4.80@5.00; good, $4.50@4.65; tidy, $4.20@4.50; good butchers, $3.90@4.25; fair, $3.60@3.80; feeders, $3.60@4.00; bulls, stags and cows, $1.75@3.50; bologna cows, $8.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $25.00@40.00.

HOGS—Receipts light on Monday; market active and prices fully 15c higher than last week's closing prices. Today, run fair for Tuesday, quality only fair and market slow and prices lower. We quote: Prime medium, $4.00@4.05; best Yorkers, $4.00; common to fair Yorkers and pigs, $3.85@3.95; heavy, $3.85@3.90; roughs, $2.50@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light on Monday; market higher on natives; west erns steady. Supply today light, market about steady. We quote: Ohio fed westerns, $4.00@4.30; prime natives, $4.4 @4.50; good, $4.2 @4.30; fair, $3.6 @4.00; common, $2.00@3.40; culls, $2.00@2.50. Lambs—Choice, $5.00@5.25; common to good, $4.00@4.85; veal calves, $6.00@6.50; heavy and thin calves, $3.00@4.00.

CINCINNATI, March 9.

HOGS—Market steady at $3.10@3.85. Receipts, 2,000 head; shipments, 3,800 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.50@4.75. Receipts, 2 0 head; shipments, 100 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep firm at $2.50@4.75. Receipts, 100 head; shipments, none. Lambs — Market firm at $3.50@5.35.

NEW YORK, March 9.

WHEAT—Spot market steadier; No. 1 hard, 89c.

CORN—Spot market quiet; No. 2, 28½c.

OATS—Spot market easier: No. 2, 22¾c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 10½@11½c per pound dressed weight; sheep at 9@11c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 8¾@9c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS — Market for sheep steady; lambs firm. Sheep, $4.00@4.60; lambs, $5.00@5.75.

HOGS—Market firm at $3.90@4.25.

A SINGLE STANDARD

only is possible, whether as a test of excellence in journalism, or for the measurement of quantities, time or values; and

The Philadelphia Record

after a career of nearly twenty years of uninterrupted growth is justified in claiming that the standard first established by its founders is the one true test of

A Perfect Newspaper.

To publish ALL THE NEWS promptly and succinctly and in the most readable form, without elision or partisan bias; to discuss its significance with frankness, to keep AN OPEN EYE FOR PUBLIC ABUSES, to give besides a complete record of current thought, fancies and discoveries in all departments of human activity in its DAILY EDITIONS of from 10 to 14 PAGES, and to provide the whole for its patrons at the nominal price of ONE CENT—that was from the outset, and will continue to be the aim of "THE RECORD."

THE PIONEER

one cent morning newspaper in the United States. "The Record" still LEADS WHERE OTHERS FOLLOW

Witness its unrivaled average daily circulation exceeding 160,000 copies, and an average exceeding 130,000 copies for its Sunday editions, while imitations of plan of publication in every important city of the country testify to the truth of the assertion that in the quantity and quality of its contents, and in the price at which it is sold "The Record" has established the standard by which excellence in journalism must be measured.

The Daily Edition

of "The Record" will be sent by mail to any address for $3.00 per year or 25 cents per month.

The Daily and Sunday

editions together, which will give its readers the best and freshest information of all that is going on in the world every day in the year including holidays, will be sent for $4.00 a year or 35 cents per month.

Address

THE RECORD PUBLISHING CO.
Record Building,
Philadelphia, Pa.

HAVE YOU READ

THE PHILADELPHIA **Times** THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegience in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS.—DAILY, $3.00 per annum; $1.00 for four months; 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for six cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, 32 large, handsome pages—224 columns, elegantly illustrated, beautiful colored supplement, $2.00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum; 50 cents per month.

Address all letters to

THE TIMES,
Philadelphia.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

SUMMER COOKING MADE EASY.

AGENTS MAKE BIG WAGES SELLING THE ARNOLD COOKER

NO HEAT. NO BOTHER.

Cooks a Dinner all at one time Grand for Oil or Gas Stoves. Liberal Terms. Exclusive Territory. Let us tell you all about it.

WILCASTLE & CO.
205 Elm St.
Rochester, N. Y.

TO HAVE HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE IN ORDER

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More Ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.

YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

Robert Cassidy's

Shaving Parlor

Located on Centre street near O'Hara's Livery office. Shaving, Hair Cutting and Shampooing done in the neatest and best manner. A share of your patronage solicited.

ROBERT CASSIDY.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED from 10 to 25 lbs per month by a harmless treatment by practicing physician of 20 years' experience. No bad effects or detention from business. No starving, wrinkles or flabbiness. Improves general health and beautifies complexion. Physicians and society ladies indorse it. Thousands cured.

PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL

confidentially. For particulars address, with stamp, DR. SNYDER, Or 702 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY. Schaefer's Theater, CHICAGO, Ills.

oct25.96.1y

BUGGIES at ½ Price

CARTS & HARNESS Cheap.

$37 Top Buggy $27 We Cut the $35 Phaeton " $34 PRICES and $45 Two Top Surrey $37 outsell ALL $50 Road Wagon, $25 competitors. $16 Road Cart $8.50. Buy of factory. Buggy Harness $3.85; try and save $10 Buggy " $4.75 Middleman's $30 Team " $12.50 profit. Morgan Saddle, $1.65. Catl'g'e Free

U. S. BUGGY & CART CO.
2 to 12 Lawrence St., Cincinnati, O.

$58.50 $20 $10

"NO MORE DOCTORS FOR ME!

They said I was consumptive, sent me to Florida, told me to keep quiet, no excitement, and no tennis. Just think of it. One day I found a little book called 'Guide to Health,' by Mrs. Pinkham, and in it I found out what ailed me. So I wrote to her, got a lovely reply, told me just what to do, and I am in splendid health now."

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound

conquers all those weaknesses and ailments so prevalent with the sex, and restores perfect health.

All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints, either sex, the Compound has no rival.

Mrs. Pinkham freely answers letters of inquiry. Enclose stamp for reply.

Send two 2-cent stamps for Mrs. Pinkham's beautiful 88-page illustrated book, entitled "GUIDE TO HEALTH AND ETIQUETTE." It contains a volume of valuable information. It has saved lives, and may save yours.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.

The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really meritorious. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWER know that it does all that is claimed.

It causes new growth of hair on bald heads—provided the hair follicles are not dead, which is seldom the case; restores natural color to gray or faded hair; preserves the scalp healthful and clear of dandruff; prevents the hair falling off or changing color; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and thick.

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate and rejuvenate. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE **WHISKERS**

Colors them brown or black, as desired, and is the best dye, because it is harmless; produces a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.

PREPARED BY
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

OH! MY BACK

Every strain or cold attacks that weak back and nearly prostrates you.

BROWN'S **IRON BITTERS**

QUALITY PURITY NOT QUANTITY — On Every Bottle — Trade Mark

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

THE BEST TONIC

Strengthens the Muscles, Stenghes the Nerves, Enriches the Blood, Gives New Vigor.

DR. J. L. MYERS, Fairfield, Iowa, says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the best iron medicine I have known in my 30 years' practice. I have found it specially beneficial in nervous or physical exhaustion, and in all debilitating ailments that bear so heavily on the system. Use it freely in my own family."

MR. W. F. BROWN, 527 Main St., Covington, Ky., says: "I was completely broken down in health and troubled with pains in my back. Brown's Iron Bitters entirely restored me to health."

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Personally-Conducted Tours.

MATCHLESS IN EVERY FEATURE.

CALIFORNIA

A tour to CALIFORNIA and the PACIFIC COAST will leave Harrisburg, Altoona, and Pittsburg, on February 24th, and also on March 27, 1897. Five weeks in California on the first tour, and four weeks on the second. Passengers on the third tour may return on regular trains within nine months. Stop will be made at New Orleans for Mardi-Gras festivities on the second tour.

Rates from all points on the Penna. R. R. System: First tour, $310.00; second tour, $350.00; third tour, $210.00. From Pittsburg, $5.00 less for each tour.

For detailed itineraries and other information apply at ticket agencies, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, 360 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa. 12.11.96

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C.A. SNOW & CO.
Opposite Patent Office. Washington, D. C.

JOHN F. STRATTON'S

THE GENUINE

Celebrated Russian Gut **Violin Strings**

The Finest in the World. Every String Warranted.

John F. Stratton, Wholesale Dealer,

Send for Catalogue. 811, 813, 815, 817 E. 9th St. NEW YORK.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

"WANT A WAGON?"

We have wagons, buggies, surreys. High grade, as low, strong, durable, as healthfully finished as modern manufacture can produce. Built on honor by men of experience. Honesty is our policy; prompt shipment our specialty. We want to know you. Write us. Cost is nothing. May lead to business by and by. Send for catalogue. It is free to every reader of this paper. Binghamton Wagon Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

"BUILT FOR BUSINESS."

LADIES!

Are you reckless enough to venture? If so send two cents in stamps to the *Mack Publishing Co.*, 528 and 530 Washington Street, New York, for one of their beautiful illustrated **"Ladies' Books."** It is a novel, unique, and interesting work to every person of refinement.

On receipt of ten cents in stamps they will send postpaid a full set of their famous house hold game **Verba.**

For ten cents they will also send a book containing complete words of "The Mikado," and music of its most popular songs, together with ten exquisite chromo cards.

QUINEPTUS!

A very pleasing, harmless, pleasy-chilled aromatic compound for disguising the taste of quinine and other bitter drugs, either solid or fluid. Price, 25 Cents per Pint Bottle. Prescribed by the medical physicians in Europe and America. Formula accompanies every bottle. For Sale by Druggists.

Manufactured by
The Academic Pharmaceutic Co.,
LONDON AND NEW YORK.
532—536 WASHINGTON ST., NEW YORK CITY

ROYAL ELIXIR.

An elegant English pharmaceutical preparation for bilious, malarial and blood troubles; the result of over twenty-five years of most eminent scientific research.

Approved by the highest medical authorities in use in the hospitals in every part of Europe. Especially helpful to ladies, children and persons of sedentary habits.

Entirely vegetable; free from harmful drugs. In Handsome Packages, Price 50 Cts.

Prepared solely by
The Royal Pharmaceutic Co
LONDON AND NEW YORK,
Chemists by appointment to Her Majesty the Queen and to the Royal Family.
NEW YORK BRANCH:
130, 132, 134 Charlton St

ROYAL PILLS.

Same medicinal properties as ROYAL ELIXIR. In boxes, 30 pills to box, for 25 cents.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

REMEMBER THE BIG FOUR!

Vinegar Bitters CORDIAL, delicious taste, 50c.
Vinegar Bitters POWDERS, 50 doses, 50c.
Vinegar Bitters, new style, pleasant taste, $1.00
Vinegar Bitters, old style, bitter taste, $1.00

The World's Great Blood Purifier and Life Giving Principle.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

The past 25th of a Century the Leading Family Medicine of the World.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM — PURELY — CALIFORNIA — ALCOHOL — D. WALKER'S — EUREKA — VINEGAR BITTERS

R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors, SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK.

KOPFALINE

THE GREAT GERMAN HEADACHE CURE

A QUICK RELIEF FOR EVERY TYPE OF HEADACHE.

FOUR CARDINAL POINTS RESPECTING HEADACHE.

Never forget that all headaches are essentially nervous. By quieting the nerves you stop the headache.

Every headache is a prayer of the cranial nerves for assistance. Soothe them with KOPFALINE.

Should your headache be nervous, sick, periodic, dyspeptic, or be caused by worry, anxiety, excesses of any kind or brain weariness, use KOPFALINE.

When children suffer with headache, or any one else for that matter, use KOPFALINE, and the best remedy ever offered. Safe, sure, wonderfully quick in action.

KOPFALINE cures every type of headache, especially that distressingly painful type peculiar to ladies suffering from irregularity or uterine irritation, or whose duties require them to stand for long periods.

* * * * * * *

KOPFALINE CURES

NERVOUS SHOCK, NERVOUS HEADACHE, MENTAL WORRY, PALPITATION, ALCOHOLISM AND OTHER EXCESSES, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, DIGESTIVE AILMENTS, WEAK CIRCULATION, AND ALL

ailments and conditions where nerve waste goes on.

KOPFALINE

Is invaluable for Teachers, Scholars, Preachers Students, Merchants, Editors, Men, Women and Children. Everybody whose nerves are at all likely to get out of order.

It is absolutely safe under all circumstances and conditions

CHILLING NEWS, THIS.

Cabinet Officials Will Go Slow In Making Changes.

M'KINLEY OF THE SAME MIND.

Disheartening to the Hungry Horde of Officeseekers—New Ambassadors to Be Named—Nobody Seems to Want to Be Minister to Spain—Hanna's Call.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—All of the officers of the new cabinet have indicated a purpose to go very slowly in the change of personnel in their departments. This not very cheerful news to officeseekers has been communicated directly to many of the aspirants, who have been unable to repress their ambitions, and to add to their discomfort it is intimated in some quarters that there are to be a very few changes in office, save where the incumbent insists upon immediate retirement, for some time to come. This may be an overstatement of the conservatism exhibited by the administration, but it is recalled that Mr. McKinley before his inauguration held to the view that the change of officers with all of its accompanying confusion and disarrangement of business should not be undertaken until the tariff bill is enacted. This view is brought freshly to mind by the statement made that a prominent assistant secretary in one of the executive departments has been asked to remain in his place for five months.

Huge bundles of applications for office were sent from the White House to the various departments. They comprised some 10,000 applications received at Canton by Secretary Boyle. He had been hard at work on them in advance, instead of waiting for the deluge of applications now coming in. With these 10,000 disposed of the officials were able for the first time to get abreast of the

COLONEL JOHN HAY.

He Will Be Named Ambassador to England.

incoming mail. A rough estimate by Mr. Boyle, who is in charge of the correspondence, is that 98,000 letters have been handled within recent months.

It is expected that today Mr. John Hay will be named ambassador to Great Britain and Mr. Horace Porter of New York ambassador to Paris and that there may be a few other nominations, including Mr. Powell Clayton of Arkansas, as minister to Mexico.

One of the most important missions the president will have to fill will be that of minister to Spain. In view of the Cuban insurrection this post is one demanding the exercise of great tact and skill and the indications are that Mr. McKinley will go very slowly and deliberate in changing our minister there. Few of the thousands of applications for office mention this post, which seems not to be in great demand, and it is certain that up to Sunday Mr. McKinley had no one in mind for it.

President McKinley has definitely settled upon J. H. Brigham of Ohio for assistant secretary of agriculture, and the nomination doubtless will be sent to the senate within a few days. Colonel Brigham is master of the national grange. He is a war veteran, has figured considerably in Ohio politics and is an old friend of the president.

Postmaster Ceneral Gary has had another busy day, receiving scores of visitors. Senator Mark Hanna called and had an interview, lasting scarcely more than five minutes. It was his first call on the head of the department. Senator Penrose and Representatives Huff and Hicks of Pennsylvania were among the other visitors.

The cabinet meeting lasted just an hour. Secretaries Sherman, Gage and Alger were the first to leave and Mr. Gary came from the cabinet room soon afterward. The attorney general, secretary of the navy and secretary of agriculture remained some time longer.

Secretary Bliss was absent in New York. Nothing of importance was discussed by the cabinet.

A group embracing the silver Republican senators, Teller of Colorado, Pettigrew of South Dakota and Cannon of Utah, who withdrew from the St. Louis convention, called on the president. With them, also, was Senator Warren of Wyoming.

They were shown at once to the president's office and spent five or ten minutes with Mr. McKinley. It was entirely a call of courtesy and no allusion to party or politics was made. The president showed his usual cordiality, and there was no evidence in manner or word of the divisions resulting from the national convention.

Following this group came another one, comprising the entire Republican membership of the ways and means committee, headed by Chairman Dingley. They filed before the president and were cordially greeted. This, too, was a call of courtesy and no reference was made to the tariff.

It was so wet and disagreeable outside that the president decided not to take his usual afternoon walk yesterday. Last night he saw several friends by appointment for more leisurely talks than the hurry of office hours would permit.

Senator Hanna's call on the president lasted half an hour, after which Mr. McKinley went to the east room and received about 1,500 people. It was Senator Hanna's first call since the inauguration.

Other callers included Senators Shoup of Idaho, Major Dick of Ohio and Senator Foraker of Ohio. The last named had an extended talk with the president.

The president saw a delegation of army officers headed by Major General Miles, in command of the army, who extended him an invitation to attend the banquet and reunion of the Second army corps on the 16th inst. Other callers were Representative Dalzell and ex-Representative Hough of Pennsylvania, who came to second the appointment of Mr. Pitcairn of Harrisburg as consul general at Berlin, the papers having been presented by Senator Penrose.

A Reception to Stevenson.

BLOOMINGTON, Ills., March 10.—Ex-Vice President Stevenson was given a reception last evening that was a brilliant event. The attendance was large, including leading citizens of all parties. Ex-Governor Fifre made the opening address.

Robert G. Blaine Dead.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Robert G. Blaine, a brother of the late James G. Blaine, has died here. He was 65 years of age and leaves a wife and six children.

Pugs Doing Less Work.

CARSON CITY, Nev., March 10.—Both Corbett and Fitzsimmons have lightened up in their work and will continue to do so until the fight. The arena is about completed.

PEACE IN THE SENATE.

Opposition Leaders Decide on No Warring Until December.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The contest over the organization of the senate, which has been threatening for several days, will likely not take place and the present situation will be maintained. A feeling prevails after many conferences of different party leaders that the Republicans should retain the control of the committees and the Democrats of the general offices. The formal agreement to this effect may be postponed for a few days, but the preliminaries were agreed upon by the representative men of all parties and it looks now as if there would be no obstacles to the consummation of the agreement. This agreement is to be binding only during the present special session of the senate and the coming extra session of congress, it being understood that hostilities will break out again next December, when congress will convene in regular session.

The compact provides for the appointment of new senators to fill the vacancies caused by the retirement of their predecessors and that Republicans shall be appointed in the places of retiring Republicans and Democrats in the places of retiring Democrats.

This will give the Republicans the opportunity to fill all the vacant chairmanships. The most important of these are on the committees on foreign relations, naval affairs, privileges and elections and public lands. Senator Davis has already been placed at the head of the foreign committee. It is understood that Senator Shoup will succeed Mr. Davis as chairman of territories and that Senator Hansbrough will go to public lands, and it is probable that Senator Hale will take naval affairs and Senator Chandler privileges and elections. The two vacancies on the finance committee, occasioned by the retirement of Senators Sherman and Voorhees, will be filled by the appointment of a gold Republican to succeed Sherman and a silver Democrat to take Voorhees' place.

The agreement also provides for the reference of the credentials of each of senatorial appointees to the committee on privileges and elections, where, it is understood, they will not be disturbed until the regular session in December.

A CANTON MAN WANTS IT.

Miller Said to Be Pretty Sure of Patents Commissionership.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—A large number of candidates have entered the field for the commissionership of patents. Ex-Congressman Benjamin Butterworth of Ohio is being urged by most of the prominent Washington patent attorneys to fill the place which he has occupied under a previous administration, but it is not known that he would take it. Charles A. Miller of Canton, O., is a formidable candidate and some of his friends claim his father, a well-known Ohioan, who died about the time of the election, was promised the appointment for the son. John A. Weidersheim, a Philadelphia attorney, is putting up a strong fight and there are applicants scattered all through the country, including State Senator Robert M. Wilds of Illinois and H. L. Frothingham, assistant commissioner in the Harrison administration.

Ex-Congressman Ryan of Kansas and Major William Warner of Missouri are the leading aspisants for the first assistant secretaryship of the interior.

It can be stated that no selection has yet been determined upon for commissioner of pensions. Major Theodore L. Poole, ex-congressman from the Syracuse district in New York and the possessor of a splendid war record, and ex-Representative Pickler of South Dakota are leading candidates. Ex-Congressman Binger Herrman of Oregon is said to be a certainty for either commissioner of the general land office or of Indian affairs.

THE FREE LIST COMPLETED.

Chairman Dingley Talks on the Prospective New Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Chairman Dingley of the ways and means committee says that he expects the new tariff bill will be ready to introduce in the house very soon after congress assembles. Speaking of the report that the law might provide that the duties assessed should go into effect immediately upon the introduction of the bill, Mr. Dingley said that it would be impossible under our constitution to make a law retroactive. Duties, he said, must be assessed according to the law on the statute books at the time goods were imported. The law could provide that goods still in bond should pay the new duty if they had not been withdrawn from bond at the time the law went into effect.

The free list schedule has been completed. Nearly all the remaining articles which had not been disposed of and which were dutiable under the McKinley law have been restored to the dutiable list at a rate somewhat less than the McKinley rates.

The pottery schedule has not yet been completed, and there is yet considerable question whether the advalorem rates of the McKinley law shall be restored or specific duties imposed.

A SHOSHONE CHIEF DYING.

His Death May Result In an Indian Outbreak.

FORT WASHAKIE, Wy., March '10.—Chief Washakie, the noted head of the Shoshone Indians, is dying.

The chief is 93 years old and has spent the most of his time this winter in the hospital at the fort. Recently he sent for Rev. John Roberts and, at his request, was baptized.

Chief Washakie has been a great friend of the whites and has on many occasions prevented his young warriors from going out on raids and fighting the soldiers. It is feared that in case of the chief's death there will be some trouble in preventing these young bucks from carrying out their long cherished desire to make war of extermination on their old enemies, the Arapahoes, who occupy the same reservation.

U. S. TROOPS ON THE MOVE.

They Will Eject Settlers From an Indian Reservation.

PRICE, Utah, March 10.—Orders for troops to remove the intruders from the Uncompahgre reservation have been received at Fort Duchesne. General Wheaton, the department commander, is anxious that there shall be no blood shed.

Captain M. W. Day with 20 troopers has left to carry out the order. There are about 300 men still on the reservation. They are settlers on land claims. All who refuse to vacate will be taken prisoners and be brought to the fort.

Trude Attacked Altgeld.

CHICAGO, March 10.—A. S. Trude has withdrawn as a candidate for the Democratic mayorolty nomination. Mr. Trude made a statement bitterly attaking Governor Altgeld for forcing the silver issue into the municipal campaign, which he said would split the party.

No Press Censorship Bill.

ALBANY, March 10.—Senator Lamy has received the press censorship bill drawn at Buffalo and expressed his disapproval of it by immediately returning it to the person who sent it to him.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $911,983,848; gold reserve, $150,845,051.

Senator Harris Better.

WASHINGTON, March 10. — Senator Harris expects to leave the city for Biloxi, Miss., next week. Mr. Harris' condition is much improved.

BOTH WANT CONTROL.

Building of Capitol May Cause Hard Feeling.

GOVERNOR WANTS TO BE BOSS.

The Members of the Legislature Also Want to Do Some of the Superintending—Senator Magee Appears In the Role of Enemy to Trusts.

HARRISBURG, March 10.—There may be some excitement later on in the legislature over the control of the building of the new capitol. The governor wants to be in control, while the legislators want to have a hand in the management.

When there was a resolution presented in the house indorsing the governor's action in relation to the proposed plan of the capitol building, the resolution was promptly referred to a committee, which showed that there is a feeling that the legislature must be consulted in all things pertaining to the new building.

After prayer the senate got down to work, but little of importance occurred, except a resolution introduced by Senator Magee, which was adopted. It says:

Whereas, It is alleged that the production of certain articles of common necessity and general use is controlled by trusts and combinations and pools; that such trusts, combinations and pools are destructive of individual enterprise and against public interest, resulting in the driving out of competition, depriving labor of employment and imposing burdens upon the consumer; and,

Whereas, All legislation heretofore had against such trusts, combinations and pools, has proved ineffective to prevent the same; therefore,

Be it resolved, That it is the sense of the general assembly of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania that provision should be made in the proposed tariff legislation whereby the president of the United States shall be empowered, whenever and so often as he shall be satisfied that the production of any article or articles is controlled by any trust, combination or pool, to suspend, by proclamation to that effect, in whole or in part at his discretion, the operations of such tariff law in so far as it shall provide for the imposition of duties upon such articles as are controlled by trusts, combinations or pools, so long as the said trust, combinations or pools shall continue to exist.

Resolved, That the senators and representatives in congress from Pennsylvania be requested to use their efforts to secure the incorporation of such a provision in the proposed tariff legislation.

Senator Grady then called up the civil service bill, which was on the calendar. The bill was then read section by section on second reading. The bill passed second reading after some jangling over proposed amendments that did not prevail.

Senator Gibson, chairman of the joint committee of the house and senate on the investigation of the fire at the capitol, handed in a partial report to the senate and house. In his report Senator Gibson says that a number of persons were called before she committee and testified, but that one witness, Dr. Swallow, refused to testify on the grounds that it might prejudice his case in court. Chairman Gibson asked for instructions from the house and senate, and wanted authority to compel Dr. Swallow to testify.

Senator Lawrence called up his bill to amend paragraph 16 of the second subdivision of the second section of an act to provide for the incorporation of certain corporations, providing for the incorporation of companies for buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kinds of goods, wares or merchandise at wholesale or retail or both.

Senator Flinn said the bill looked to him as if it was meant to give the company store another chance in this state. Mr. Grady said there was no danger of the company store being revived by the passage of the bill.

Senators Losch and Coyle (Schuylkill) spoke against the bill. They said they feared the "pluck-me-stores" would get in under this bill. Action on the bill was postponed until today.

Senator Flinn then called up the resolution for the investigation of the condition of the miners in the bituminous coal regions. Lieutenant Governor Lyon did not seem to be anxious to call up the resolution and put a motion to adjourn. Mr. Flinn made a fight to have the resolution read, but in some manner the resolution got lost, and as it could not be found the senate adjourned without acting on it.

In the house several bills were introduced by Allegheny county members, among them being the following:

By Simon, providing for the purchase of the franchises and property of certain corporations by the municipal corporation within the limits of which such franchises are exercised.

By Hosack, authorizing banks chartered under the laws of Pennsylvania to pay interest upon demand deposits.

By Tilbrook, requiring all street railway companies running cars over a grade of 4 feet to the 100 and upward to have track or rail brakes attached to the cars independent of the wheel brakes.

By Simon, a bill amending the Baker ballot law to provide that if any voter declares under oath to the judge of election that he cannot read or that by blindness or other physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot, he shall be permitted to select one or two of the election officers to aid in preparing his ballot.

After the presentation of bills Mr. Robb called up his bill authorizing the appointment of additional assessors in boroughs. The bill failed for want of a constitutional majority. The vote was 74 yeas to 73 nays.

The bill in relation to the mining of bituminous coal was taken up on third reading. It is a very long bill, and it took a long while to read it. Representative Voorhees claimed that the clerk was not reading the bill in an audible tone and succeeded in having the bill read so it could be understood. The bill passed third reading with a few minor amendments.

The bill repealing the prohibitory law in Verona was placed on the house calendar. It had been defeated several days ago. It was done so quickly that those opposed to the measure did not have time to figure out what was going on.

A communication was received from Governor Hastings announcing his approval of a concurrent resolution authorizing the publication of 15,000 copies of a bulletin on diseases of poultry by the department of agriculture for use of members of the legislature and state officers.

Mr. Woodruff (Philadelphia) reported favorably for committee the prison reform bill prepared by General Isaac J. Wister of Philadelphia.

These bills passed finally:

Relative to actions by parents and child for injury to the person wrongfully inflicted on the child; regulating the practice, bail, costs and fees on appeals to the supreme and superior courts; relative to the removal of poor persons from one district to another; relative to the abolition of independent school districts created by quarter sessions courts; authorizing school districts to aid free public libraries otherwise established.

Representative Hosack of Pittsburg was chosen chairman of the committee to investigate the office of dairy and food commissioner. Senator Coyle was elected secretary. The committee did not decide upon counsel and the employes. A meeting will be held next Tuesday.

Governor Hastings has issued a writ for a special congressional election to be held in the Twenty-fifth district on April 20 to elect a successor to the late James Davidson of Beaver.

Many representatives were disappointed when the bills paying the expenses of the Heller-Laubach senatorial contest in Northampton county in 1895 were not reached on final passage. The house was in a temper to defeat them. The measures carry an appropriation of about $30,000, and numerous members are of the opinion that it is about time to put an end to costly contests.

The Democratic side of the house is ready for the fight. The Democrats will vote in a body against paying about $13,000 to Joseph R. Harrah of Beaver, who was sergeant-at-arms of the committee.

SCOVEL SET AT LIBERTY.

The State Department Made Strong Representations In His Favor.

HAVANA, March 10.—The Santa Clara court having jurisdiction of the charges against Sylvester Scovel, the New York World correspondent, who was arrested in the early part of February while traveling in a train between Tomas and Sancti Spiritus, has rendered a decision releasing him from custody. Mr. Scovel is now at liberty.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Consul General Lee has cabled the state department that Sylvester Scovel, the American newspaper correspondent, who has

SYLVESTER SCOVEL.

An Ohio Boy Released From a Cuban Prison.

been under arrest in Sancti Spiritus for several weeks, will be released.

This action is taken as the result of strong representations this government has made in Scovel's behalf on the ground that he was in Cuba solely in a newspaper capacity and was in no sense a combatant or abettor of the insurrection.

TO PROMOTE BIMETALLISM.

McKinley Will Instruct the Ambassadors to Do What They Can.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—It is understood that the president will not appoint members of an international conference commission or take any steps toward calling a conference until after the expiration of the special session of congress. The president has in mind a very comprehensive plan for dealing with the whole monetary question. It is understood that he will at first confine negotiations with foreign governments to the usual diplomatic agencies.

All the ambassadors and ministers to foreign governments appointed by Mr. McKinley will be given special instructions to devote particular attention to bringing about a friendly understanding on the monetary question. They are expected to assume an attitude friendly to bimetallism and to exert what influence they can toward inducing the countries to which they are accredited to give the matter serious consideration.

Senator Wolcott of Colorado Monday evening called at the White House and remained nearly all the evening. The time was devoted entirely to the subject of bimetallism and Senator Wolcott told the president the main features of his trip abroad and informed him of the condition which he found. It is understood that Mr. McKinley was an earnest listener and that he was much encouraged by the report Senator Wolcott brought back.

Colonel Jack's Trial Postponed.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., March 10.—The trial of Colonel William M. Jack, partner in the insolvent bankinghouse of Gardner, Morrow & Co., on a charge of receiving deposits knowing the institution to be insolvent, has been postponed until the June term. Twenty-five civil suits to recover $110,000 were entered by depositors against the five copartners in the bank.

A Preacher Mentally Unbalanced.

KEESVILLE, N. Y., March 10.—Dazed and physically exhausted Rev. E. J. Oldknow Millington, the Newark pastor who has been missing for the past ten days, has arrived here. He had come from Montreal and seemed completely unbalanced, not even knowing the day or the month and having lost all knowledge of the cause or length of his absence from home.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, March 9.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 86@86c; No. 2 red, 84@85c; spring wheat, 84@85c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow car, 27@27½c; No. 2 shelled, 26½@26¾c; high mixed shelled, 25½@25¾c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 24½@25c; No. 2 do, 22½@23c; extra No. 3 white, 21@21½c; light mixed 20½@21c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $11.75@12.00; No. 2 do, $9.5 @10.50; packing, $6.00@6.50; No. 1 feeding prairie, $7.50@8.00; wagon hay, $14.00@15.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 65@75c per pair; live chickens, small, 50@55c; dressed, 10@12c per pound; live ducks, 75@9c per pair; dressed, 10@10c per pound; live turkeys, 11@12c per pound; dressed, 14@15c; live geese, $1.00@1.25 per pair.

GAME—Pheasants, $4.50@5.00 per dozen; quail, $1.50@2.00 per dozen; rabbits, 15@30c per pair; squirrels, 10@15c; wild turkeys, $1.50; prairie hens, $6.50@7.00 per dozen; whole deer, 12@14c per pound; saddles, 18@20c.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 21@22½; creamery, 20@21c; Ohio fancy creamery, 18@18½c; fancy country roll, 14@15c; low grade and cooking, 8@10c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York full cream, 12½@13c; Ohio, full cream, late make, 11½@11½; new Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11½@12c; limburger, new, 8½@9c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 11½c; Swiss, in bricks, 5-pound average, 10@11c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 10@11c; selected fancy stock, 11@12c.

PITTSBURG, March 9.

CATTLE—Supply light on Monday, 30 cars on sale; market a shade higher on heavy cattle; other grades steady. Today supply light, market slow. We quote the following prices: Prime, $4.80@5.00; good, $4.50@4.65; tidy, $4.25@4.50; good butchers, $3.90@4.25; fair, $3.60@3.80; feeders, $3.60@4.00; bulls, stags and cows, $1.75@3.50; bologna cows, $5.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $21.00@40.00.

HOGS—Receipts light on Monday; market active and prices fully 15c higher than last week's closing prices. Today, run fair for Tuesday, quality only fair and market slow and prices lower. We quote: Prime mediums, $4.00@4.05; best Yorkers, $4.00; common to fair Yorkers and pigs, $3.85@3.95; heavy, $3.80@3.90; roughs, $2.50@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light on Monday; market lower than on natives; westerns steady. Supply today light, market about steady. We quote: Ohio fed westerns, $4.00@4.10; prime natives, $4.4 @4.50; good, $4.25@4.30; fair, $3.60@4.00; common, $2.00@3.40; culls, $2.00@2.50. Lambs—Choice, $5.00@5.25; common to good, $4.00@4.85; veal calves, $6.00@6.50; heavy and thin calves, $3.00@4.00.

CINCINNATI, March 9.

HOGS—Market steady at $3.10@3.85. Receipts, 2,300 head; shipments, 3,800 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.50@4.75. Receipts, 200 head; shipments, 100 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep firm at $2.50@4.75. Receipts, 100 head; shipments, none. Lambs — Market firm at $3.50@5.35.

NEW YORK, March 9.

WHEAT—Spot market steadier; No. 1 hard, 89c.

CORN—Spot market quiet; No. 2, 28½c.

OATS—Spot market easier; No. 2, 23¼c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 10½@11¼c per pound dressed weight; sheep at 9½@11c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 8½@9c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS — Market for sheep steady; lambs firm. Sheep, $4.00@4.60; lambs, $5.00@5.75.

HOGS—Market firm at $3.90@4.25.

A SINGLE STANDARD

only is possible, whether as a test of excellence in journalism, or for the measurement of quantities, time or values; and

The Philadelphia Record

after a career of nearly twenty years of uninterrupted growth is justified in claiming that the standard first established by its founders is the one true test of

A Perfect Newspaper.

To publish ALL THE NEWS promptly and succinctly and in the most readable form, without elision or partisan bias; to discuss its significance with frankness, to keep AN OPEN EYE FOR PUBLIC ABUSES, to give beside a complete record of current thought, fancies and discoveries in all departments of human activity in its DAILY EDITIONS of from 10 to 14 PAGES, and to provide the whole for its patrons at the nominal price of ONE CENT—that was from the outset, and will continue to be the aim of "THE RECORD."

THE PIONEER

one cent morning newspaper in the United States. "The Record" still LEADS WHERE OTHERS FOLLOW

Witness its unrivaled average daily circulation exceeding 160,000 copies, and an average exceeding 120,000 copies for its Sunday editions, while imitations of plan of publication in every important city of the country testify to the truth of the assertion that in the quantity and quality of its contents, and in the price at which it is sold "The Record" has established the standard by which excellence in journalism must be measured.

The Daily Edition

of "The Record" will be sent by mail to any address for $3.00 per year or 25 cents per month.

The Daily and Sunday

editions together, which will give its readers the best and freshest information of all that is going on in the world every day in the year including holidays, will be sent for $4.00 a year or 35 cents per month.

Address
THE RECORD PUBLISHING CO.
Record Building,
Philadelphia, Pa.

HAVE YOU READ
THE PHILADELPHIA **Times**
THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegience in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS.—DAILY, $3.00 per annum; $1.00 for four months; 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for six cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, 32 large, handsome pages—224 columns, elegantly illustrated, beautiful colored supplement, $2.00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum; 50 cents per month.

Address all letters to
THE TIMES,
Philadelphia.

Scientific American Agency for
PATENTS
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.
For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

SUMMER COOKING MADE EASY.

AGENTS MAKE BIG WAGES SELLING THE ARNOLD COOKER
NO HEAT. NO BOTHER.
Cooks a Dinner all at one time Grand for Oil or Gas Stoves. Liberal Terms, Exclusive Territory. Let us tell you all about it.
WILMOT CASTLE & CO.
206 Elm St.
Rochester, N. Y.

TO HAVE HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE IN ORDER
DR. SANFORD'S
LIVER
INVIGORATOR
Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More Ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.
YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

Robert Cassidy's
Shaving Parlor

Located on Centre street near O'Hara's Livery office. Shaving, Hair Cutting and Shampooing done in the neatest and best manner. A share of your patronage solicited.
ROBERT CASSIDY.

FATFOLKS REDUCED per month by a harmless treatment by practicing physician of 30 years' experience. No bad effects or detention from business. No starving, wrinkles or baldness. Improves general health and beautifies complexion. Physicians and society ladies indorse it. Thousands cured.
PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL
confidentially. For particulars address, with stamp
DR. SNYDER, McVicker's Theater, CHICAGO, Ills., or 905 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY.
oct25.95.1y

BUGGIES at ½ Price
CARTS & HARNESS
$37 $39 $48 $54 $100 $125 $150 $200 $28 $10
$30 Phaeton $64 PRICES and $40 Top Surrey $40 outsell ALL
$50 Road Wagon. $25 competitors.
$26 Road Cart $8.50 Buy of Factory
Buggy Harness $3.85 to try and save
$19 Buggy " $4.75 Middleman's
$30 Team " $12.50 profit.
Morgan Saddle, $1.65 Cat'g'e Free
U. S. BUGGY & CART CO.
2 to 12 Lawrence St., Cincinnati, O.

"NO MORE DOCTORS FOR ME!

They said I was consumptive, sent me to Florida, told me to keep quiet, no excitement, and no tennis. Just think of it. One day I found a little book called 'Guide to Health,' by Mrs. Pinkham, and in it I found out what ailed me. So I wrote to her, got a lovely reply, told me just what to do, and I am in splendid health now."

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound
conquers all those weaknesses and ailments so prevalent with the sex, and restores perfect health.

All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints, either sex, the Compound has no rival.

Mrs. Pinkham freely answers letters of inquiry. Enclose stamp for reply.

Send two 2-cent stamps for Mrs. Pinkham's beautiful 83-page Illustrated book, entitled "GUIDE TO HEALTH AND ETIQUETTE." It contains a volume of valuable information. It has saved lives, and may save yours.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.

The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really meritorious. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWER know that it does all that is claimed.

It causes new growth of hair on bald heads—provided the hair follicles are not dead, which is seldom the case; restores natural color to gray or faded hair; preserves the scalp healthful and clear of dandruff; prevents the hair falling off or changing color; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and thick.

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate and rejuvenate. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS
Colors them brown or black, as desired, and is the best dye, because it is harmless; produces a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.
PREPARED BY
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

OH! MY BACK
Every strain or cold attacks that weak back and nearly prostrates you.
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.
QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle. Trade Mark.
THE BEST TONIC
Strengthens the Muscles, Steadies the Nerves, Enriches the Blood, Gives New Vigor.
DR. J. L. MYERS, Fairfield, Iowa, says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the best. Iron medicine I have known in my 30 years' practice. I have found it specially beneficial in nervous physical exhaustion, and in all debilitating ailments that bear so heavily on the system. Use it freely in my own family."
MR. W. F. BROWN, 537 Main St., Covington, Ky., says: "I was compelled by ill-health to lay down in bed, and troubled with pains in my back. Brown's Iron Bitters entirely restored me to health."
Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company.
Personally-Conducted Tours.
MATCHLESS IN EVERY FEATURE.

CALIFORNIA
A tour to CALIFORNIA and the PACIFIC COAST will leave Harrisburg, Altoona, and Pittsburg, on February 24th, and also on March 27, 1897. Five weeks in California on the first tour, and four weeks on the second. Passengers on the third tour may return on regular trains within nine months. Stop will be made at New Orleans for Mardi-Gras festivities on the second tour.

Rates from all points on the Penna. R. R. System: First tour, $310 00; second tour, $350 00; third tour, $210.00. From Pittsburg, $5.00 less for each tour.

For detailed itineraries and other information apply at ticket agencies, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, 360 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa. 12 11.96

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,
beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address
MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

PATENTS
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.
Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

JOHN F. STRATTON'S
THE GENUINE
Celebrated Russian Gut Violin Strings
The Finest in the World.
Every String Warranted.
Send for Catalogue.
John F. Stratton, Wholesale Dealer, 811, 813, 815, 817 E. 9th St. NEW YORK

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

"WANT A WAGON?"
We have wagons, buggies, surreys. High grade at low prices, strong, durable, stylish, as beautifully finished as modern manufacture can produce. Built on honor by men of long experience. Honesty is our policy; prompt shipments our specialty. We want to know you. Write us. Cost is nothing. May lead to business by and by. Send for catalogue. It is free to every reader of this paper. Binghamton Wagon Co., Binghamton, N. Y.
"BUILT FOR BUSINESS."

LADIES!
Are you reckless enough to venture? If so, send two cents in stamps to the *Mack Publishing Co.*, 528 and 530 Washington Street, New York, for one of their beautiful illustrated "Ladies' Books." It is a novel, unique, and interesting work to every person of refinement.
On receipt of ten cents in stamps they will send postpaid a full set of their famous house hold gems Verba.
For ten cents they will also send a book containing complete words of "The Mikado," and music of its most popular songs, together with ten exquisite chromo cards.

QUINEPTUS!
A very pleasing, harmless glycerinated aromatic compound for disguising the taste of quinine and other bitter drugs, either solid or fluid. Price, 75 Cents per Pint Bottle. Prescribed by thousands of physicians in Europe and America. Formula sent Companion every bottle. For Sale by Druggists.
Manufactured by
The Academic Pharmaceutic Co.,
LONDON AND NEW YORK.
532—536 WASHINGTON ST., NEW YORK CITY

ROYAL ELIXIR.
An elegant English pharmaceutical preparation for bilious, malarial and blood troubles; the result of over twenty-five years of most eminent scientific research.
Approved by the highest medical authorities in use in the hospitals in every part of Europe. Especially helpful to ladies, children and people of sedentary habits.
Entirely vegetable; free from harmful drugs. In Handsome Packages, Price 50 Cts.
Prepared solely by
The Royal Pharmaceutic Co
LONDON AND NEW YORK,
Chemists by appointment to Her Majesty the Queen and to the Royal Family.
NEW YORK BRANCH:
130, 132, 134 Charlton St

ROYAL PILLS.
Same medicinal properties as ROYAL ELIXIR, in boxes, 30 pills to box, for 25 cents.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

REMEMBER THE BIG FOUR!
Vinegar Bitters CORDIAL, delicious taste, 50c.
Vinegar Bitters POWDERS, 50 doses, 50c.
Vinegar Bitters, new style, pleasant taste, $1.00
Vinegar Bitters, old style, bitter taste, $1.00
The World's Great Blood Purifier and Life Giving Principle.
Only Temperance Bitters Known.
The past gift of a Century the Leading Family Medicine of the World.

VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL
PURELY CALIFORNIA
DRAKE'S
EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS
R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors,
SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK.

KOPFALINE
THE GREAT GERMAN HEADACHE CURE
A QUICK RELIEF FOR EVERY TYPE OF HEADACHE.
FOUR CARDINAL POINTS RESPECTING HEADACHE.
Never forget that all headaches are essentially nervous. By quieting the nerves you stop the headache.
Every headache is a prayer of the cranial nerves for REST.—Soothe them with KOPFALINE.
Should your headache be nervous, sick, periodic, dyspeptic, or be caused by worry, anxiety, excesses of any kind or brain weariness, use KOPFALINE.
When children suffer with headache, or any one else for that matter, use KOPFALINE, the best remedy ever offered. Safe, sure, wonderfully quick in action.
KOPFALINE cures every type of headache, especially that distressingly painful type peculiar to ladies suffering from irregularity or uterine irritation, or whose duties require them to stand for long periods.
KOPFALINE CURES
NERVOUS SHOCK, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS HEADACHE, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, MENTAL WORRY, DIGESTIVE AILMENTS, PALPITATION, WEAK CIRCULATION, ALCOHOLISM AND OTHER EXCESSES, AND ALL ailments and conditions where nerve waste goes on.
KOPFALINE
Is invaluable for Teachers, Scholars, Preachers Students, Merchants, Editors, Men, Women and Children. Everybody whose nerves are at all likely to get out of order.
It is absolutely safe under all circumstances and never fails. Price, 25 cents.
Sold by druggists generally, or sent to any address on receipt of price.
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
WINKELMANN & BROWN DRUG CO
BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.

THE ACCIDENTS OF LIFE
THE STAR ACCIDENT COMPAN